beggar.

श्रमिन् *a.* 1 Laborious, toiling, diligent. -2 Undergoing fatigue or exertions. -3 Tiring, fatiguing.

श्रंभ् 1 A. (श्रंभते, श्रब्ध) 1 To be careless or inattentive, be negligent. -2 To err.

श्रयः, श्रयणं [श्रि-घञ् ल्युट् वा] Refuge, shelter, protection, asylum; Mv. 5. 34.

श्रवः [शृणोत्यनेन श्रु-अप्] 1 Hearing; as in सुश्रव. -2 The ear. -3 The hypothenuse of a triangle. -4 Flowing, oozing (for स्रव). -5 Fame, glory.

श्रवणः, -णं [शृणोत्यनेन श्रु-करणे ल्युट्] 1 The ear, श्रवनति मधुरतमूहे श्रवणनिधाति Gît. 5. -2 The hypothenuse of a triangle. —णः -णा 1 N. of a lunar mansion containing three stars. —णं 1 The act of hearing; श्रवणसुखं Me. 11.-2 Study. -3 Fame, glory. -4 That which is heard or revealed, the Veda; इति श्रवणात् 'because of such a Vedic text'. -5 Wealth.-6 Flowing, oozing. -**Comp.** —इंद्रियं the sense of hearing, the ear. —उत्पलं a lotus fastened in the ear. —उदरं the hollow of the outer ear. —गोचर *a.* within the range of hearing. (—रः) ear-shot; as in श्रवणगोचरे तिष्ठ 'be within ear-shot'. —पथः, -विषयः the reach or range of the ear; वृत्तांतेन श्रवणविषयप्राप्तिना R.14.87.—पालिः -ली *f.* the tip of the ear. —पाशः a beautiful ear. —सुभग *a.* pleasing to the ear.

श्रवस् *n.* 1 The ear. -2 Fame, glory. -3 Wealth. -4 Hymn. -5 A praiseworthy action.

श्रवस्यं Fame, glory, renown.

श्रवस्यति Den. P. 1 To wish for fame or glory. -2 To long for a sacrifice or oblation.

श्रवाप्यः -प्यः An animal fit for sacrifice.

श्रविष्ठा N. of a lunar asterism, also called *Dhanishthâ*. -2 The asterism called श्रवण. -**Comp.** —जः the planet Mercury.

श्रा 2 P. (श्राति, श्राण or शृत; *caus.* श्रपयति-ते) 1 To cook, boil, dress, mature, ripen. -2 To sweat or cause to sweat, heat.

श्राण *a.* 1 Cooked, dressed, boiled. -2 Wet, moist. —णं Boiled meat &c.

श्राणा Rice-gruel.

श्राद्ध *a.* [श्रद्धा हेतुत्वेनास्त्यस्य अण्] Faithful, believing. —द्धं 1 A funeral rite or ceremony performed in honour of the departed spirits of dead relatives; श्रद्धया दीयते यस्मात्तस्माच्छ्राद्धं निगद्यते; it is of three kinds :—नित्य, नैमित्तिक, and काम्य. -2 An obsequial oblation, a gift or offering at a Srâddha.-**Comp.** —कर्मन् *n.*, -क्रिया a funeral ceremony. —कृत् *m.* the performer of a funeral rite. —दः the offerer of a Srâddha or funeral oblation. —दिनः -नं the anniversary of the death of a relative in whose honour a Srâddha is performed. —देवः, -देवता 1. a deity presiding over funeral rites. -2. an epithet of Yama. -3. a Visvadeva q. v. -4. a Pitri or progenitor. —भुज्, -भोक्तृ *m.* a deceased ancestor.

श्राद्धिक *a.* (की *f.*) [श्रद्धे-देयं, श्रद्धं तदङ्गत्वं भक्षत्वेनास्त्यस्य वा ठन्] Relating to a Srâddha. —कः The recipient of an obsequial offering. —कं A present given at a Srâddha.

