While he was in this wretched condition, Visvamitra, whose family Trisanku had in times of famine laid under deep obligations, undertook to celebrate the sacrifice, and invited all the gods to be present. They, however, declined; whereupon the enraged Visvamitra by his own power lifted up Trisanku to the skies with his cherished mortal body. He began to soar higher and higher till his head struck against the vault of the heaven, when he was hurled down headforemost by Indra and the other gods. The mighty Visvamitra, however, arrested him in his downward course, saying 'Stay Trisanku', and the unfortunate monarch remained suspended with his head towards the earth as a constellation in the southern hemisphere. Hence the well-known proverb; **त्रिशंकुरिवांतरा तिष्ठ** *S.* 2]. -2. the Châtaka bird. -3. a cat. -4. a grass-hopper. -5. a fire-fly. °**ऋः** an epithet of Harischandra. °**याजिन्** *m.* an epithet of Visvâmitra. —**शत** *a.* three hundred. (-तं) 1. one hundred and three. —2. three hundred. —**शरणः** a Buddha. —**शालं** a house with three halls or chambers. —**शिखं** 1. a trident. —2. a crown or crest (with three points). —**शिरस्** *m.* 1. N. of a demon killed by Râma. -2. an epithet of Kubera. -3. fever. —**शीर्षः** *Siva.* —**शीर्षकं**, —**शूलं** a trident. °**अंकः**, °**धारिन्** *m.* an epithet of *Siva.* —**शूलिन्** *m.* an epithet of *Siva.* —**शृंगः** 1. the Trikuta mountain. -2. a triangle. —**शोकः** the soul. —**षष्टिः** *f.* sixty-three. —**संध्यं**, **-संध्यी** the three periods of the day, *i. e.* dawn, noon, and sunset. —**संध्यं** *ind.* at the time of the three Sandhyâs. —**सप्तत** *a.* seventy-third. —**सप्ततिः** *f.* seventy-three. —**सप्तन्**, **-सप्त** *a. pl.* three times 7, *i. e.* 21. —**सम** *a.* (in geom.) having three equal sides, equilateral. —**साम्यं** an equilibrium of the three (qualities). —**स्थली** the three sacred places, काशी, प्रयाग, and गया. —**स्रोतस्** *f.* an epithet of the Ganges; **त्रिस्रोतसं वहति यो गगनप्रतिष्ठां** *S.* 7. 6; R. 10. 63; Ku. 7. 15. —**सौत्य**, **-हल्य** *a.* ploughed thrice (as a field). —**हायण** *a.* three years old.

त्रिंश *a.* (**शी** *f.*) 1 Thirtieth. -2 Joined with thirty; *e. g.* **त्रिंशं शतं** one hundred and thirty. -3 Consisting of thirty. -4 $\frac{1}{30}$ of a sign of the zodiac, a degree.

त्रिंशक *a.* 1 Consisting of thirty. -2 Bought for or worth thirty.

त्रिंशत् *f.* Thirty. —**Comp.** —**पत्रं** A lotus opening at moonrise.

त्रिंशत्कं An aggregate of thirty.

त्रिंशतिः *f.* Thirty.

त्रिक *a.* [त्रयाणां संघः कन्] 1 Triple, three-fold. -2 Forming a triad. -3 Three per cent. -4 Happening the third time. —**कं** 1 A triad. -2 A place where three roads meet. -3 The lower part of the spine, the part about the hips; **त्रिके स्थूलता** Pt. 1. 190; **कश्चिद्विवृत्तत्रिकभिन्नहारः** R. 6. 16. -4 The part between the shoulder-blades. -5 The three spices. —**का** 1 A contrivance for raising water (like a wheel) over which passes the rope of the bucket. -2 The cover of a well.

त्रितय *a.* (**यी** *f.*) Consisting of three parts, three-fold. —**यं** A triad, a group of three; **श्रद्धा वित्तं विधिश्चेति त्रितयं तत्समागतं** *S.* 7. 29; R. 8. 78; Y. 3. 266.

त्रिधा *ind.* In three ways, or in three parts; Ku. 7. 44; Bg. 18. 19.

