कारिन् *a.* Making, doing, causing, bringing about (at the end of comp). —*m.* A mechanic, artist.

कारंडवः A sort of duck; तप्तं वारि विहाय तीरनलिनीं कारंडवः सेवते V. 2 23.

कारंधमिन् *m.* 1 Brazier. –2 A mineralogist.

कारभ *a.* Produced or coming from a camel.

कारमिहिका Camphor.

कारंभा N. of a tree (निर्गुंडी).

कारवः A crow.

कारस्करः N. of a tree (किंपाक).

कारा 1 Imprisonment, confinement. –2 A prison-house, a jail. –3 Part of a lute below the neck. –4 Pain, affliction. –5 A female messenger. –6 A female worker in gold. –7 A sound. –8 An instrument for drowning the sound of the lute. –**Comp**—**अगारं,-गृहं,-वेश्मन्** *n.* a prison house, a jail; कारागृहे निर्जितवासवेन लंकेश्वरेणोषितमा प्रसादात् R. 6. 40, Śānti. 4. 10. —**गुप्तः** a prisoner.—**पालः** a guard of a prison, jailor.

काराधनी A musical instrument (as a conch).

कारायिका A female crane.

कारिका 1 A female dancer. –2 A business, or trade. –3 A memorial verse, or a collection of such verses, on grammatical, philosophical, or scientific subjects; *e. g.* Bhartṛihari's Kārikās on grammar; सांख्यकारिका. –4 Torment, torture. –5 Interest.

कारीर *a.* [करीर-अञ्] Made of the shoots of reed or bamboo.

कारीषं [करीषाणां समूहः अण्] A heap of dried cowdung.

कारु *a.* (रू *f.*) [कृ-उण् Un. 1. 1] 1 A maker, doer, an agent, servant. –2 An artisan, mechanic, artist; कारुभिः कारितं तेन कृत्रिमं स्वप्नहेतवे Vb. 1. 13; इति स्म सा कारुतरेण लेखितं नलस्य च स्वस्य च सख्यमीक्षते N. 1. 38; Y. 2. 249,1.187; Ms. 5. 129; 10. 12.(They are :— तक्षा च तंतुवायश्च नापितो रजकस्तथा । पंचमश्चर्मकारश्च कारवः शिल्पिनो मताः॥). –3 Terrible, horrible. —**रुः** 1 An epithet of विश्वकर्मन् the architect of the gods. –2 An art, a science. –**Comp.** —**चौरः** one who commits burglary, a dacoit. —**ज्ञः** 1. a piece of mechanism, any product of manufacture. –2. a young elephant. –3. a hillock, an ant-hill. –4. froth. –5. sesamum growing spontaneously. –6. red orpiment.

कारुकः,-का An artisan.

कारुणिक *a.* (की *f.*) [करुणा-ठक्] Compassionate, kind, tender; Nâg. 1. 1.

कारुण्यं Compassion, kindness, pity; कारुण्यमातन्वते Gît. 1; करिष्यः कारुण्यास्पदं Bv. 1. 2.

कारुंडिका, -कारुंडी A leech.

कारेणव *a.* Belonging to a female elephant.

कारोत (त्त)मः-रः Ved. 1 A filtering vessel. –2 Yeast, barm. –3 A well.

कार्कण *a.* Belonging to a pheasant.

कार्कवाकव *a.* Relating to a cock (कृकवाकु).

कार्कश्यं 1 Hardness, roughness. –2 Firmness. –3 Solidity; Si. 2. 17; Pt. 1. 190. –4 Hard-heartedness, sternness, cruelty; कार्कश्यं गमितेऽपि चेतसि Amaru. 24.

कार्कीक *a.* Like a white horse.

कार्ण *a.* Relating to an ear. —**र्णं** 1 The wax of the ear. –2 An ear-ring.—**र्णः** N. of Vṛishaketu.–**Comp.** —**छिद्रकं** a sort of well. —**वेष्टकिक** *a.* fit for ear-rings.

कार्तयुग *a.* Relating to the कृतयुग.

कार्तवीर्यः The son of Kṛitavirya and king of the Haihayas, who ruled at Mâhishmatî. [Having worshipped Dattatreya, he obtained from him several boons, such as a thousand arms, a golden chariot that went wheresoever he willed it to go, the power of restraining wrong by justice, conquest of earth, invincibility by enemies &c.; (cf. R. 6. 39). According to the Vayu Purana he ruled justly and righteously for 85000 years and offered 10000 sacrifices. He was a contemporary of Ravana whom he once captured and confined like a beast in a corner of his city; cf. R. 6. 40. Kartavirya was slain by Parasurama for having carried off by violence the Kamadhenu of his revered father Jamadagni. Kartavirya is also known by the name Sahasrarjuna.].

कार्तस्वरं Gold; स तप्तकार्तस्वरभासुरांबरः Si. 1. 20; ° दंडेन K. 82.

कार्तांतिकः [कृतांतं वेत्ति ठक्] An astrologer, fortune-teller; कार्तांतिको नाम भूत्वा भुवं बभ्राम Dk. 130.

कार्तिक *a.* (की *f.*) [कृत्तिका-अण्] Belonging to the month of Kârtika; R. 19. 39. —**कः** 1 N. of the month in which the full moon is near the कृत्तिका or Pleiades (corresponding to October-November). –2 An epithet of Skanda. —**की** The full moon day in the month of Kârtika.

कार्तिकिकः The month of Kârtika.

कार्तिकेयः [कृत्तिकानामपत्यं ढक्] N. of Skanda (so called because he was reared by the six Kṛittikâs). [Kartikeya is the Mars or the god of war of the Indian mythology. He is the son of Śiva (but born without the direct intervention of a woman). Most of his epithets have reference to the circumstances of his birth. Śiva cast his seed into Agni (who had gone to the god in the form of a dove while he was enjoying Pārvatī's company), who being unable to bear it cast it into the Ganges; (hence Skanda is called Agnibhu, Gangaputra). It was then transferred to the six Kṛittikas (when they went to bathe in the Ganges), each of whom therefore conceived and brought forth a son. But these six sons were afterwards mysteriously combined into one of extraordinary form with six heads and twelve hands and eyes, (hence he is called Kartikeya, Shadânana, Shaṇmukha &c.). According to another account the seed of Śiva was cast by the Ganges into a thicket of reeds (Śara); whence the boy was called Śaravanabhava, or Śarajanman. He is said to have pierced the mountain Krauncha, whence his name Kraunchadâraṇa. He was the commander of the army of the gods in their war with Târaka, a powerful demon q.v. whom he vanquished and slew; and hence his names Senâni and Târakajit. He is represented as riding a peacock.] –**Comp.** —**प्रसूः** *f.* Pârvatî, mother of Kârtikeya.

कार्त्स्न्यं Totality; entirety; तान्निबोधत कार्त्स्न्येन द्विजाग्र्यान् पंक्तिपावनान् Ms. 3. 183.

कार्दम (मी *f.*), कार्दम (मि) क *a.* (की *f.*) [कर्दम-अण्-ठक् वा] Muddy, soiled or covered with mud.

कार्पटः [कर्पट-अण्] 1 A petition-