ग.

ग *a.* (Used only at the end of comp.) Who or what goes, going, moving, being, staying, remaining, having sexual intercourse with &c. **–गः** 1 A Gandharva. –2 An epithet of Ganesa. –3 A long syllable (used as an abbreviation of गुरु), (in prosody). **–गा,–गं** A song.

गगनं (णं) (Some suppose गगण to be an incorrect form, as is observed by a writer :—फाल्गुने गगने फेने णत्वमिच्छंति बर्बराः) 1 The sky, atmosphere; अवोचदेनं गगनस्पृशा रघुः स्वरेण R.3.43; गगनमिव नष्टतारं Pt. 5. 6; सोयं चंद्रः पतति गगनात् *S.* 4. v. l; *Si.* 9. 27. –2 (In math.) A cypher. –3 Firmament. –4 Heaven. **–Comp.** **–अग्रं** the highest heavens. **–अंगना** a heavenly nymph, an Apsaras. **–अध्वगः** 1. the sun. –2. a planet. –3. a celestial being. **–अंबु** *n.* rain-water. **–उल्मुकः** the planet Mars. **–कुसुमं–पुष्पं** 'sky-flower'; *i. e.* any unreal thing, an impossibility; see खपुष्प. **–गतिः** 1. a deity. –2 a celestial being; Me. 46. –3. a planet. **–चर** (also **गगनेचर**) *a.* moving in the air. (**–रः**) 1. a bird. –2. a planet. –3. a heavenly spirit. –4. a lunar mansion. –5. the zodiac (राशिचक्र). **–ध्वजः** 1. the sun. –2. a cloud. **–विहारिन्** *a.* moving or ranging in the sky; H. 1. 21. (**–***m.*) 1. a luminary. –2. the sun. –3. a celestial being. **–सद्** *a.* dwelling in the air. (**–***m.*) a celestial being; *Si.* 4. 53. **–सिंधुः** *f.* an epithet of the Ganges. **–स्थ,–स्थित** *a.* situated in the sky. **–स्पर्शनः** 1 air, wind. –2. N. of one of the eight Maruts.

गग्घ् 1 P. To laugh, deride.

गंगा [गम्-गन्; Un. 1. 120] 1 The river Ganges, the most sacred river in India; अधोधो गंगेयं पदमुपगता स्तोकमथवा Bh. 2. 10; R. 2. 26; 13. 57; (mentioned in Rv. 10. 75. 5 along with other rivers considered sacred in India). –2 The Ganges personified as a goddess. [Ganga is the eldest daughter of Himavat. It is said that a curse of Brahma made her come down upon earth, where she became the first wife of King Santanu. She bore him eight sons, of whom Bhishma, the youngest, became a well-known personage, renowned for his valour and life-long celibacy. According to another account she came down on earth being propitiated by Bhagiratha : see भगीरथ and जह्नु also; and cf. Bh. 2. 10.]. **–Comp.** **–अंबु-अंभस्** *n.* 1. water of the Ganges. 2. pure rain-water (such as falls in the month of आश्विन). **–अवतारः** 1. the descent of the Ganges on the earth; भगीरथ इव दृष्टगंगावतारः K. 32 (where गं° also means 'descent into the Ganges' for ablution). 2. N. of a sacred place. **–अष्टकं** a collection of eight verses addressed to the Ganges. **–उद्भेदः** the source of the Ganges. **–क्षेत्रं** the river Ganges and the district two Koss on either of its banks. **–चिल्ली** Gangetic kite. **–जः** 1. N. of Bhîshma. –2. of Kârtikeya. **–दत्तः** an epithet of Bhîhma. **–द्वारं** the place where the Ganges enters the plains (also called हरिद्वार). **–धरः** 1 an epithet of *Siva*. –2 the ocean. °**पुरं** N. of a town. **–पुत्रः** 1. N. of Bhîshma. –2. of Kârtikeya. –3. a man of a mixed and vile caste whose business is to remove dead bodies. –4. a Brâhmaṇa who conducts pilgrims to the Ganges. **–भूत** *m.* 1. N. of *Siva*. –2. the ocean. **–मध्यं** the bed of the Ganges. **–यात्रा** 1. a pilgrimage to the Ganges. –2. carrying a sick person to the river-side to die there. **–लहरी** N. of a poem by Jagannâtha paṇḍita. **–सागरः** the place where the Ganges enters the ocean. **–सुतः** 1. an epithet of Bhîshma. –2. of Kârtikeya. **–ह्रदः** N. of a तीर्थ.

गंगाका, गंगका, गंगिका The Ganges.

गंगीभूत *a.* Become as sacred as the Ganges.

गंगोलः A precious stone also called गोमेद.

गच्छः 1 A tree. –2 The period (*i. e.* number of terms) of a progression (in math).

गज् 1 P. (गजति, गजित) 1 To sound, roar; जगर्जुर्गजाः Bk. 14. 5. –2 To be drunk; to be confused or inebriated.

गजः [गज्-मंद अच्] 1 An elephant; कचाच्चितौ विश्वगिवागजौ गजौ Ki. 1. 36. –2 The number 'eight'. –3 A measure of length, a *Gaja* or yard, (thus defined:—साधारणनरांगुल्या विंशदंगुलको गजः). –4 A demon killed by *Siva*. –5 One of the eight elephants of the quarters. **–Comp.** **–अग्रणी** *m.* 1. the most excellent among elephants. –2. An epithet of ऐरावत, the elephant of Indra. **–अधिपतिः** lord of elephants, a noble elephant. **–अध्यक्षः** a superintendent of elephants. **–अपसदः** a vile or wretched elephant, a common or low-born elephant. **–अशनः** the religious fig-tree (अश्वत्थ). (**–नं**) the root of a lotus. **–अरिः** 1. a lion. –2. N. of *Siva* who killed the demon गज. **–आजीवः** 'one who gets his livelihood by elephants', an elephant-driver. **–आननः, –आस्यः** epithets of Ganesa. **–आयुर्वेदः** science of the treatment of elephants. **–आरोहः** an elephant-driver. **–आह्वं, –आह्वयं** N. of Hastinâpura. **–इंद्रः** 1. an excellent elephant, a lordly elephant; किं रुष्टासि गजेंद्रमंदगमने *S.* Til. 7. –2. Airâvata, Indra's elephant. °**कर्णः** an epithet of *Siva*. **–कंदः** a large esculent root. **–कूर्माशिन्** *m.* N. of Garuḍa. **–गतिः** *f.* 1. a stately, majestic gait like that of an elephant. –2. a woman with such a gait. **–गामिनी** a woman having a stately elephant-like gait. **–छाया** a portion of time proper for a *Srâddha*, time at the eclipse of the sun; सैंहिकेयो यदा भानुं ग्रसते पर्वसंधिषु। गजच्छाया तु सा प्रोक्ता श्राद्ध तत्र प्रकल्पयेत्॥ **–दग्न,–द्वयस** *a.* as high or tall as an elephant. **–दंतः** 1. an elephant's tusk. –2. an epithet of Ganesa. –3. ivory. –4. a peg, pin, or bracket projecting from a wall. °**मय** *a.* made of ivory. **–दानं** 1. the fluid