श्राद्धीय *a.* Relating to a Srâddha.

श्रांत *p. p.* [श्रम्-क्त] 1 Wearied, tired, fatigued, exhausted.-2 Calmed, tranquil -तः An ascetic.- **Comp.** —संवाहनं soothing or relieving the wearied.

श्रांतिः *f.* [श्रम्-क्तिन्] Fatigue, exhaustion, weariness.

श्रामः 1 A month. -2 Time. -3 A temporary shed.

श्रायः [श्रि-घञ्] Shelter, protection, refuge, asylum.

श्रावः [श्रु-घञ्] 1 Hearing, listening. -2 Flowing, oozing.

श्रावकः [श्रि-ण्वुल्] 1 A hearer. -2 A pupil, disciple; श्रावकावस्थायां Mâl. 10 'in their pupilage'. -3 A class of Buddhist saints or votaries. -4 A Buddhist votary in general.-5 A heretic. -6 A crow.

श्रावण *a.* (णी *f.*) [श्रवण-अण्] 1 Relating to the ear. -2 Born under the asterism Sravana. —णः 1 N. of a lunar month; (corresponding to July-August). -2 A heretic. -3 An impostor. -4 N. of a Vaisya ascetic unwittingly shot dead by king Dasaratha who was in consequence cursed by his old parents that he would die of broken-heart separated from his sons. —णं 1 Causing to be heard. -2 Knowledge derived from hearing.

श्रावणिक *a.* [श्रावणी अस्त्यस्मिन् मासे ठन्] Relating to the month *Srâvana*. —कः The month called *Srâvana*.

श्रावणी 1 The day of full moon in Srâvana. -2 N. of an annual ceremony performed on this day when the sacred thread is put on anew.

श्रावित *a.* Told, narrated, related, made to hear or learn.

श्राव्य *a.* 1 To be heard (opp. दृश्य). -2 Audible, distinct.

श्रावस्तिः -स्ती *f. N.* of a city north of the Ganges (said to have been founded by king *Srâvasta*).

श्रि 1 U. (श्रयति-ते, शिश्राय -शिश्रिये, अशिश्रियत्-त, श्रयिष्यति-ते, श्रयितुं, श्रित; *caus.* श्रापयति-ते ; *desid.* शिश्रीषति-ते, शिश्रयिषति-ते) 1 To go to, approach, resort to, have recourse to, approach for protection ; य इमं श्रयते तमेव कुरुते बाहुमतापार्जितं H. 1. 171 ; R. 3. 70 ; 19. 1 ; श्रितासि चंदनभ्रांत्या दुर्विपाकं विषद्रुमं U. 1. 46. -2 To go or attain to, reach, undergo, assume (as a state) ; परीता रक्षोभिः श्रयति विवशा कामपि दशां Bv. 1. 83 ; द्विपेंद्रभावं कलभः श्रयन्निव R. 3. 32. -3 To cling to, lean or rest on, depend on ; नीलः स्निग्धः श्रयति शिखरं नूतनस्तोयवाहः U. 1. 33. -4 To dwell in, inhabit. -5 To honour, serve, worship. -6 To use, employ. -7 To devote oneself to, be attached to. -8 To assist, help.

श्रित *p. p.* [श्रि-क्त] 1 Gone to, approached, approached for refuge or protection -2 Clung to, resting or sitting on. -3 United or joined with, connected with. -4 Protected. -5 Honoured, served. -6 Subservient, auxiliary. -7 Covered with, overspread. -8 Contained. -9 Assembled, collected. -10 Having, possessing.

श्रितिः *f.* Resort, recourse, approach.

श्रिष् 1 P. (श्रेषति) To burn.

श्री 9 U. (श्रीणाति, श्रीणीते) To cook, dress, boil, prepare.

श्री *f.* [श्रि-क्विप् निo Up. 2. 57]