able village ; कतिग्रामान्तिकापर्यटन-दुर्विदग्ध P. R. 1.

ग्रामयति Den. P. To invite or call.

ग्रामिक a. (की f.) 1 Rural, rustic. -2 (In music) Chromatic. -3 Rude. —क: 1 The headman of a village ; Ms. 7. 116, 118. -2 A villager.

ग्रामिन् a. 1 Rustic, rural. -2 Libidinous. —m. 1 A villager, peasant. -2 The head of a village. —णी The indigo plant.

ग्रामीण a. [ग्रामे भव: खञ्] 1 Vulgar, rude. -2 Chromatic. -3 Belonging to a village. —ण: 1 A villager; ग्रामीण-वध्वस्तमलक्षिता जनैश्चिरं वृतीनामुपरि व्य-लोकयन् Si. 12. 37 ; Amaru. 11. -2 A dog. -3 A crow. -4 A hog.

ग्रामीय a. Belonging to a village. —य: A villager, boor, churl.

ग्रामेय a. (यी f.) Village-born, rustic. —यी A harlot, prostitute.

ग्राम्य a. [ग्राम-यत्] 1 Relating to or used in a village; Ms. 6. 3; 7. 120. -2 Living in a village, rural, rustic; अल्पव्ययेन सुंदरि ग्राम्यजनो निष्टमश्नाति Chand. M. 1. -3 Domesticated, tame (as an animal). -4 Cultivated (opp. वन्य 'growing wild'). -5 Low, vulgar, used only by low people (as a word); चुंबनं देहि मे भार्ये कामचांडालतृप्तये R. G., or कटिस्ते हरते मन: S. D. 574, are instances of ग्राम्य expressions. -6 Indecent, obscene. -7 Relating to sexual pleasures. -8 Relating to a musical scale. —म्य: 1 A tame hog. -2 The first two signs of the zodiac, *Aries* and *Taurus*. —म्या The Indigo plant. —म्यं 1 A rustic speech. -2 Food prepared in a village. -3 Sexual intercourse. -4 Acceptance. **-Comp.** —अश्व: an ass. —कर्मन् n. 1 the occupation of a villager -2. sexual pleasure. —कुंकुमं safflower. —धर्म: 1. the duty of a villager. -2. sexual intercourse, copulation. -3. the right of a villager (as opp. to that of a 'recluse'). —पशु: a domestic animal. —बुद्धि a. boorish, clownish, ignorant. —मृग: a dog. —वल्लभा a harlot, prostitute. —सुखं sexual intercourse, copulation

ग्रावन् a. Hard, solid. —m. 1 A stone or rock; किं हि नानैतदंबुनि मज्जं दयलाबूनि ग्रावण: संप्लवंत इति Mv. 1; अपि ग्रावा रोदित्यपि दलति वज्रस्य हृदयं U. 1. 28; Si. 4. 23. -2 A mountain. -3 A cloud.

ग्रीवा [गिरत्यनया, गृ-वनिप् किं० Un. 1. 152] The neck, the back part of the neck; ग्रीवाभंग अभिरामं मुहुरनुपतति स्यंदने दत्तदृष्टि: S. 1. 7. **-Comp.** —घंटा a bell hanging down from the neck of a horse.

ग्रीवालिका See ग्रीवा.

ग्रीविन् a. Long-necked, handsome-necked. —m. A camel.

ग्रीष्म a. [ग्रसते रसान्; ग्रस्-मनिन् Un. 1. 147] Hot, warm. —ष्म: 1 The summer, the hot season, corresponding to the months of Jyeshtha and Shâdha; ग्रीष्मसमयमधिकृत्य गीयतां S. 1; R. 16. 54; Bv. 1. 35. -2 Heat, warmth. —ष्मी The नवमल्लिका plant. **-Comp.** —कालीन a. pertaining to summer. —उद्भवा, —जा, —भवा the Navamallikâ creeper, (double jasmine).

