च Rs. 4. 14 pulling off or back. (*b*) To take or carry away, remove; धैर्यं शोकोऽपकर्षति Râm.; किंत्वनुष्ठाननित्यत्वं स्वातंत्र्यमपकर्षति U. 1. 8, Mv. 4. 33 prevents or interferes with freedom of action; क्षात्रं तेजोपकर्षति Mv. 1. 32 destroys, robs one of. –2 To diminish, decrease, omit; अपकर्षेदेवं यावत्पंचदश Sûsr.–3 To bend (as a bow); धनुःश्रेष्ठमपकृष्य Mb. –4 To lower or debase, dishonour, detract from, lessen the value of, disparage; पीडयन् भृत्यवर्गं हि आत्मानमपकर्षति Mb. –5 To bring or draw backwards; anticipate (as a word in a sentence) what occurs later on; अग्रिमसूत्रस्थं सर्वत्रग्रहणमिहापकृष्यते P. IV. 1. 17 Com.—*Caus.* To remove, take away, lessen, diminish, detract from; काव्यस्यात्मभूतं रसमपकर्षयंतः काव्यस्यापकर्षकाः (दोषाः) उच्यंते S. D. 1.

अपकर्षः 1 (*a*) Drawing off or down; diminution, decrease, reduction; मेदोऽपकर्षात् Dk. 160; loss, decay, decline, destruction; तेजोपकर्षः Ve. 1; deterioration, inferiority; उत्कर्षापकर्षविहीनो मध्यः Sk. (*b*) Dishonour, degradation, lowering (of esteem), infamy, disgrace (opp. उत्कर्ष in all senses); तपोबीजप्रभावैस्तु ते गच्छंति युगे युगे । उत्कर्षं चापकर्षं च मनुष्येष्विह जन्मतः ॥ Ms. 10. 42; मूल्योत्कर्ष° rise and fall in price, increase and decrease. –2 Anticipated performance of a duty, as of a *Srâddha*. –3 Anticipation of a word occurring later on (in gram., poetry or Mîmámsà &c.).–**Comp.** —समः a sort of fallacy; *e. g.* sound has not the quality of shape, as a jar, so sound and a jar have no qualities in common.

अपकर्षक *a.* 1 Drawing or taking off or down, removing. –2 Lessening, diminishing, detracting from; दोषास्तस्य (काव्यस्य) अपकर्षकाः S.D.1.

अपकर्षण *a.* Taking or drawing away, removing, diminishing (opp. वर्धक); न चास्ति सदृशं तेन किंचित्स्थौल्यापकर्षणं Susr. —णं 1 Removing, taking away; drawing away or down, depriving (one) of, drawing out, extracting. –2 Lessening, making inferior, detraction. –3 Superseding. –4 Denying; abolishing.

अपकृष्ट *p. p.* 1 Drawn or taken away, removed; अपकृष्टश्वाणक्याद्यं द्रव्यगुप्तः Mu. 4 severed, alienated, estranged, cut off; so नृपोपकृष्टः सचिवात् 4. 14; extracted, drawn out, dragged, lost, diminished, brought down, depressed, lowered &c. –2 Drawn or attracted by; सर्वं दैवापकृष्टं मन्यते युधिष्ठिरः Ve. 5, dependent on, or the work of, Fate. –3 Low, vile, base, inferior, mean (opp. उत्कृष्ट); न कश्चिद्वर्णानामपथमपकृष्टोपि भजते *S.* 5. 10; पतिं हित्वाऽपकृष्टं स्वमुत्कृष्टं या निषेवते Ms. 5. 163; 8. 281; 9. 24; सहापकृष्टैर्महतां न संगतं Ki. 14. 22. —ष्टः A crow. –**Comp.** —चेतन *a.* mentally debased or corrupted, low-minded. —जाति *a.* of a low tribe or origin.

