गरभः [गृ वा० अभच्] Fœtus, embryo; see गर्भ.

गरलः,-लं [गिरति जीवनं, गृ-अलच् Tv.] 1 Poison or venom in general; कुवलयदलश्रेणी कंठे न सा गरलद्युतिः Gît. 3; गरलमिव कलयति मलयसमीरं 4; स्मरगरलखंडनं मम शिरसि मंडनं 10. -2 The venom of a snake. —ल A bundle of grass. -**Comp.** —अरिः an emerald.

गरलिन् *a.* Poisonous.

गरित *a.* Poisoned.

गरालिः A hoarse, gurgling sound (of the throat); Mâl. 3.

गरिमन् *m.* 1 Weight, heaviness; Si. 9. 49. -2 Importance, greatness, dignity; Pt. 1. 30. -3 Worth, excellence. -4 One of the eight *siddhis* or faculties of Siva, by which he can make himself heavy or great at will; see सिद्धि.

गरिष्ठ *a.* Heaviest. -2 Most important ; (superl. of गुरु *a.* q. v.)

गरीयस् *a.* Heavier, weightier, more important (compar. of गुरु *a.* q. v.); मतिरेव बलाद्गरीयसी H. 2. 86; वृद्धस्य तरुणी भार्या प्राणेभ्योऽपि गरीयसी H. 1. 112; Si. 2. 24, 36.

गरुडः [गरुद्भ्यां डयते, डी-ड पृषो० तलोपः; गृ-डडच् Un. 4. 166.] 1 N. of the king of birds. [He is a son of Kasyapa by his wife Vinata. He is the chief of the feathered race, an implacable enemy of serpents, and elder brother of Aruna. In a dispute between his mother and Kadru, her rival, about the colour of उच्चैःश्रवस् Kadru defeated Vinata, and, in accordance with the conditions of the wager, made her her slave. Garuda brought down the heavenly beverage (Amrita) to purchase her freedom, not, however, without a hard struggle with Indra for the same. Vinata was then released; but the Amrita was taken away by Indra from the serpents. Garuda is represented as the vehicle of Vishnu, and as having a white face, an aquiline nose, red wings and a golden body]. -2 A building shaped like Garuda. -3 N. of a particular military array. -**Comp.** -अग्रजः an epithet of Aruna, the charioteer of the sun. —अंकः an epithet of Vishnu. —अंकितं, -अश्मन् *m.* —उत्तीर्णं an emerald. —ध्वजः an epithet of Vishnu. —व्यूहः a particular military array.

गरुत् *m.* [गृ-गु-वा डति Un. 1. 94] 1 The wing of a bird. -2 Eating, swallowing. -**Comp.** -योधिन् *m.* a quail.

गरुत्मत् *a.* Winged ; गरुत्मद्दाशीविषभीमदर्शनैः R. 3. 57. —*m.* 1 Garuda. -2 A bird in general. -3 The fire.

गरुलः Garuda, the chief of birds.

गर्गः 1 N. of an old sage, one of the sons of Brahmâ. -2 A bull. -3 An earth-worm. -(pl.) The descendants of Garga. -4 A kind of musical pause or time.

गर्गरः 1 A whirlpool, an eddy. -2 A kind of musical instrument. -3 A kind of fish. -4 A churn. —री A churn, a vessel for holding water.

गर्गाटः A kind of fish.

गर्ज् 1 P., 10 U. (गर्जति, गर्जयति-ते, गर्जित) 1 To roar, growl ; गर्जन् हरिः सानसि शैलकुंजे Bk. 2. 9; 15. 21; रणे न गर्जंति वृथा हि शूराः Râm.; हृष्टो गर्जति चातिदर्पितबलो दुर्योधनो वा शिखी Mk. 5. 6. -2 To emit a deep or thundering sound, thunder ; यदि गर्जति वारिधरो गर्जतु तन्नाम निष्ठुराः पुरुषाः Mk. 5. 32 (and in several other verses of the same Act) ; गर्जंति शरदि न वर्षंति वर्षंति वर्षासु निःस्वनो मेघः Udb.