त्रिस् *ind.* Thrice, three times.

त्रुट् 4. 6. P. (त्रुटयति, त्रुटति, त्रुटित) To tear, break, fall asunder, snap, be split (fig. also); **गङ्गदगलस्त्रुटच्छिलीनाक्षरं** Bh. 3. 8, 1. 96; **अयं ते बाष्पौघस्त्रुटित इव मुक्तामणिसरः** U. 1. 29.

त्रुटिः, **-टी** *f.* [त्रुट्-इन् वा ङीप्] 1 Cutting, tearing. -2 A small part, an atom. -3 A very minute space of time equal to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a *Kshana* or $\frac{1}{2}$ of a *Lava*. -4 Doubt, uncertainty. -5 Loss, destruction. -6 Small cardamoms (the plant).

त्रुटित *p. p.* Cut, broken, divided, split &c.

त्रोटिः *f.*, **-टी** A bill, beak. —**Comp.** —**हस्तः** a bird.

त्रुप् (फ्), त्रुंप् (फ्) 1 P. (त्रोपति &c.) To hurt, kill.

त्रेता 1 A triad, triplet. -2 The three sacred fires taken collectively; Ms. 2. 231; R. 13. 37. -3 A particular throw at dice, a cast of three or trey; **त्रेताहतसर्वस्वः** Mk. 2. 8. -4 The second of the four Yugas of the Hindus; see युग.

त्रेधा *ind.* Trebly, in three ways or parts; **तदेकं सत्त्रेधाख्यायते** *Sat. Br.*; (**नमः**) **तुभ्यं त्रेधा स्थितात्मने** R. 10. 16.

त्रै 1 A. (त्रायते, त्रात or त्राण) To protect, preserve, rescue or save from, defend from (usually with abl.); **क्षतात्किल त्रायत इत्युदग्रः क्षत्रस्य शब्दो भुवनेषु रूढः** R. 2. 53; Bg. 2. 40; Ms. 9. 138; Bk. 5. 54; 15. 120. —With **परि** to save &c.; **परित्रायस्व, परित्रायस्व** (in dramas).

त्राण *p. p.* [त्रै कर्मणि क्त, भावे ल्युट् वा] Protected, guarded, preserved, saved. —**णं** 1 Protection, defence, preservation; **आर्तत्राणाय वः शस्त्रं न प्रहर्तुमनागसि** *S.* 1. 11; R. 15. 3; Mâl. 9. 26. -2 Shelter, help, refuge. -3 Protecting, preserving. -4 An armour.

त्रात *p. p.* Preserved, saved, protected. —**तं** Protection.

त्रातृ *a.* 1 A guardian, defender, protector. -2 Protecting, defending.

त्रैकालिक *a.* (**की** *f.*) Relating to the three times, *i. e.* past, present, and future.

त्रैकाल्यं 1 The three times, past, present, and future, or sunrise, noon and sunset. -2 Tripartition. -3 A triad.

त्रैगुणिक चै *a.* (**की** *f.*) Triple three-fold.

त्रैगुण्यं 1 The state of consisting of three threads, qualities &c. -2 Triplicity. -3 The three Gunas or properties (सत्त्व, रजस् and तमस्) taken collectively; **त्रैगुण्योद्भवमत्र लोकचरितं नानारसं दृश्यते** M. 1. 4.

त्रैतं Ved. A triad.

त्रैदशिक *a.* Divine. —**कं** The part of the hand sacred to the gods.

त्रैध *a.* Threefold, triple.

त्रैनिष्किक *a.* Worth three nishkas.

त्रैपुरः 1 The Tripura country. -2 A ruler or inhabitant of that country.

त्रैपुरुष *a.* (**षी** *f.*) Extending to the three male generations.

त्रैमातुरः An epithet of Lakshmana.

त्रैमासिक *a.* (**की** *f.*) 1 Three months old. -2 Lasting for or occurring every three months. -3 Quarterly.

त्रैमास्यं A period of three months.

त्रैराशिकं The rule of three (in math.).

त्रैलोकः An epithet of Indra.

त्रैलोक्यं The three worlds taken