with the preposition आ q. v.

कर्ण *a.* Ved. 1 Having long ears. -2 Furnished with chaff (as grain).

-र्णः 1 The ear ; अहो खलभुजंगस्य विपरीतवधक्रमः। कर्णे लगति चान्यस्य प्राणैरन्यो वियुज्यते॥ Pt.1.305,304 also ; कर्णे कृ to listen. कर्णमागम् to come to the ear, become known ; R. 1. 9 ; कर्णे कृ to put round the ear ; Ch. P. 10 ; कर्णे कथयति whispers in the ear ; cf. षट्कर्ण, चतुष्कर्ण &c. also. -2 The handle or ear of a vessel. -3 The helm or rudder of a ship. -4 The hypotenuse of a triangle. -5 (In prosody) A spondee. -6 N. of a celebrated warrior on the side of the Kauravas mentioned in the Mahâbhârata. [He was the son of Kunti begotten on her by the god Sun while she was yet a virgin residing at her father's house (see Kunti). When the child was born, Kunti, afraid of the censure of her relatives and also of public scandal, threw the boy into the river where he was found by Adhiratha, charioteer of Dhritarashtra and given over to his wife Radha who brought him up like her own child ; whence Karna is often called *Sûtaputra*, *Rådheya* &c. Karna, when grown up, was made king of Anga by Duryodhana, and became by virtue of his many generous acts a type of charity. On one occasion Indra (whose care it was to favour his son Arjuna) disguised himself as a Brahmana and cajoled him out of his divine armour and ear-rings, and gave him in return a charmed javelin. With a desire to make himself proficient in the science of war, he, calling himself a Brahmana went to Parasurama and learnt that art from him. But his secret did not long remain concealed. On one occasion when Parasurama had fallen asleep with his head resting on Karna's lap, a worm (supposed by some to be the form assumed by Indra himself to defeat Karna's object) began to eat into his lap and made a deep rent in it ; but as Karna showed not the least sign of pain, his real character was discovered by his preceptor who cursed him that the art he had learnt would avail him not in times of need. On another occasion he was cursed by a Brahmana (whose cow he had unwittingly slain in chase) that the earth would eat up the wheel of his chariot in the hour of trial. Even with such disadvantages as these, he acquitted himself most valiantly in the great war between the *Pandavas* and Kauravas, while acting as generalissimo of the Kaurava forces after Bhishma and Drona had fallen. He maintained the field against the *Pandavas* for three days, but on the last day he was slain by Arjuna while the wheel of his chariot had sunk down into the earth. Karna was the most intimate friend of Duryodhana, and with *Sakuni* joined him in all the various schemes and plots that were devised from time to time for the destruction of the *Pandavas*.]

