ment, ordure, feces.

समवकारः A kind of drama; (thus described in S. D.:—वृत्तं समवकारे तु ख्यातं देवासुराश्रयं । संधयो निर्विमर्शास्तु त्रयोंकाः &c. 515).

समवतारः 1 A descent. -2 A descent into a river or sacred bathing place; समवतारसमैरसमैस्तटैः Ki. 5. 7.

समवधानं 1 Great attention. -2 Preparation.

समवस्था 1 A. 1 To remain fixed, stand immoveable; stand still. -2 To stand ready. —*Caus.* 1 To establish, found. -2 To stop.

समवस्था 1 Fixed condition. -2 Similar condition or state; *S.* 4. -3 State or condition in general; R. 19. 50; M. 4. 7.

समवस्थित *p. p.* 1 Remaining fixed. -2 Steady. -3 Ready. -4 Being in any place or position.

समवाप्तिः *f.* Obtaining, acquisition.

समवे 2 P. 1 To assemble, come together; समवेता युयुत्सवः Bg. 1. 1. -2 To be related or connected in an intimate relation.

समवायः 1 Combination, union, conjunction, aggregate, collection; सर्वाविनयानामेकैकमप्येषामायतनं किमुत समवायः K.; बहूनामप्यसाराणां समवायो हि दुर्जयः Subhâsh. -2 A number, multitude, heap. -3 Close connection, cohesion. -4 (In Vais. phil.) Intimate union, constant and inseparable connection, inseparable inherence or existence of one thing in another, one of the seven categories of the Vaiseshikas; नित्यसंबंधः समवायः Tarka K. -**Comp.** —संबंधः intimate and inseparable relation.

समवायिन् *a.* 1 Closely or intimately connected. -2 Multitudinous. -**Comp.** —कारणं inseparable cause, the material cause (one of the three kinds of कारण mentioned in Vaiseshika phil.).

समवेत *p. p.* 1 Come together, met, united, joined. -2 Intimately united or inherent, inseparably connected. -3 Comprised or contained in a larger number.

समश् I. 5 U. 1 To pervade thoroughly. -2 To obtain, attain to. -3 To meet. -II. 9 P. 1 To eat; नक्तं चान्नं समश्नीयात् Ms. 6. 19; 11. 219. -2 To taste, experience, enjoy; यथा फलं समश्नाति Mb.

समष्टिः *f.* 1 Collective pervasion or aggregate, an aggregate which is considered as made up of parts each of which is consubstantially the same with the whole (opp व्यष्टि q. v.); समष्टिरीशः सर्वेषां स्वात्मतादात्म्यवेदनात् । तदभावात्तदन्ये तु ज्ञायंते व्यष्टिसंज्ञया ॥ Panchadasi. -2 Totality.

समस् 4 P. 1 To throw or bring together, put together, unite, combine, Ms. 3 85;7. 57. -2 To join in a compound, compound. -3 To take collectively or jointly; समस्तैरथ वा पृथक् Ms. 7. 198 'jointly or severally.' —*Pass.* To be compounded, form or enter into a compound; अव्ययं समर्थेन सह समस्यते सोऽव्ययीभावः Sk.

समसनं 1 Joining together, combination. -2 Compounding, formation of compound words. -3 Contraction.

समस्त *p. p.* 1 Thrown together, combined; Pt. 1. 383. -2 Compounded. -3 Pervading the whole of anything. -4 Abridged, contracted, condensed. -5 All, whole, entire.

समस्या 1 Proposing part of a stanza to another to be completed, the part of a stanza so given to be completed; कः श्रीपतिः का विषमा समस्या Subhâsh.; (thus the lines वागर्थाविव संपृक्तौ, शतकोटिप्रविस्तरं; तरासाहं पुरोधाय are completed by नेमुः सर्वे सुराः शिवौ.) -2 (Hence) Completing or filling up what is incomplete; गौरीव पद्या सुभगा कदाचित्कर्त्रीयमप्यर्धतनूसमस्यां N. 7. 82 (समस्या=संघटनं).

समा (generally in pl., but used by Pâṇini in sing. also, *e. g.* समां समां P. V. 2. 12.) A year; तेनाष्टौ परिगमिताः समाः कथंचित् R. 8. 92; तयोश्चतुर्दशैकेन समं प्रात्राजयत्समाः 12. 6; 19. 4; Mv. 4. 41. —*ind.* With; together with.

समांसमीना A cow bearing a calf every year.

समाकुल *a.* 1 Full of, thronged, crowded. -2 Greatly agitated, bewildered, confused, flurried.

समाकृष् 1 P. To draw out, extract. -2 To attract.

समाकर्षित् *a.* (**त्री** *f.*) 1 Attracting. -2 Spreading far, diffusing fragrance. —*m.* Diffused odour, a scent spreading afar.

समाक्रम् 1 U. 1 To take possession of, occupy, fill; समर्मेव समाक्रांतं हृयं द्विरदगामिना । तेन सिंहासनं पित्र्यमखिलं चारिमंडलं R. 4. 4. -2 To assail, conquer, subdue. -3 To tread or step upon.

समाक्रमणं 1 Treading. -2 Assailing.

समाख्या 2 P. 1 To count, reckon. -2 To relate, tell. -3 To declare, proclaim. -4 To sum up, add together.

समाख्या 1 Fame, reputation, celebrity. -2 A name, appellation.

समाख्यात *p. p.* 1 Reckoned up, counted, summed up. -2 Fully related, declared, proclaimed. -3 Celebrated, famous.

समागम् 1 To come or meet together, assemble. -2 To become joined or united, to associate, keep company with. -4 To have sexual intercourse with. -4 To come together, be in conjunction (as planets). -5 To come near, approach. -6 To return. -7 To find, meet with.

समागत *p. p.* 1 Come together, met, joined, united. -2 Arrived. -3 Being in conjunction. -4 Approached. —**ता** A kind of riddle.

समागतिः *f.* 1 Coming together, union, meeting. -2 Arrival, approach. -3 Similar condition or progress.

समागमः 1 Union, meeting, encountering, combination; अहो दैवगतिश्चित्रा तथापि न समागमः K. P. 7; R. 8. 4, 92, 19. 16. -2 Intercourse, association, society; as in सत्समागमः. -3 Approach, arrival. -4 Conjunction (in astr.).

समाघातः 1 Killing, slaughter. -2 War, battle.

समाचयनं Accumulation.

समाचर् 1 P. 1 To do, perform, practise; एहि गच्छ पतोत्तिष्ठ वद मौनं समाचर K. P. 10. -2 To behave. -3 To remove.

समाचरणं Practising, observing, behaving.