equal to about 700 Troy grains. —वृद्ध: an epithet of Bhîshma.

कुरुटः A kind of pot-herb.

कुरुटिन् *m.* A horse.

कुरुंटः A red species of amaranth. —**टी** 1 A wooden doll or puppet. –2 The wife of a Brâhmaṇa or teacher.

कुरुंटक: Yellow or white amaranth.

कुरुंड = **कुरुंट** q. v.

कुररी A kind of bird (having a plaintive tone); cf. **कुररी**.

कुरुंबं A kind of orange.

कुरुलः A lock of hair, especially on the forehead.

कुरुवक = **कुरवक** q. v.

कुरुविंदः,–दं A ruby. —**दं** 1 Black salt. –2 A mirror.

कुर्कुटः 1 A cock. –2 Rubbish.

कुर्कुरः A dog ; **उपकर्तुमपि प्राप्तं निःस्वं मन्यंति कुर्कुरं** Pt. 2. 90 v. l.

कुर्चिका = **कूर्चिका** q. v.

कुर्द्, कुर्दन See **कूर्द्, कूर्दन**.

कु (कू) पैरः 1 The knee. –2 The elbow.

कु (क्) पासः, कु (कू) पासकः A sort of bodice worn by women ; **मनोज्ञकूर्पासकपीडितस्तनाः** Rs. 5. 8, 4. 16. v. l.

कुर्वत् *pres. p.* Doing &c. —*m.* 1 A servant. –2 A shoemaker.

कुल् 1 P. (कोलति, कुलित) 1 To accumulate, collect.–2 To be related; behave as a kinsman. –3 To proceed or go uninterruptedly. –4 To count, reckon.

