gal acquisition. —आग्रहः foolish obstinacy, headstrongness, pertinacity. —आचर *a.* 1. hard to be performed. -2. incurable (as a disease). —आचार *a.* 1. ill-conducted, badly behaved. -2. following bad practices, wicked, depraved; Pg. 9. 30. (-रः) bad practice, ill-conduct, wickedness. —आत्मता vileness, baseness, wickedness. —आत्मन् *a.* evil-natured, low, wicked, vile, base, mean; Pt. 1. 39. (-*m.*) a rascal, villain, scoundrel. —आधर *a.* difficult to be withstood or overpowered, irresistible. —आधर्ष *a.* 1. hard to be approached or assailed, unassailable. -2. not to be attacked with impunity. -3 haughty. (-र्षः) white mustard. —आधारः an epithet of *Siva*. —आधी *a* Ved. malignant, thinking ill of. —आनम *a.* difficult to bend or draw; R. 11. 38. —आप *a.* 1. difficult to be obtained; श्रिया दुरापः कथमीदृशस्तव S. 3. 14; R. 1. 72; 6. 62. -2. difficult to be approached; Pt. 1. 67. -3. hard to be overcome. —आबाध *a.* hard to be molested. (-धः) N. of *Siva*. —आराध्य *a* difficult to be propitiated, hard to be won over or conciliated; Pt. 1. 38. —आरुह *a.* difficult to be mounted. (-हः) 1. the Bilva tree. -2. the cocoa-nut tree. -3. the date tree. —आरोह *a.* difficult of ascent. (-हः) 1. the cocoa-nut tree. -2 the palm tree. -3 the date tree. —आलापः 1. a curse, imprecation. -2. foul or abusive language. —आलोक *a.* 1. difficult to be seen or perceived. -2. painfully bright, dazzling; दुरालोकः स समरे निदाघार्क इवोत्थितः K. P. 10. (-कः) dazzling splendour. —आवार *a* 1. difficult to be covered. -2. difficult to be restrained, shut in, kept back or stopped. —आशय *a.* 1. evil-minded, wicked, malicious. -2. having a bad place of rest. —आशा 1. a bad or wicked desire. -2. hoping against hope. —आसद *a.* 1. difficult to be approached or overtaken, unassailable, unconquerable; R. 3. 66, 8. 4; Mv. 2. 5, 4. 15. -2. difficult to be found or met with. -3. unequalled, unparalleled. -4. hard to be borne, insupportable. (-दः) an epithet of *Siva*. —इत *a.* 1. difficult. -2 sinful. (-तं) 1. a bad course, evil, sin; दुरिन्द्राणां दैत्यैर्दुरितमथ दुर्वासनहृदां द्रुतं दूरीकुर्वन् G. L. 2; R. 8. 2; Amaru. 2; Mv. 3. 43. -2. a difficulty, danger. -3. a calamity, evil; U. 4. 3. —इतिः *f.* Ved. 1. a bad course. -2. difficulty. —इष्टं 1. a curse, imprecation. -2 a spell or sacrificial rite performed to injure another person. —ईशः a bad lord or master. —ईषणा, -एषणा 1. a curse, an imprecation. -2. an evil eye. —उक्त *a.* harshly uttered; Pt. 1. 89. —उक्तं, -उक्तिः *f.* offensive speech, reproach, abuse, censure. —उच्छेद *a.* difficult to be destroyed. —उत्तर *a.* unanswerable. —उदाहर *a.* difficult to be pronounced or composed; अनुज्झितार्थसंधेः प्रबंधो दुरुदाहरः Si. 2. 73. —उद्वह *a.* burdensome, unbearable. —ऊह *a.* abstruse. —एव *a* Ved. 1. having evil ways. -2. irresistible, unassailable. (-वः) a wicked person. —ओषण् *a.* Ved. slow, lazy. —ग *a.* 1. difficult of access, inaccessible, impervious, impassable. -2. unattainable. -3. incomprehensible. (-गः-गं) 1. a difficult or narrow passage through a wood or over a stream, mountain &c., a defile, narrow pass. -2. a citadel, fortress, castle. -3. rough ground. -4 difficulty, adversity, calamity, distress, danger; निस्तारयति दुर्गाच्च Ms. 3. 