solent; दुर्वृत्तानां दमनविधयः क्षत्रियेष्वायत्तो Mv. 3. 34. (-त्तः) 1. a calf. -2. a strife, quarrel. -3. N. of Śiva. -दिन a. cloudy, rainy. (-नं) 1. a bad day in general. -2. a rainy or cloudy day, stormy or rainy weather; उन्मत्तकालदुर्दिनं Mk. 5; Ku. 6. 43; Mv. 4. 57. -3. a shower (of any thing); R. 4. 41, 82, 5. 47; U. 5. 5. -4. thick darkness. (दुर्दिनायते Den. A. to become cloudy.) -दिवसः a dark or rainy day; Pt. 1. 173. -दुरुक्तः an unbeliever. -दृश a. disagreeable to the sight, disgusting. -दृष्ट a. ill judged or seen, wrongly decided. -दैव ill-luck, misfortune. -द्यूत an unfair game. -द्रवः onion. -धर्ष a. 1. irresistible, difficult to be stopped. -2. difficult to be borne or suffered; दुर्धर्षेण मदनेन साध्यते Ghat. 11, Ms. 7. 28. -3. difficult to be accomplished. (-र्षः) quicksilver. -धर्ष a. 1. inviolable, unassailable. -2. inaccessible; H. Pr. 5. -3. fearful, dreadful. -4. haughty. -धी a. stupid, silly. -नामकः piles. -नामन् m. f. a cockle. (-न) piles. -निग्रह a. irrepressible, unruly; मनो दुर्निग्रहं चलं Bg. 6. 35. -निमित a. carelessly put or placed on the ground; पदे पदे दुर्निमिते गलंती R. 7. 10. -निमित्तं 1. a bad omen; R. 14. 50. -2. a bad pretext. -निवार, -निवार्य a. difficult to be checked or warded off, irresistible, invincible. -नीतिं misconduct, bad policy, demerit, misbehaviour; Pt. 2. 20; H. 1. 39. -2. ill-luck. -नीतिः f. mal-administration; Bv. 4. 36. -बल a. 1. weak, feeble. -2. enfeebled, spiritless; U. 1. 24. -3. thin, lean, emaciated; U. 3. -4. small, scanty, little; R. 5. 12. -बाल a. bald-headed. -2. void of pleasure. -3. having crooked hair. -बुद्धि a. 1. silly, foolish, stupid. -2. perverse, evil-minded, wicked; Bg. 1. 23. -बोध a. unintelligible, unfathomable, inscrutable; निसर्गदुर्बोधमबोधविक्लवाः क्व भूपतीनां चरितं क्व जंतवः Ki. 1. 6. -भग a. 1. unfortunate, unlucky; Pt. 1. 415. -2. not possessed of good features, ill-looking. -भगा 1. a wife disliked by her husband. -2. an ill-tempered woman, a shrew. -भर a. insupportable, burdensome. -भाग्य a. unfortunate, unlucky. (-ग्यं) ill-luck. -भावना 1. an evil thought. -2. a bad tendency. -भिक्ष 1. scarcity of provisions, dearth, famine; Y. 2. 147; Ms. 8. 22; H. 1. 73; Pt. 2. -2. want in general. -भिद, -भेद, -भेद्य a. firm. -भृत्यः a bad servant. -भ्रातृ m. a bad brother. -मति a. 1. silly, stupid, foolish, ignorant. -2. wicked, evil-minded; Ms. 11. 30. -मद a. drunken, ferocious, maddened, infatuated. -मनस् a. troubled in mind, discouraged, dispirited, sad, melancholy. [दुर्मनायते Den. A. to be troubled in mind, be sad, meditate sorrowfully, to be disconsolate, become vexed or fretted; Mâl 3]. -मनुष्यः a bad or wicked man. -मंत्र, -मंत्रि, -मंत्रणा evil advice, bad counsel; Pt. 1. 169. -मरं a hard or difficult death. -मरणं violent or unnatural death. -मर्ष a. 1. unbearable. -2. obstinate, hostile. -मर्षणः N. of Vishṇu. -मर्याद a. immodest, wicked. -मल्लिका, -मल्ली a minor drama, comedy, farce; S. D 553. -मित्र 1. a bad friend. -2. an enemy. -मुख a. 1. having a bad face, hideous, ugly; Bh. 1. 90. -2. foul-mouthed, abusive, scurrilous; Bh. 2. 69. (-खः) 1. a horse. -2. N. of Śiva. -मूल्य a. highly priced, dear. -मेधस् a. silly, foolish, dull-headed, dull; Pt. 1. (-m.) a dunce, dull-headed man, blockhead; मंथानधीरस्य व्याकर्तुमिति दुर्मेधसोऽप्यलं Si. 2. 