as to be syntactically connected; see वीथि; *e.g.* राक्षसः-अपि नाम चाणक्यबटुः —दौ —जयतु —रा. अतिसंधातुं शक्यः स्यात्. —दौ. अमात्यः Mu.4; so किमस्या न प्रेयो यदि पुनरसह्यस्तु विरहः. —दौ. देव उपस्थितः U. 1 –13 The tenth yoga or one of the twenty-seven portions of a circle on the plane of the ecliptic. –14 An astronomical period. –**Comp.** —अंगः a rhinoceros. —उपधानं a pillow; मृदुगंडोपधानानि शयनानि सुखानि च Suśr. —कुसुमं the juice that exudes from the elephant's temples during rut, ichor. —कूपः a well on the peak or summit of a mountain. —ग्रामः any large or considerable village. —देशः, -प्रदेशः, -स्थलं, -पाली, -पिंडः 1. the cheek, the temples of an elephant. –2. temple-region (in general); U. 2. 9; Mål. 9. 31. —फलकं a broad cheek; धृतमुग्ध-गंडफलकैर्बिबुधैर्विकसद्भिरास्यकमलैः प्रमदाः Śi. 9. 47. —भित्तिः *f.* 1. the opening in the temples of an elephant from which ichor exudes during rut. –2. 'a wall-like cheek', an excellent *i. e.* broad and expansive cheek; निर्धौतदानामलगंडभित्तिः (गजः) R. 5. 43 (where Malli. says प्रशस्तौ गंडौ गंडभित्ती, see *et seq.*), 12. 102. —मालः, -माला inflammation of the glands of the neck. —मूर्ख *a.* exceedingly foolish, very stupid. —शिला any large rock. —शैलः 1. a huge rock thrown down by an earthquake or storm; Ki. 7. 37. –2. the forehead. —साह्या N. of a river, also called गंडकी. —स्थलं, —स्थली the cheek; गंडस्थलेषु मदवारिषु Pt. 1. 123; *S.* Til. 7; गंडस्थलीः मौक्तिकपत्रलेखाः R. 6. 72; Amaru. 77. –2. temples of an elephant.

गंडकः [गंड स्वार्थे क] 1 A rhinoceros. –2 An impediment, obstacle. –3 A joint, knot. –4 A mark, spot. –5 A boil, tumour, pimple. –6 Disjunction, separation. –7 A coin of the value of four cowries. –8 A mode of reckoning by fours. –9 Astrological science. –**Comp.** —वती see गंडकी q. v.

गंडका A lump, a ball.

गंडकी 1 N. of a river flowing into the Ganges. –2 A female rhinoceros. –**Comp.** —पुत्रः, -शिला the *Sâligrâma* stone.

गंडलिन् *m.* N. of Śiva.

गंडाली A white sort of Dûrvâ.

गंडिः 1 The trunk of a tree from the root to the beginning of the branches. –2 Goitre.

गंडिका 1 A sort of pebble. –2 A kind of beverage. –3 Anything advanced beyond the first stage.

गंडिनी An epithet of Durgâ.

गंडीरः A hero, champion.

गंडुः (डू:) *m. f.* 1 A pillow. –2 A joint, knot.

गंडूः *f.* 1 A joint, knot. –2 A bone. –3 A pillow. –4 Oil. –**Comp.** -पदः a kind of worm. °भवं lead. —पदी a small गंडूपद.

गंडूल *a.* Bent, crooked.

गंडूषः -षा 1 A mouthful, handful (of water); गजाय गंडूषजलं करेणुः (ददौ) Ku. 3. 37; U. 3. 16; Mål. 9. 34; गंडूषजलमात्रेण शफरी फर्फरायते Udb. –2 The tip of an elephant's trunk. –3 A mouthful, handful in general.

गंडोलः 1 Raw sugar. –2 A mouthful.

गत, गति, &c. see under गम्.

