श्रमश्रमकपोलमाननं S. 3. 10, 6. 14; R. 4. 68. —ली The knee-cap. **-Comp.** —काषः any object against which anything (especially the cheeks) is rubbed; Ki. 5.36.—फलकः the (broad) cheeks. —भित्तिः *f.* the temples and cheeks; or excellent (*i.e.* broad) cheeks; cf. गंडाभोगि. —रागः the flush in the cheek.

कफः [केन जलेन फलति फल्-ड Tv.] 1 Phlegm, one of the three humours of the body (the other two being वात and पित्त); कफापचयादारोग्यैकमूलमारोग्यान्निमीलिति: Dk. 160; प्राणप्रयाणसमये कफवातपित्तैः कंठावरोधनविधौ स्मरणं कुतस्ते Udb. -2 A watery foam or froth in general. **-Comp.** —अरिः dry ginger. —कूर्चिका saliva, spittle. —क्षयः pulmonary consumption. —घ्न,-नाशन,-हर *a.* removing phlegm, antiphlegmatic. —ज्वरः fever caused by excess of phlegm. —विरोधिन् *m.* pepper.

कफल *a.* Phlegmatic.

कफिन् *a.* (नी *f.*) [कफ-इनि] Affected with excess of phlegm, phlegmatic. —*m.* An elephant (?).

कफणिः, कफोणिः (णी *f.*) The elbow.

कफेलू *a.* Phlegmatic.

कफौडः Ved. The elbow.

कब् 1 P. (कबति, कबित) 1 To colour. -2 To praise.

कबंध,ः -धं A headless trunk (especially when it retains life); (स्वं) नृत्यत्कबंधं समरे ददर्श R. 7. 51, 12. 49. —धः 1 The belly. -2 A cloud. -3 A comet. -4 N. of Râhu. -5 Water (said to be *n.* also in this sense); Si. 16. 67. -6 N. of a mighty demon mentioned in the Râmâyaṇa. [While Rama and Lakshmana lived in the Dandaka forest, Kabandha attacked them and was slain by them. It is said that, though at first a heavenly being, he was cursed by Indra to assume the form of a demon and to be in that state till killed by Rama and Lakshmana. He advised Rama to form friendship with Sugriva; see R. 12. 57].

कबं (बं) धिन् *a.* 'Endowed with water', epithet of the Maruts. —*m.* N. of Kâtyâyana.

कबर,-री Usually written कवर, -री q. v.

कबित्थः The wood-apple tree.

कबिल *a.* Tawny. —लः The tawny colour.

कबुलिः *f.* The hinder part of an animal.

कम् *ind.* Ved. A particle used as an expletive or enclitic.

कम् 1. 10. A. (कामयते, काममित, चकमे-कामयांचक्रे, कांत) 1 To love, be enamoured of, be in love with; कन्ये कामयमानं मां न त्वं कामयसे कथं Kâv. 1. 63 (an instance of ग्राम्यता); कलहंसकीं मंजरिकां कामयते Mál. 1. -2 To long for, wish, desire; न वीरसूशब्दमकामयेतां R. 14. 4; निष्कट्टुमर्थं चकमे कुबेरात् 5. 26; 4. 48; 10. 53; Bk. 14. 82. -3 To have intercourse with. -4 To value highly.

कमन *a.* [कम्-युच्] 1 Lustful, libidinous. -2 Wishing for, desirous; Si. 6. 74. -3 Lovely, beautiful. —नः 1 Cupid, the god of love. -2 The Aśoka tree. -3 N. of Brahmâ. -4 A Brâhmaṇa. **-Comp.** —छदः a heron (having beautiful plumage).

कमनीय *a.* 1 To be desired, desirable; अनन्यनारीकमनीयमंकं Ku. 1. 37. -2 Lovely, charming, beautiful; शाखावसक्तकमनीयपरिच्छदानां Ki. 7. 40; तदपि कमनीयं वपुरिदं S. 3. 9 v. l.

कमर *a.* [कम्-अरच्] Lustful, desirous.

कमा Beauty, loveliness.

कमितृ *a.* (त्री *f.*) Lustful, libidinous.