26. -यशस् n. ill-repute, dishonour. -योगः 1. a bad or clumsy contrivance. -2. a bad combination. -योध, -योधन a. invincible, unconquerable. (-नः) the eldest of the 101 sons of Dhṛitarâshṭra and Gândhârî [From his early years he conceived a deep hatred for his cousins the Pandavas, but particularly Bhima, and made every effort he could to compass their destruction. When his father proposed to make Yudhishṭhira heir-apparent, Duryodhana did not like the idea, as his father was the reigning sovereign, and prevailed upon his blind father to send the Pandavas away into exile. Varanavata was fixed upon as their abode, and under pretext of constructing a palatial building for their residence, Duryodhana caused a palace to be built mostly of lac, resin and other combustible materials, thereby hoping to see them alldestroyed when they should enter it. But the Pandavas were forewarned and they safely escaped. They then lived at Indraprastha, and Yudhishṭhira performed the Rajasuya sacrifice with great pomp and splendour. This event further excited the anger and jealousy of Duryodhana who was already vexed to find that his plot for burning them up had signally failed, and he induced his father to invite the Pandavas to Hastinapura to play with dice (of which Yudhishṭhira was particularly fond). In that gambling-match, Duryodhana, who was ably assisted by his maternal uncle Sakuni, won from Yudhishṭhira everything that he staked, till the infatuated gambler staked himself, his brothers, and Draupadi herself, all of whom shared the same fate. Yudhishṭhira, as a condition of the wager, was forced to go to the forest with his wife and brothers, and to remain there for twelve years and to pass one additional year *incognito*. But even this period, long as it was, expired, and after their return from exile both the Pandavas and Kauravas made great preparations for the inevitable struggle and the great Bharati war commenced. It lasted for eighteen days during which all the Kauravas, with most of their allies, were slain. It was on the last day of the war that Bhima fought a duel with Duryodhana and smashed his thigh with his club.] -योनि a. of a low birth. -लक्ष्य a. difficult to be seen or perceived, hardly visible. -लभ a. 1. difficult to be attained, or accomplished; R. 1. 67, 17. 70; Ku. 4. 40, 5. 46, 61. -2. difficult to be found or met with, scarce, rare; शुद्धांतदुर्लभं S. 1. 16. -3 best, excellent, eminent. -4. dear, beloved. -5. costly. -ललित a. 1. spoilt by fondling, fondled too much, hard to please; हा मदंकदुर्ललित Ve. 4; V. 2. 8; Mâl. 9. -2. (hence) wayward, naughty, ill-bred, unruly; स्पृहयामि खलु दुर्ललितायास्मे S. 7. (-तं) waywardness, rudeness. -लेखं a forged document. -वच a. 1. difficult to be described, indescribable. -2. not to be talked about. -3. speaking improperly, abusing. (-चं) abuse, censure, foul language. -वचस् n. abuse, censure. -वर्ण a. bad-coloured. (-र्णं) 1. silver. -2. a kind of leprosy. -वस a. difficult to be resided in. -वसतिः f. painful residence; R. 8. 94. -वह a. heavy, difficult to be borne; U. 2. 10; Ku. 1. 11. -वाच् a. speaking ill. (-f.) 1. evil words, abuse. -2. inelegant