Tribulus Lanuginosus (गोक्षुर). —दा:, —दावन् *m.* giving horses. —दूत: a riding messenger. —नदी N. of a river. —नाय: one who has the charge of a drove of grazing horses; a horse-herd. —निबंधिक: a groom, a horse-fastener. —निर्णिज् *a.* Ved. decorated or embellished with horses. —प: Ved. a groom. —पति: 1. lord of horses. –2. N. of several persons; of a king of Madra and father of Sâvitrî. —पर्ण *a.* [अश्वानां पर्ण गमनं यत्र] 1. having horses (as a chariot); Rv. 1. 88. 1. –2. a cloud (that penetrates everywhere). —पाल:, —पालक:, —रक्ष: a horse-groom. —पुच्छी N. of the tree माषपर्णी. —पृष्ठ horse-back. —पेशस् *a.* decorated or embellished with horses. —बंध: a groom. —बंधन *a.* used for fastening horses. (—नं) fastening of horses. —बला N. of a vegetable. —बाल: 1. a kind of reed, Saccharum Spontaneum Lin. –2. the tail or hair of a horse. —बुध्न *a.* Ved. based on horses, standing on horses, *i. e.* on a carriage drawn by horses. —बुध्य *a.* Ved. based on horses, having its origin in horses (wealth); distinguished by horses. —भा lightning. —महिषिका [अश्वमहिषयोर्वैरं वुन्] the natural enmity between a horse and a buffalo. —मार:, —मारक:, —हंतृ *m.* 'horse-destroying,' a kind of Oleander, Nerium Odorum Ait. —माल: a kind of serpent. —मुख *a.* [अश्वस्य मुखमिव मुखमस्य] having the head or face of a horse. (—ख:) a horse-faced creature, a Kinnara or celestial chorister; (according to others) a kind of demigod distinct from the preceding. (—खी) a Kinnara woman; निर्दहति मंदां गतिमश्वमुख्य: Ku. 1. 11. —मुक् *m.* a horse-stealer. —मेध: [अश्व: प्रधानतया मेध्यते हिंस्यतेऽत्र, मेध् हिंसने घञ्] a horse-sacrifice; यथाश्वमेध: क्रतुराट् सर्वपापापनोदन: Ms. 11. 261. [In Vedic times this sacrifice was performed by kings desirous of offspring; but subsequently it was performed only by kings and implied that he who instituted it was a conqueror and king of kings. A horse was turned loose to wander at will for a year, attended by a guardian; when the horse entered a foreign country, the ruler was bound either to submit or to fight. In this way the horse returned at the end of a year, the guardian obtaining or enforcing the submission of princes whom he brought in his train. After the successful return of the horse, the rite called Asvamedha was performed amidst great rejoicings. It was believed that the performance of 100 such sacrifices would lead to the attainment of the seat or world of Indra, who is, therefore, always represented as trying to prevent the completion of the hundredth sacrifice]. —कांडं N. of the thirteenth book of the *Satapatha Brâhmana*. —मेधिक, —मेधीय *a.* fit for a horse-sacrifice, or relating to it. (—क:,-य:) a horse fit for the *Asvamedha* sacrifice. (—कौ) the fourteenth parvan in the Mahâbhârata; ततोऽश्वमेधिकं पर्व प्रोक्तं तच्च चतुर्दशं Mb. —युज् *a.* 1. yoking the horses. –2. having horses yoked to it (as a carriage); रथेनाश्वयुजा Rám. –3. born under the constellation अश्वयुज्. (—*f.*) 1. N. of a constellation, the head of Aries. –2. the first lunar mansion. –3. the month of *Asvina*. –4. a chariot having horses. —यूप: the post to which the sacrificial horse was bound. —योग *a.