कम्र *a.* 1 Desirous. -2 Beautiful.

कमठः [Un. 1. 100] 1 A tortoise; संग्रामः कमठः स चापि नियतं नष्टस्तवादेशतः Pt. 2. 184. -2 A bamboo. -3 A water-jar. —ठी A female tortoise or a small tortoise. **-Comp.** —पतिः a king of tortoises.

कमंडलुः,-लु *n.* A water-pot (earthen or wooden) used by ascetics; कमंडलूपमोऽमात्यस्तनुत्यागो बहुग्रहः H. 2. 91; कमंडलुनोदकं सिक्त्वा; Ms. 2. 64; Y. 1. 133. **-Comp.** —तरुः the tree of which Kamaṇḍalus are made. —धरः an epithet of Śiva.

कमल *a.* 1 Desirous. -2 Pale-red. —लः 1 The Sârasa bird. -2 A kind of deer. -3 N. of Brahmâ. —लं A collection of lotuses. —लं [कम्-कलच्] 1 A lotus; कमलमनंभसि कमले च कुवलये तानि कनकलतिकायां K. P. 10; so हस्त°, नेत्र,° चरण°, &c. -2 Water; N. 1. 130; Ki. 5. 25. -3 Copper. -4 A medicament, drug. -5 The Sârasa bird. -6 The bladder, the right lobe of the lungs. **-Comp.** —अक्षी a lotus-eyed lady. —आकरः 1. an assemblage of lotuses. -2. a lake full of lotuses. —आलया an epithet of Lakshmî; Mu. 2. —आसनः 'lotus-seated' N. of Brahmâ; क्रांतानि पूर्वं कमलासनेन Ku. 7. 70. —ईक्षणा a lotus-eyed lady. —उत्तरं safflower. —खंडं an assemblage of lotuses. —जं 1.an epithet of Brahmâ. -2 the lunar asterism called Rohiṇî. —जन्मन् *m.*, -भवः, -योनिः, -संभवः 'lotus-born', epithets of Brahmâ.

कमलकं A small lotus.

कमला 1 An epithet of Lakshmî. -2 An excellent woman. **-Comp.** —पतिः,-सखः an epithet of Vishṇu.

कमलिनी 1 A lotus-plant; साध्रेरहीव स्थलकमलिनीं न प्रबुद्धां न सुप्तां Me. 90; रम्यांतरः कमलिनीहरितैः सरोभिः S. 4. 10; R. 9. 30, 19. 11. -2 An assemblage of lotuses. -3 A place abounding with lotuses.

कंप् 1 A. (कंपते चकंपे, कंपित) To shake, tremble, move about; (fig. also); चकंपे तीर्णलौहित्ये तस्मिन् प्राग्ज्योतिषेश्वरः R. 4. 81; Mk. 4. 8; Bk. 14. 31, 15. 70. —*Caus.* 1 To shake, cause to tremble. -2 To utter with a thrill or shake.

कंपः [कंप्-घञ्] 1 Shaking, tremor; कंपेन किंचित्प्रतिगृह्य मूर्ध्नः R. 13. 44 with a gentle nod or bend of the head; 13. 28; Ku. 7. 46; भयकंपः, विद्युत्कंपः &c. -2 A modification of the Svarita accent. —पा Shaking, moving, tremor. **-Comp.** —अन्वित *a.* tremulous, agitated. —लक्ष्मन् *m.* wind.

कंपन *a.* [कंप्-युच्] Trembling, shaking. —नः 1 Śiśira season (November-December). -2 A kind of missile. -3 A kind of fever (सान्निपातिक). —नं 1 Shaking, tremor. -2 Quivering pronunciation.

कंपाकः Wind.

कंपिल्ल =काम्पिल्ल q. v.

कंपित *p. p.* 1 Trembling, shaking. -2 Shaken, swung. —तं 1 Trembling, tremor. -2 Causing to shake.

कंप्र *a.* [कंप्-र] 1 Shaking, tremulous, moving, agitating; विधाय कंप्राणि मुखानि कं प्रति N. 1. 142; कंप्रा शाखा Sk. -2 Agile, quick.

कंब् 1 P. (कंबति, कंबित) To go, move.