planets with reference to one another.—संगमः conjunction of planets.

ग्रहकः A prisoner.

ग्रहणं [ग्रह् भावे ल्युट्] 1 Seizing, catching, seizure; श्वा सृगग्रहणेऽशुचिः Ms. 5. 130. –2 Receiving, accepting, taking; आचारधूमग्रहणात् R. 7. 27. –3 Mentioning, uttering; नामग्रहणं. –4 Wearing, putting on; सौत्तरच्छदमध्यास्त नेपथ्यग्रहणाय सः R. 17. 21. –5 An eclipse; Y. 1. 218. –6 Understanding, comprehension, knowledge; न परेषां ग्रहणस्य गोचरां N. 2. 95. –7 Learning, acquiring, grasping mentally, mastering; लिपेर्यथाव्द्ग्रहणेन वाङ्मयं नदीमुखेनेव समुद्रमाविशत् R. 3. 28. –8 Taking up of sound, echo; अद्रिग्रहणगुरुभिर्गर्जितैर्नर्तयद्भिः Me. 44. –9 The hand. –10 An organ of sense. –11 A prisoner, captive. –12 Taking by the hand, marrying. –13 Taking captive, imprisonment. –14 Gaining, obtaining, purchasing. –15 Choosing. –16 Taking or drawing up. –17 Attraction. –18 Containing, enclosing. –19 Undertaking, undergoing. –20 Service. –21 Mentioning with praise, respecting. –22 Acceptation, meaning. –23 Assent, agreement. –24 Inviting, calling, addressing. –**Comp.** —अतः close of study.

ग्रहणक *a.* Containing, involving.

ग्रहणिः,–णी *f.* 1 An imaginary organ supposed to lie between the stomach and the intestines. –2 The small intestines or that part of the alimentary canal where the bile assists digestion and from which vital warmth is diffused. –3 Diarrhœa, dysentery. –**Comp.** —हरं cloves.

ग्रहणीय *a.* Acceptable.

ग्रहिल *a.* 1 Taking, accepting. –2 Unyielding, relentless, obstinate; न निद्याखिलयापि वापिका प्रससाद ग्रहिलेव मानिनी N. 2. 77

ग्रहीतव्य *a.* 1 To be taken, seized or received, acceptable. –2 To be taken up or drawn (as a fluid). –3 To be apprehended or perceived, to be learnt or acquired.

ग्रहीतृ *a.* (त्री *f.*) [ग्रह्-तृच् इटो दीर्घः] 1 A taker, an accepter; as in गुणग्रहीतृ q. v. –2 Perceiver, observant. –3 Debtor. –4 Purchaser.

ग्राह *a.* (ही *f.*) [ग्रह् भावे घञ्] Seizing, clutching; taking, holding, receiving &c. —हः 1 Seizing, grasping. –2 A crocodile, shark; रागग्रहवती Bh. 3. 45. –3 A prisoner. –4 Accepting. –5 Understanding, knowledge. –6 Persistence, importunity. –7 Determination, resolve; Bg. 17. 19. –8 A disease. –9 Any large fish or marine animal. –10 Morbid affection, disease. –12 Beginning, undertaking. —ही A female crocodile.

ग्राह *ind* (At the end of comp.) Taking, seizing; बाहुग्राह गृहीता V. 1.

ग्राहक *a.* (हिका *f.*) [ग्रह् ण्वुल्] One who receives, takes &c. —कः 1 A hawk, falcon. –2 A curer of poison. –3 A purchaser. –4 A police-officer.

ग्राहकत्वं Sensibility, power of feeling; Mál. 1. 41.

ग्राहिः 1 A female evil spirit. –2 A swoon.

ग्राहित *a.* Made to take or seize.

ग्राहिन् *a.* [ग्रह् णिनि] 1 Seizing, taking, holding. –2 Picking, gathering. –3 Containing. –4 Drawing, attracting, alluring. –5 Obtaining, gaining. –6 Searching through, scrutinizing. –7 Choosing, selecting. –8 Perceiving, observing. –9 Accepting. –10 Astringent. –11 Obstructing. —*m.* The wood-apple tree. —णी Adverse fate (प्रतिकूला).

ग्राह्य *a.* [ग्रह्-ण्यत्] 1 To be taken or seized &c., see ग्रह्. –2 To be understood; Pt. 1. 47. –3 Acceptable. –3 To be received in a hospitable manner. –5 To be admitted in evidence. —ह्यं A present.

ग्रामः [ग्रस्-मन् आदंतादेशः] 1 A village, hamlet; पत्तने विद्यमानेऽपि ग्रामे रत्नपरीक्षा M. 1; त्यजेदेकं कुलस्यार्थे ग्रामस्यार्थे कुलं त्यजेत्। ग्रामं जनपदस्यार्थे स्वात्मार्थे पृथिवीं त्यजेत् ॥ H. 1. 149; R. 1. 44; Me. 30. –2 A race, community. –3 A multitude, collection (of anything); *e. g.* गुणग्राम, इंद्रियग्राम; Bg. 8. 19, 9. 8. –4 A gamut, scale in music. –**Comp.** —अधिकृतः –अध्यक्षः,–ईशः,–ईश्वरः superintendent, head, chief of a village. —अंतः the border of a village, space near a village; Ms. 4. 116. 11. 79. —अंतरं another village. —अतिकं the neighbourhood of a village. —अंतीय *a.* situated in the neighbourhood of a village. —यं space near a village. —आचारः a village custom. —आधानं hunting. —उपाध्यायः the village priest. —कंटकः 1. 'the village-pest', one who is a source of trouble to the village. –2. a tale-bearer. —काम *a.* 1. one wishing to take possession of a village. –2. fond of living in villages. —कुक्कुटः a domestic cock. —कुमारः 1. one beautiful in a village. –2. a village-boy. —कूटः 1. the noblest man in a village. –2. a Śūdra. —गृह्य *a.* being outside a village. —गोवृहः the herdsman of a village. —घातः plundering a village. —घोषिन् *m.* an epithet of Indra. —चर्या sexual intercourse; (स्त्रीसंभोग) —चैत्यः a sacred fig-tree of a village; Me. 23. —ज, –जात *a.* 1. village-born, rustic. –2. grown in cultivated ground. —जालं a number of villages, a district. —णीः 1. the leader or chief of a village or community. –2. a leader or chief in general. –3. a barber. –4. an epithet of Vishṇu. –5. a libidinous man. (–*f.*) 1. a whore, harlot. –2. the indigo plant. °पुत्रः a bastard, the son of a harlot. —तक्षः a village-carpenter. —देवता the tutelary deity of a village. —द्रुमः a sacred tree in a village. —धर्मः sexual intercourse. —पालः 1. the guardian of a village. –2. army for the protection of a village. —प्रेष्यः the messenger or servant of a community or village. —मद्गुरिका a riot, fray, village tumult. —मुखं a market. —मृगः a dog. —याजकः, –याजिन् *m.* 1. 'the village priest', a priest who conducts the religious ceremonies for all classes and is consequently considered as a degraded, Brâhmaṇa. –2. the attendant of an idol. —युद्धं a riot, fray. —लुंठनं plundering a village. —वासः (ग्रामेवासः also) 1. a villager. –2. residence in a village. —षंडः an impotent man (क्लीब). —संकरः the common sewer or drain of a village. —संघः a village-corporation. —सिंहः a dog. —स्थ *a.* 1. a villager. –2. a co-villager. —हासकः a sister's husband.

ग्रामकः 1 A villager. –2 The collective department of celestial pleasures.

ग्रामटिका A wretched or miser-