* 1. causing the yoking of horses. –2. joining or reaching as quickly as horses. —रक्ष: the keeper or rider of a horse, a groom. —रथ: a carriage drawn by horses. (—था) N. of a river near गंधमादन. —रत्नं,—राज: the best or lord of horses; *i. e.* उच्चैःश्रवस्. —राधस् *a.* Ved. furnishing horses. —रोधक: N. of a plant (अश्वमार). —लक्षणं a sign or mark of a horse. —ललितं N. of a species of the Vikriti metre. —लाला a kind of snake. —लोमन् *n.* horse-hair; a kind of snake. —वक्त्र: =अश्वमुख q. v.; a Kinnara or Gandharva. —वडवं a stud of horses and mares. (—वौ) a horse and a mare. (—वा:) horses and mares. —वदन: =°मुख. —वह: a horseman. —वार: —वाल:, —वारक: [अश्वं वारयति उप. स.] a horseman, groom; दु:खेन निश्चक्रमुरश्ववारा: *Si.* 3. 66. —वारणं N. of the Bos Gavæus (गवय). —वाह:, —वाहक: [अश्वं वाहयति चालयति] a horseman. —विक्रयिन् *a.* a horse-dealer. —विद् *a.* 1. skilled in taming or managing horses. –2. [अश्वं विंदते विद् -क्विप्] procuring horses. (—*m.*) 1. a jockey. –2. an epithet of Nala. —वृष: a stallion. —वैद्य: a farrier. —शकृत् *n.*, —शकं Ved. 1. excrements of a horse, horse-dung. –2. N. of a river. —शंकु: a pillar to tie a horse. —शाला a stable. —शाव: a colt, a foal. —शास्त्रं a manual or text-book of veterinary science. —शिरस् *a.* having the head of a horse, an epithet of Nârâyana. (—*n.*) 1. a horse's head. –2. N. of a Dânava. —शृगालिका [अश्वशृगालयोर्वैरं ढंढ्रात् वैरे वुन्] the natural enmity between a horse and a jackal. —षड्वं a set or team of six horses. —सनि, —षा, —सा *a.* Ved. (P. VIII. 3. 110 and Mbh.) gaining or procuring horses, giving horses. —सादः, —सादिन् *m.* a horseman, a rider, a horse-soldier; R. 7. 47. —सारथ्यं coachmanship, charioteership, management of horses and chariots; सूतानामश्वसारथ्यं Ms. 10. 47. —सूनृत *a.* Ved. 1. praised sincerely for (the gift of) horses. –2. whose praise for (giving) horses is agreeable and true. —सेन: 1. N. of a king. –2. N. of a Nâga. —स्तोमीय *a.* relating to the praise of the sacrificial horse. —स्थान *a.* born in a stable. (—नं) a stable or stall for horses. —हंतृ *a.* killing a horse. (—ता) N. of a fragrant plant. —हय *a.* [अश्वेन हिनोति गच्छति हि कर्तरि अच्] 1. driving or spurring a horse, riding a horse; Rv. 10. 26. 5. –2. to be traversed by a horse; Rv. 9. 96. 2. —हरक: a horse-stealer. —हृदयं [अश्वस्य हृदयं मनोगतभावादि] 1. the desire or intention of a horse. –2. a kind of veterinary science. –3. horsemanship; अश्वहृदये निवेदयात्मानं K. 80.

अश्वा A mare. **–Comp.** —मघ *a.* rich in horses.

अश्वक *a.* Horselike, acting like a horse. —क: 1 A small horse; horse. –2 A hack, a bad horse. –3 A stray horse, one whose owner is not known. –4 A horse (in general).

अश्वकिनी [अश्वस्य कं मुखं तत्सदृशाकारोऽस्त्यस्य इनि ङीप् Tv.] The first Nakshatra or lunar mansion (अश्विनी).

अश्वतर *a.* Swift, speedy. —र: [तनु: अश्व:, अश्व तनुत्वे ट्टरच्, P. V. 3. 91] 1 A mule. –2 One of the chiefs of the Nâgas or serpent-race inhabiting the lower regions. –3 A male calf. –4 A class of Gandharvas. —री A mule; उदरस्य समुत्थाने स्वगर्भोऽश्वतरीमिव Rám.; Pt. 2. 32; Chân. 19. [cf. Pers. *aster*].

अश्वति Den. P. To behave like a horse.

अश्वत्थ:[न श्व स्थिरं शाल्मलीवृक्षादिवत् ति-