गद् I. 1 P. (गदति, गदित) 1 To speak articulately, speak, say, relate; जगादार्ये गदामज्ञ Śi. 2. 69; बहु जगद पुरस्तात्तस्य मत्ता किलाहं 11. 39; शुद्धान्तरक्ष्या जगदे कुमारी R. 6. 45. –2 To enumerate. –II. 10 U. (गदयति-ते &c.) To thunder.

गदः [गद्-अच्] 1 Speaking, speech. –2 A sentence. –3 Disease, sickness; असाध्यः कुरुते कोपं प्राप्ते काले गदो यथा Śi. 2. 84; जनपदे न गदः पदमादधौ R. 9. 4, 17. 81. –4 Thunder. —ं A kind of poison. –**Comp.** —अगदौ (du.) the two Aśvins, physicians of gods. —अग्रजः an epithet of Kṛishṇa; Śi. 2. 69. —अग्रणीः the chief of all diseases, *i. e.* consumption. —अंबरः a cloud. —अरातिः a drug, medicament. —गदं indistinct utterance.

गदयित्नु *a.* 1 Loquacious, garrulous, talkative. –2 Libidinous, lustful. —स्नुः N. of Kâma, the god of love.

गदा [गद्-अच्-टाप्] A mace, club; संचूर्णयामि गदया न सुयोधमोरू Ve. 1. 15. –**Comp.** —अग्रपाणि *a.* having a mace in the right hand. —धरः an epithet of Vishṇu. —भृत् *a.* a club-bearer, one who fights with a mace, (—*m.*) an epithet of Vishṇu. —युद्धं a fight with clubs. —हस्त *a.* armed with a club.

गदित *p.p.* [गद्-क्त] Spoken, said, related.

गदिन् *a.* (नी *f.*) [गद-इनि] 1 Armed with a club; Bg. 11. 17. –2 Affected with sickness, diseased. —*m.* [गदा अस्त्यस्य इनि] An epithet of Vishṇu.

गद्गद *a.* Stammering, stuttering faltering; तर्क्ये रोदिषि गद्गदेन वचसा Amaru. 53; गद्गदगलल्लुटद्बहिर्लीनाक्षरं को देहीति वदेत् Bh. 3. 8; सानंदगद्गदपदं हरिरित्युवाच Gît. 10. —दं *ind.* In a faltering or stammering tone; विललाप स बाष्पगद्गदं R. 8. 43; °नदत् U. 2. 30 producing a gurgling sound. —दः, -दं 1 Stammering. –2 Indistinct or convulsive speech. –**Comp.** —ध्वनिः a low, inarticulate sound expressive of joy or grief. —पदं inarticulate speech. —वाच् *f.* inarticulate or convulsive speech, interrupted by sobbing &c. —स्वर *a.* uttering stammering sounds. (—रः) 1. indistinct or stammering utterance. –2. a buffalo.

गद्गदित *a.* Stammered.

गद्गदयति Den. P. To stammer.

गद्य *pot. p.* [गद्-यत्] To be spoken or uttered; गद्यमेतत्त्वया मम Bk. 6. 47. —द्यं Prose, elaborate prose composition, composition not metrical yet framed with due regard to harmony; one of the three classes into which all compositions may be divided; see Kâv. 1. 11.

गद्याण (ण, -ल) कः A weight equal to 48 *Gunjâs*.

गध् 4 P. (गध्यति) To be mixed.

गध्य *a.* Ved. To be seized (as booty).

गंध् 10 A. (गंधयते) 1 To injure hurt. –2 To ask, beg. –3 To move, go. –4 To adorn.

गंधः [गंध्-पचाद्यच्] 1 Smell, odour; गंधमाघ्राय चोर्व्याः Me. 21; अपह्नुतो दुरितं हव्यगंधैः *S.* 4. 7; R. 12. 27. (गंध is changed to गंधि when as the last member of a Bah. comp. it is preceded by उद्, पूति, सु, सुरभि, or when the compound implies comparison; सुगंधि, सुरभिगंधि, कमलगंधि मुखं; शालिनिर्यासगंधिभिः R. 1. 38; आहुति ° 1. 53; also when गंध is used in the sense of 'a little'). –2 Smell considered as one of the 24 properties or *guṇas*