ते तु यावंत एवाजौ तावांश्च दृश्ये स तैः R. 12. 45. -4 Condition (if=चेत्); जीवितुं चेच्छसे (=इच्छसे चेद्) मूढ हेतुं मे गदतः शृणु Mb.; लोभश्चास्ति (अस्ति चेद्) गुणेन किं Bh. 2. 45 v. l. -5 It is often used expletively (पादपूरणार्थे); भीमः पार्थस्तथैव च G. M. (Lexicographers give, besides the above, the following senses of च which are included in the general idea of *copulation*; 1 अन्वाचय joining a subordinate fact with a principal one; भो भिक्षामट गां चानय; see अन्वाचय. -2 समाहार collective combination; as पाणी च पादौ च पाणिपादं. -2 इतरेतरयोग or mutual connection; as प्लक्षश्च न्यग्रोधश्च प्लक्षन्यग्रोधौ. -4 समुच्चय aggregation; as पचति च पठति च). च is frequently repeated with two assertions (1) in the sense of 'on the one hand-on the other hand', 'though-yet', to denote antithesis; न सुलभा सकलेंदुमुखी च सा किमपि चेदमनंगविचेष्टितं V. 2. 9; 4. 3; R 16. 7; or (2) to express simultaneous or undelayed occurrence of two events (no sooner than, as soon as); ते च प्रापुरदन्वंतं बुबुधे चादिपूरुषः R. 10.6; 3. 40; 11. 50, 81; Ku. 3. 58, 66; S. 6. 7; Mal. 9. 39.

चक् 1 U. (चकति-ते, चकित) 1 To be satiated, be contented or satisfied. -2 To repel, resist. -3 To shine.

चकित *a.* [चक् कर्तरि क्त] 1 Shaking, trembling (through fear); भय°, साध्वस°; Me. 27. -2 Frightened, made to tremble, startled; व्याधानुसारचकिता हरिणीव यासि Mk. 1. 17; Amaru. 46; Me. 14. -3 Afraid, timid, apprehensive; चकितविलोकितसकलदिशा Gît. 2; पौलस्त्यचकितेश्वराः (दिशः) R. 10. 73. —तं 1 Trembling. -2 Alarm, fear. —तं *ind.* With fear, in a startled manner, alarmingly, with awe; चकितमुपैमि तथापि पार्श्वमस्य M.1 11; सभयचकितं Gît. 5; Śânti. 4. 4.

चकास् 2 P. (rarely A.) (चकास्ति-ते, चकासांचकार, अचकासीत् चकासित) 1 To shine, be bright; गंडश्रेणि चकास्ति नीलनलिनश्रीमोचनं लोचनं Gît. 10; चकाससे चारुचमूरुचर्मणा Si. 1. 8; Bk. 3. 37. -2 (Fig.) To be happy or prosperous; वितन्वति क्षेममदेवमातृकाश्चिराय तस्मिन् कुरवश्चकासते Ki. 1. 17. —*Caus.* To cause to shine, illuminate; Si. 3. 6. —With वि to shine, be bright.

चकासित *a.* Shining, splendid, bright.

चकोरः [चक्-नृतौ ओरन् Un. 1. 64] A kind of bird, the Greek partridge (said to feed on moonbeams); ज्योत्स्नापानमदालसेन वपुरा मत्ताश्चकोरांगनाः Vb. 1. 11; इतश्चकोराक्षि विलोकयेति R. 6. 59; 7. 25; स्फुरदधरसीधवे तव वदनचंद्रमा रोचयति लोचनचकोरं Gît. 10. (चकोरकः also.)

चक् 10 P. (चक्कयति) 1 To suffer. -2 To give or inflict pain, trouble.

चक्कल *a.* Round, circular.

चक्कसः Dishonesty, crookedness, fraud.