अपकॄ 6. P. To scatter, spout out (water); अपकिरति कुसुमं; गजोऽप किरति Sk. –2 To scrape with the feet (for food &c.) through joy, said of quadrupeds and birds, (changed to अपस्कॄ A, in this sense अपाच्तुष्पाच्छकुनिष्वालेखने सुट् P. VI. 1. 142) अपास्किरते वृषो हृष्टः, कुक्कुटो भक्षार्थी, श्वा आश्रयार्थी च Sk; शृंगैरपस्कीर्णमहत्तटीभुवं *Si.* 12. 74 scratched; छायापस्किरमाणविच्किर &c. U. 2. 9.

अपकिरणं Scattering about &c.

अपकौशली News, information.

अपक्तिः *f.* 1 Unripeness, immaturity. –2 Indigestion.

अपक्व *a.* Unripe, immature, undigested (as food); uncooked, raw.

अपक्रम् 1 P. 1 To go away, run away, fly, escape, flee away, leave, retreat, retire (from); नगरादपक्रांतः Mu. 1; राक्षसोऽपक्रामन्नुपेक्षित : 3 while escaping. –2 To glide away, pass away, (as time). –3 To measure off by steps or by pacing.

अपक्रमः 1 Going away, flight, escape, retreat.–2 The place or limit to which one may retreat; विक्षिपत्येष विक्षेपं चंद्रादीनामपक्रमात् Sûrya S. –3 Gliding or passing away (of time. —*a.* [अपगतः क्रमो यस्मात्] 1 Without order –2 Irregular, in wrong order.

अपक्रमणं, –क्रामः Retreat, retiring, flight, escape &c.

अपक्रमिन् *a.* Going forth or away; not going fast, true.

अपक्रोशः Abuse, reviling.

अपक्ष *a.* 1 Without wings or the power of flight. –2 Not belonging to the same side or party. –3 Having no adherents or friends. –4 Opposed to, adverse.–**Comp.** —पातः impartiality. —पातिन् *a.* impartial.

अपक्षि 1. 5. 9. P. To bring to an end, destroy, annihilate. —*pass.* To decline, decay, waste away; wane (as the moon).

अपक्षयः Decline, decay, wane.

अपक्षीण *p. p.* Declined, wasted, waned.

अपक्षिप् 6 P. To throw away or down, take away, remove.

अपक्षेपः, –क्षेपणं 1 Casting away or throwing down. –2 Throwing or putting down, one of the 5 kinds of कर्मन् in the Vaiseshika phil., see कर्मन्.

अपगंडः One who has attained his mojority; see अपोगंड.

अपगम् 1 P. 1 To go away, depart; pass away, elapse (as time); K. 73; तन्मुखाच्छायापगता H. 3; संपदो नापगच्छंति Pt. 3. 8. –2 To fall off or down; go away, vanish, disappear.

अपग *a.* Going, turning away. —गा A river (wrongly for आपगा).

अपगत *p. p.* 1 Gone away, departed, passed away, gone off; being remote; oft. as first member of comp. in the sense of 'free from', 'devoid of'; °अन्यव्यापारः K. 43 having no other duties; °मत्सर 45; 47, 157, 164, 207, 211; °निमेषेण चक्षुषा 154 devoid of twinkling or winking; °मले मनसि 102.–2 Dead, deceased.

अपगमः, –मनं 1 Going away or off, departure, separation; समागमाः सापगमाः H. 4. 65. –2 Falling off, going away, removal, disappearance; निमित्तमुद्दिश्य हि यः प्रकुप्यति ध्रुवं स तस्यापगमे प्रसीदति ॥ Pt. 1. 283; त्वत्संरोधापगमविशदैश्चंद्रपादैः Me. 70; पुराणपत्रापगमादनंतरं R. 3. 7; lapse, passing away; कतिपयदिवसापगमे K. 66, 193. –3 Death, decease.

अपगतिः *f.* A bad fate (going to hell &c.); येन चापगतिर्भवेत् Pt. 2. 108.

अपगरः [अप-निंदार्थे गॄ भावे अप्] 1 Censure, reviling (निंदा); अभियरापगरौ Káty.–2 One who reviles or says what is disagreeable, reviler.

अपगर्जित *a.* Thunderless (as a cloud).

अपगोपुर *a.* Deprived of its gateways (as a town).