गर्जः [गर्ज्-भावे घञ्] 1 The roaring of elephants. -2 The rumbling or thundering of clouds. -3 A (roaring) elephant. -4 Roaring, thundering.

गर्जनं,-ना [गर्ज्-भावे ल्युट] 1 Roaring, a roar, growl, thunder. -2 (Hence) sound, noise in general. -3 Passion, wrath. -4 War, battle. -5 Reproach.

गर्जा, गर्जिः The thundering of clouds.

गर्जित *a.* [गर्ज्-क्त] Sounded, roared &c. —तं A The thunder of clouds. —तः A roaring elephant in rut.

गर्तः,-र्ता,-र्तं [गृ-तन् Un. 3. 86] 1 A hollow, hole, cave ; ससत्त्वेषु गर्तेषु Ms. 4. 47, 203. -2 A grave. —र्तः 1 The hollow of the loins. -2 A kind of disease. -3 N. of a country, a part of the *Trigartas* q. v. -4 Ved. A throne. -5 A chariot. -6 A table for playing at dice. -7 A house. -8 The post of an assembly room. -**Comp.** —आश्रयः an animal living in holes or under ground, as a mouse or rat.

गर्तिका [गर्तः अस्त्यस्याः ठन्] A weaver's work-shop; (so called because the weaver sits at his loom with his feet in a hole below the level of the floor).

गर्द् I P., 10 U. (गर्दति, गर्दयति-ते) To sound, roar.

गर्दभः (भी *f.*) [गर्द्-अभच् Un. 3. 122] 1 An ass; न गर्दभा वाजिधुरं वहंति Mk. 4. 17 ; प्राप्ते तु षोडशे वर्षे गर्दभी ह्यप्सरा भवेत् Subhâsh. The ass is noted for three remarkable qualities:—अविभ्रांतं वहेद्भारं शीतोष्णं च न विंदति । संसंतोषस्तथा नित्यं त्रीणि शिक्षेत गर्दभात् ॥ Chân. 70. -2 Smell, odour. —भं The white water-lily. —भी 1 A she-ass. -2 An insect generated in cow-dung. -**Comp.** —भंडः,-डकः N. of two trees प्लक्ष & पिप्पली. —आह्वयं a white lotus. —गदः a particular disease of the skin.

गर्दभकः A kind of insect. —भिका A cutaneous disease, a blotch, eruption.

गर्ध् =गृध् q. v.

गर्धः [गृध्-घञ् अच् वा] 1 Desire, eagerness. -2 Greediness.

गर्धन, गर्धित *a.* Covetous, greedy.

गर्धिन् *a.* (नी *f.*) 1 Desirous, greedy, covetous ; नवान्नामिषगर्धिनः Ms. 4. 28. -2 Following or pursuing (anything) with eagerness.

गर्भः [गृ-भन् Un. 3. 152] 1 The womb, the belly ; गर्भेषु वसतिः Pt. 1 ; पुनर्गर्भे च संभवं Ms. 6. 63. -2 A fœtus, embryo ; act of conception, pregnancy ; conception ; नरपतिकुलभूत्यै गर्भमाधत्त राज्ञी R. 2. 75 ; गर्भोऽभवद्भूधरराजपत्न्याः Ku. 1. 19; गर्भं वहति Pt. 1. 30 bears a child in the womb. -3 The time of conception ; गर्भाष्टमेऽब्दे कुर्वीत ब्राह्मणस्योपनायनं Ms. 2. 36. -4 The child (in the womb); *S.* 6. -5 A child, brood or offspring of birds. -6 The inside, middle, or interior of anything (in comp. in this sense and translated by 'full of,' 'filled with,' 'containing' &c.); हिमगर्भैर्मयूखैः *S.*3. 3 ; शुक° कोटर 1. 14 ; 7. 7; °पत्रं U. 3. 5. inwardly situated; अग्निगर्भां शमीमिव *S.* 4. 1; R. 3. 9,5. 17,9. 55 ; *Si.*9. 62 ; Mâl. 3. 12; Mu. 1. 12. -7 The offspring of the sky, *i. e.* the vapours and fogs drawn upwards by the rays of