98, 11. 43; Bg. 18. 58. (-गः) 1. bdellium. -2. the Supreme Being. -3. N. of an *Asura* slain by Durgâ (thus receiving her name from him). °अध्यक्षः, °पतिः, °पालः the commandant or governor of a castle. °कर्मन् *n.* fortification. °कारक *a.* making difficult. (-कः) the birch tree. °स्त्री N. of Durgâ. °तरणी an epithet of Sâvitrî. °मार्गः a defile, gorge. °लंघनं surmounting difficulties. (-नः) a camel. °संचरः 1. a difficult passage as to a fort &c., a bridge &c. over a defile. °व्यसनं a defect or weak point in a fortress. (-र्गा) an epithet of Pârvatî, wife of *Siva*. —गत *a.* 1. unfortunate, in bad circumstances; Bk 18. 10. -2. indigent, poor. -3. distressed, in trouble. —गतता ill-luck, poverty, misery; Pt. 1. 265. —गतिः *f.* 1. misfortune, poverty, want, trouble, indigence; Bg. 6. 40. -2. a difficult situation or path. -3. hell. —गंध *a.* ill-smelling. (-धः) 1. bad odour, stink. -2. any ill-smelling substance. -3. an onion. -4 the mango tree. (-धं) sochal salt. —गंधि, -गंधिन् *a.* ill-smelling. —गम *a.* 1. impassable, inaccessible, impervious; कामिनीकायकांतारे कुचपर्वतदुर्गमे Bh. 1. 86; Si. 12. 49. -2. unattainable, difficult of attainment. -3. hard to be understood. —गाढ, -गाध, -गाह्य *a.* difficult to be fathomed or investigated, unfathomable. —ग्रह *a.* 1. difficult to be gained or accomplished. -2. difficult to be conquered or subjugated; R. 17. 52. -3. hard to be understood. (-ग्रहः) a cramp, spasm. —घट *a.* 1. difficult. -2. impossible. —घन *a.* closely packed together, very compact. —घोषः 1. a harsh cry. -2. a bear. —जन *a.* 1. wicked, bad, vile. -2. slanderous, malicious, mischievous; U. 1. 6. (-नः) a bad or wicked person, a malicious or mischievous man, villain; दुर्जनः प्रियवादी च नैतद्विश्वासकारणं Chân. 24, 25; शाम्येदप्रत्युपकारेण नोपकारेण दुर्जनः Ku. 2. 4; दुर्जनायते Den. A. to become wicked; Pt. 1. 5.). —जय *a.* invincible. (-यः) N. of Vishnu. —जर *a.* 1. ever youthful. -2. hard (as food), indigestible. -3. difficult to be enjoyed. —जात *a.* 1. unhappy, wretched. -2 bad-tempered, bad, wicked. -3. false, not genuine. (-तं) 1. a misfortune, calamity, difficulty; इदं तावद्दुर्जातं मेऽभ्यंतरसाहाय्यकारिणी भव M. 3; दुर्जातबंधुः R. 13. 72 'a friend in need or adversity.' -2. impropriety. —जाति *a.* 1. bad-natured, vile, wicked; Amaru. 96. -2. outcast. (-तिः *f.*) misfortune, ill-condition. —ज्ञान, -ज्ञेय *a.* difficult to be known, incomprehensible. (-यः) N. of *Siva*. —णयः, -नयः, -नीतिः 1. bad conduct. -2. impropriety. -3. injustice. —णामन्, -नामन् *a.* having a bad name. —णीत *a.* 1. ill-behaved. -2. impolitic. -3. forward. (-तं) misconduct. —दम, -दमन, -दम्य *a.* difficult to be subdued, untamable, indomitable. —दर्श *a.* 1. difficult to be seen. -2. dazzling; Pg. 11, 52. —दर्शन *a.* ugly, ill-looking; Mâl. 2. 8. —दशा a misfortune, calamity. —दांत *a.* 1. hard to be tamed or subdued, untamable; *Si.* 12. 22. -2. intractable, proud, in-