ग्रुच् 1 P. (ग्रोचति) 1 To steal, rob. -2 To go.

ग्रैव (वी f.), ग्रैवेय (यी f.) a. [ग्रीवायां भव: ; अण् ढक् वा] Being on or belonging to the neck ; Si. 18. 10. —वं, -यं 1 A collar or necklace. -2 A chain worn round the neck of an elephant; नासस्त् करिणां मैवं त्रिपदी-च्छेदिनामपि R. 4. 48, 75.

ग्रैवेयकं [ग्रीवायां बद्धोऽलंकार:, ढकञ्] 1 A neck-ornament ; *e. g.* अस्माकं सखि वाससी न रुचिरे ग्रैवेयकं नोज्ज्वलं S. D. 3. -2 A chain worn round the neck of an elephant.

ग्रैष्म, ग्रैष्मिक a. Relating to summer.

ग्रैष्मक a. (ष्मिका f.) 1 Sown in summer. -2 To be paid in summer (as a debt).

ग्लस् 1 A. (ग्लसते, ग्लस्त) To eat, devour.

ग्लह् 1 U., 10 U. (ग्लहति-ते, ग्लाहयति-ते) 1 To gamble, to win by gambling. -2 To take, receive.

ग्लह: [cf. P. III. 3. 70] 1 A dice-player. -2 A stake, wager, bet; व्याख्युक्षीमभिसरणग्लहामदीव्यन् Si. 8. 32. -3 A die. -4 Gambling, playing. -5 A dice-box. -6 Cast of the dice, game at dice. -7 A chess-man.

ग्लुच् 1 P. (ग्लोचति, ग्लुक) 1 To go, move. -2 To steal, rob. -3 To take away, deprive of; बद्धन्मग्लुचत् प्राणान्ग्लोचीश्च रणे यश: Bk. 15. 30.

ग्लुंच् 1 P. (ग्लुंचति) 1 To rob. -2 To go.

ग्लेप् 1 A. (ग्लेपते) 1 To be poor or miserable. -2 To shake, tremble. -3 To move or go.

ग्लेच् 1 A. (ग्लेवते) To serve, worship.

ग्लेष् 1 A. (ग्लेषते) To seek, search, investigate.

ग्लै 1 P. (ग्लायति, ग्लान) 1 To feel aversion or dislike, be unwilling or disinclined to do anything (with inf.). -2 To be fatigued or wearied, feel tired or exhausted. -3 To despond, sink in spirit, be dejected ; Bk. 19. 17, 6. 12. -4 To wane, fade, faint away. —*Caus.* (ग्ल-ग्लापयति, but ग्रग्लापयति) 1 To cause to fade away, wither up ; S. 3. 18; Ku. 3. 49. -2 To tire out, exhaust. -3 To injure, trouble, hurt. -4 To emaciate, waste ; Ku. 5.29; U. 3. 5.

ग्लपनं 1 Withering, drying up. -2 Exhaustion.

ग्लान p. p. [ग्लै कर्तरि क्त] 1 Weary, languid, tired, fatigued, exhausted. -2 Sick, ill. —नं 1 Exhaustion. -2 Disease.

ग्लानि: f. [ग्लै भावे नि] 1 Exhaustion, languor, fatigue; मनश्च ग्लानि-मृच्छति Ms. 1. 53 ; अंगग्लानिं सुरतज-नितां Me. 70, 31; Sânti. 4. 4. -2 Decay, decline; आत्मोदयः परग्लानिर्द्वयं नीतिरितीयती Si. 2. 30; यदा यदा हि धर्मस्य ग्लानिर्भवति भारत Bg. 4. 7. -3 Debility, weakness. -4 Displeasure, unwillingness, sickness.

ग्लास्नु a. [ग्लै-स्नु] Languid, wearied.

ग्लौ m. 1 The moon. -2 Camphor. -3 The earth.