चक्र [क्रियते अनेन, कृ घञर्थे क नि° द्वित्वम् Tv.] 1 The wheel of a carriage; चक्रवत्परिवर्तंते दुःखानि च सुखानि च H. 1. 173. -2 A potter's wheel. -3 A sharp circular missile weapon, a disc (especially applied to the weapon of Vishnu). -4 An oil mill. -5 A circle, ring; कलापचक्रेषु निवेशिताननं Rs. 2. 14. -6 A troop, multitude, collection, Si. 20. 17. -7 A realm, sovereignty. -8 A province, district, a group of of villages. -9 A form of military array in a circle. -10 A circle or depression of the body. -11 A cycle, cycle of years. -12 The horizon. -13 An army, a host. -14 Section of a book. -15 A whirlpool. -16 The winding of a river. -17 An *astronomical circle*; राशि° the zodiac. -18 Circular flight (of birds &c.). -19 A particular constellation in the form of a hexagon. -20 Range, department in general. -21 The convolutions or spiral marks of the शालिग्राम. -22 A crooked or fraudulent contrivance. —क्रः 1 The ruddy goose (also called चक्रवाक). -2 A multitude, troop, group. -**Comp.** —अंगः 1. a gander having a curved neck. -2. a carriage. -3. the ruddy goose (चक्रवाक). (-गी) a goose. (-गं) a parasol. —अटः 1. a juggler, snake-catcher. -2. a rogue, knave, cheat. -3. a particular coin, a *dînâra*. —अधिवासिन् *m.* the orange tree —आकार,-आकृति *a.* circular, round. —आयुधः an epithet of Vishnu. —आवर्तः whirling or rotatory motion. —आह्वः, -आह्वयः the ruddy goose; —ईश्वरः 1. lord of the discus', N. of Vishnu. -2. the officer in charge of a district. —उपजीविन् *m.* an oilman. —कारकं 1. a nail. -2. a kind of perfume. —गंडुः a round pillow. —गतिः *f.* rotation, revolution. —गुच्छः the Asoka tree. —ग्रहणं,-नी *f.* a rampart, an entrenchment. —चर *a.* moving in a circle. (-रः) a juggler. —चारिन् *m.* a chariot. —चूडामणिः a round jewel in a coronet or diadem. —जीवकः, -जीविन् *m.* a potter. —तीर्थं N. of a holy place. —तुंडः a hog. —धर *a.* 1. bearing or having a wheel. -2. carrying a discus. -3. driving in a carriage. -(रः) 1. an epithet of Vishnu; चक्रधरप्रभावः R. 16. 55. -2. a sovereign, governor or ruler of a province. -3. a village tumbler or juggler. -4. a snake. —धारा the periphery of a wheel. —नदी the Gandakî river. —नाभिः the nave of a wheel. —नामन् *m.* 1. the ruddy goose (चक्रवाक). -2. a pyritic ore of iron. —नायकः 1. the leader of a troop. -2. a kind of perfume. —नेमिः *f.* the periphery or circumference of a wheel; नीचैश्चक्रस्युपरि च दशा चक्रनेमिक्रमेण Me. 109. —पाणिः an epithet of Vishnu. —पादः, -पादकः 1. a carriage. -2. an elephant. —पालः 1. the governor of a province. -2. an officer in charge of a division of an army. -3. horizon. -4. a circle. -5. one who carries a discus. —फलं a kind of discus. —बंधुः,-बांधवः the sun. —बालः,-डः, वालः,-लं,-डं 1. a ring, circle. -2. a collection, group, multitude, mass; कैरवचक्रवालं Bh. 2. 74; प्रकटयसि किमुच्चैरंबुधेर्वेलां चक्रवालं Ratn. 4. 16; Mv. 6. 4; Mu. 3. 21.; K. 126, 178. -3. horizon. (-लः) 1. a mythical range of mountains supposed to encircle the orb of the earth like a wall and to be the limit of light and darkness. -2. the ruddy goose. —बालधिः a dog. —भृत् *m.* 1. one who holds a discus. -2 N. of Vishnu. —भेदिनी night. —भ्रमः,-भ्रमिः *f.* a lathe or grindstone; आरोप्य चक्रभ्रमिमुत्पतेजारस्यद्वेव यन्त्रोल्लिखितो विभाति R. 6. 32. —भ्रांतिः *f.* revolution of wheels; V. 1. 5. —मंडलिन् *m.* a species of cobra. —मुखः a hog. —मुखलः a battle carried on with the discus and club. —यानं a wheel-