कुलं 1 A race, family ; **निदानमिक्ष्वाकुकुलस्य संततेः** R. 3. 1. –2 The residence of a family, a seat, house, an abode; **वसन्नृषिकुलेषु सः** R. 12. 25. –3 A high or noble family, noble descent ; **कुले जन्म** Pt. 5. 2 ; **कुलशीलसमन्वितः** Ms. 7. 54, 62 ; so **कुलजा, कुलकन्यका** &c. –4 A herd, troop, flock; collection, multitude ; **मृगकुलं रोमंथमभ्यस्यतु** *S.* 2. 6 ; U. 2. 9 ; **अलिकुलसंकुल** Gît. 1 ; *Si.* 9. 71; so **गो °, कृमि °, महिषी °** &c. –5 A lot, gang, band (in a bad sense).–6 A country. –7 The body. –8 The front or fore part. –9 A tribe, caste, community. –10A blue stone. —**लः** The head of a guild or corporation. –**Comp.** —**अकुल** *a.* 1. of a mixed character or origin. –2. middling. °**तिथि**: *m. f.* the second, sixth, and the tenth lunar days of a fort-night in a month. °**वार**: Wednesday. —**अंकुरः** the scion of a family ; *S.* 7. 19. —**अंगना** a respectable or high-born (chaste) woman. —**अंगारः** a man who ruins his family ; Pt. 4. —**अचलः, -अद्रिः, -पर्वतः, -शैलः** a principal mountain, one of a class of seven mountains which are supposed to exist in each division of the continent ; their names are:—**महेंद्रो मलयः सह्यः शुक्तिमान् ऋक्षपर्वतः। विंध्यश्च पारियात्रश्च सप्तैते कुलपर्वताः॥** —**अन्वित** *a.* born in a noble family. —**अभिमानः** family pride. —**आचारः, -कर्मन्**, *n.* **-धर्मः** a duty or custom peculiar to a family or caste. —**आचार्यः, -गुरुः** 1. a family-priest or teacher. –2. a geneologist. —**आधारकः** a son. —**आलंबिन्** *a.* maintaining a family. —**ईश्वरः** 1. the chief of a family. –2. N. of *Siva*. (**-रा**) N. of Durgâ. —**उत्कट** *a.* high-born. (**-टः**) a horse of a good breed. —**उत्पन्न, -उद्गत, -उद्भव** *a.* sprung from a noble family, high-born. —**उद्वहः** the head or perpetuator of a family ; see **उद्वह**. — **उपदेशः** a family name. —**कज्जलः** one who is a disgrace to his family. —**कंटकः** one who is a thorn or trouble to his family. —**कन्यका, -कन्या** a girl of high birth; **विशुद्धमुग्धः कुलकन्यकाजनः** Mâl. 7. 1; **गृहे गृहे पुरुषाः कुलकेन्यकाः समुद्वहंति** Mâl. 7. —**करः -कर्तृ** *m.* the founder of a family. —**कलंकः** one who is a disgrace to his family. —**क्षयः** 1. ruin of a family. –2. extinction of a family. —**गिरिः, -भूभृत्** *m.*, —**पर्वतः, -शैलः** see **कुलाचल** above. —**घ्न** *a.* ruining a family; **दोषैरेतैः कुलघ्नानां** Bg. 1. 43. —**ज, -जात** *a.* 1. well-born, of high birth. –2. ancestral, hereditary; Ki. 1. 31 (used in both senses). —**जनः** a high-born or distinguished person. —**तंतुः** one who continues or perpetuates a family. —**तिथिः** *m. f.* an important lunar day, viz:— the 4th, 8th, 12th or 14th of a lunar fort-night. —**तिलकः** the glory of a family, one who does honour to his family. —**दीपः, -दीपकः** the glory of a family. —**दुहितृ** *f.* see **कुलकन्या**. —**देवता** a tutelary deity; the guardian deity of a family; Ku. 7. 27. —**धन** *a.* one whose wealth is the preservation of the good name of the family; U. 1. 14. (**-नं**) the dearest and most valued treasure of the family; U. 7. 6. —**धर्मः** a family custom, a duty or custom peculiar to a family; **उत्सन्नकुलधर्माणां मनुष्याणां जनार्दन** Bg. 1. 44; Ms. 1. 118 ; 8. 14. —**धारकः** a son. —**धुर्यः** (a son) able to support a family, a grown up son; **न हि सति कुलधुर्ये सूर्यवंद्या गृहाय** R. 7. 71. —**नंदन** *a.* gladdening or doing honour to a family. —**नायिका** a girl worshipped at the celebration of the orgies of the left-hand *Sâktas*. —**नारी** a high bred and virtuous woman. —**नाशः** 1. ruin or extinction of a family. –2. an apostate, reprobate, outcast. –3. a camel. —**परंपरा** the series of generations comprising a race. —**पतिः** 1. the head or chief of a family. –2. a sage who feeds and teaches 10,000 pupils; thus defined:– **मुनीनां दशसाहस्रं योऽन्नदानादिपोषणात्। अध्यापयति विप्रर्षिरसौ कुलपतिः स्मृतः॥**; **अपि नाम कुलपतेरियमसवर्णक्षेत्रसंभवा स्यात्** *S.*1;R. 1. 95; U. 3. 48. —**पांसुका** a woman disgracing her family, an unchaste woman. —**पालिः, -पालिका, -पाली** *f.* a chaste, or high-born woman. —**पुत्रः** a nobly-born youth; **इह सर्वस्वफलिनः कुलपुत्रमहाद्रुमाः** Mk. 4. 10. —**पुरुषः** 1. a respectable or high-born man; **कक्षुंबति कुलपुरुषो वेश्याधरपल्लवं मनोज्ञमपि** Bh. 1. 92. –2. an ancestor. —**पूरुषः** an ancestor. —**भार्या** a virtuous wife. —**भृत्या** the nursing of a pregnant woman. —**मर्यादा** family honor or respectability. —**मार्गः** a family custom, the best way or the way of honesty. —**योषित्, -वधू** *f.* a woman of good family and character. —**वारः** a principal day ; (*i. e.* Tuesday and Friday). —**विद्या** 1.knowledge handed down in a family, traditional knowledge. –2. one of the three **आन्वीक्षिकी** lores. —**विप्रः** a family-priest. —**वृद्धः** an old and experienced member of a family. —**व्रतः, -तं** a family vow ; **गलितवयसामिक्ष्वाकूणामिदं हि कुलव्रतं** R. 3. 70; **विश्वस्मिन्नधुनाऽन्यः कुलव्रतं पालयिष्यति कः** Bv. 1. 13. —**श्रेष्ठिन्** *a.* well-born, of a good family. (—*m.*) 1. the chief of a family or a guild. –2. an artisan of noble birth. —**संख्या** 1. family-