-Comp. **-अंजालिः** the auditory passage of the outer ear. **-अनुजः** Yudhishthira. **-अंतिक** *a.* close to the ear ; स्वनासि मृदु कर्णांतिकचरः *S.* 1. 24. **-अंदुः-दू** *f.* an ornament for the ear, ear-ring. **-अर्पण** giving ear, listening. **-आस्फालः** the flapping of the elephant's ears. **-इंदुः** *f.* a semicircular ear-ring. **-उत्तंसः** an ear-ornament or merely an ornament (according to some authorities). (Mammata says that here कर्ण means कर्णस्थितत्व ; cf. also his remark *ad loc*:—कर्णावतंसादिपदे कर्णादिध्वनिर्निमितः । संनिधानार्थबोधार्थं स्थितेर्वेतन्समर्थनं ॥ K. P. 7). **-उपकर्णिका** rumour ; (lit. 'from ear to ear'). **-ऊर्णः** a kind of deer. **-कीटा-टी** 1. a worm with many feet and of a reddish colour. -2. a small centipede. **-क्वेडः** (in medic.) a constant noise in the ear. **-गूथं** ear-wax. (**-थः**) **-गूथकः** hardening of the wax of the ear. **-गोचर** *a.* audible **-ग्राहः** a helmsman. **-जप** *a.* (also **कर्णेजप**) a secret traducer, tale-bearer, informer. **-जपः-जापः** slandering, tale-bearing, calumniating. **-जलूका** a small centipede. **-जाहं** the root of the ear ; अपि कर्णजाहविनिवेशिताननः Mâl. 5. 8. **-जित्** *m.* 'conqueror of Karna', epithet of Arjuna, the third Pâṇḍava prince. **-ज्वरः** pain to the ear ; U.5.6. **-तालः** the flapping of the elephant's ears, the noise made by it ; विस्तारितः कुंजरकर्णतालैः R. 7. 39, 9. 71 ; *Si.* 17. 37. **-दर्पणः** an ear-ring. **-दुंदुभिः** = **कर्णकीटा**. **-धारः** a helmsman, a pilot ; अकर्णधारा जलधौ विप्लवेतेह नौरिव H.3.2 ; अविनयनदीकर्णधार कर्ण Ve. 4. **-धारिणी** a female elephant. **-पथः** the range of hearing. **-परंपरा** from ear to ear, hearsay ; इति कर्णपरंपरया श्रुत Ratn. 1. **-पर्वन्** *n.* the eighth (*i. e.* Karna) section of the Mahâbhârata. **-पाकः** inflammation of the outer ear. **-पालिः-ली** *f.* 1. the lobe of the ear. -2. the outer edge of the ear. (**-ली**) an ornament of the ear. **-पाशः** a beautiful ear ; U. 6. 27. **-पुटं** the auditory passage of the ear. **-पूरः** 1. an ornament (of flowers &c.) worn round the ear, an ear-ring ; इदं च करतलं किमिति कर्णपूरतामारोपितं K. 60. -2. the Asoka tree. -3. the *Sirisha* tree. -4. the blue lotus. **-पूरकः** 1. an ear-ring. -2. the Kadamba tree. -3. the Asoka tree. -4. the blue lotus. **-प्रणादः,-प्रतिनाहः** a disease of the ear. **-प्रांतः** the lobe of the ear. **-फलः** a kind of fish. **-भूषणं,-भूषा** an ear-ornament. **-मूलं** the root of the ear ; R. 12. 2. **-मोटी** a form of Durgâ. **-योनि** *a.* having the ear as a source. **-लता-लतिका** the lobe of the ear. **-वंशः** a raised platform or *dais* of bamboo. **-वर्जित** *a.* earless. (**-तः**) a snake. **-विवरं, -छिद्रं, -पुरं, -रंध्रं** the auditory passage of the ear. **-विष्** *f.* ear-wax. **-विषं** 'poisoning the ear', slandering, backbiting. **-वेधः** piercing the ears to put ear-rings on. **-वेधनी,-वेधनिका** an instrument for piercing the ear. **-वेष्टः,-वेष्टनं** an ear-ring. **-शष्कुली** the outer part of the ear (leading to the auditory passage) ; N. 2. 8. **-शूलः,-लं** ear-ache. **-श्रव** *a.* audible, loud ; कर्णश्रवेऽनिले Ms. 4. 102. **-स्रावः,-संस्रवः** ' running of the ear', discharge of pus or ichorous matter from the ear. **-सूः** *f.* Kunti, mother of Karna. **-हीन** *a.* earless (**-नः**) a snake.

कर्णक: Ved. 1 A prominence ; handle. -2 The leaves and branches &c. of trees. -3 A tendril. -4 White hair ; Bh. 3. 126. -5 A kind of fever.

कर्णलः *a.* Having ears.

कर्णवत् *a.* 1 Long-eared. -2 Having tendrils or hooks.

कर्णाकर्णि *ind* From ear to ear.

कर्णिक *a.* 1 Having ears. -2 Having a helm. **-कः** A steersman. **-का** 1 An ear-ring. -2 A knot, round protuberance. -3 Pericarp of a lotus. -4 A small brush or pen. -5 The middle finger. -6 A fruit-stalk. -7 The tip of an elephant's trunk. -8 Chalk. -9 A trowel. -10 A bawd. **-Comp.** **-अचलः** N. of the mountain सुमेरु.

कर्णिन् *a.* 1 Having ears. -2 Long-eared. -3 Barbed (as an arrow).