tance, remoteness. [*N. B.* Some of the oblique cases of दूर are used adverbially as follows:— (*a*) दूरं 1 to a distance, far away, far or distant from (with abl. or gen.); ग्रामात् or ग्रामस्य दूरं Sk. –2 high above. –3 deeply, far below. –4 highly, in a high degree, very much; नेत्रे दूरमनंजने S. D. –5 entirely, completely; निमग्नां दूरमंभसि Ks. 10. 29; दूरमुज्झितपापाः Me. 55. (*b*) दूरेण 1 far, from a distant place, from afar; खलः कापट्यदोषेण दूरेणैव विसृज्यते Bv. 1. 78. –2 by far, in a high degree; दूरेण ह्यवरं कर्म बुद्धियोगाद्धनंजय Bg. 2. 49; R. 10. 30. v. l. (*c*) दूरात् 1 from a distance, from afar; प्रक्षालनाद्धि पंकस्य दूरादस्पर्शनं वरं; दूरादागतः 'come from afar' (regarded as comp.); नवीयमभितो.....दूरात्परित्यज्यतां Bh. 1. 81; R. 1. 61. –2 in a remote degree. –3 from a remote period. (*d*) दूरे far, far away, in a distant place; न मे दूरे किंचिदक्षणमपि न पार्श्वे रथजवात् *S.* 1. 9; भोः श्रेष्ठिन् शिरसि भयमतिदूरे तत्प्रतीकारः Mu. 1; Bh. 3. 88]. (दूरीकृ means 1 to remove to a distance, remove, take away; आश्रमे दूरीकृताश्रमे Dk. 5; Bv. 1. 122. –2 to deprive (one) of, separate; Mk. 9. 4. –3 to prevent, ward off. –4 to surpass, excel, distance; *S.* 1. 17; so दूरीभू to be away or removed, be separated from, be at a distance; दूरीभूते मयि सहचरे चक्रवाकीमिवैकां Me. 83 –**Comp.** –अंतरित *a.* separated by a long distance. –आपातः shooting from afar. –आप्लाव *a.* jumping or leaping far. –आरूढ 1. mounted high. –2. far-advanced, intense, vehement; दूरारूढः खलु प्रणयोऽसहनः V. 4. –ईरितेक्षण *a.* squint-eyed. –गत *a.* 1. far removed, distant. –2. gone far, far advanced, grown intense; दूरगतमन्मथाऽक्षमेयं कालहरणस्य *S.* 3. –ग्रहणं the supernatural faculty of seeing objects though situated at a distance. –दर्शन,–दृश् *a.* far-seeing. (–नः),–*m.* 1. a vulture. –2. a learned man, a Pandit. – (–नं) prudence, foresight. –दर्शिन् *a.* far-seeing, foresighted, prudent. (–*m.*) 1. a vulture. –2. a learned man. –3. a seer, prophet, sage. –दृष्टिः 1. long-sightedness. –2. prudence, foresight. –पातः 1. a long fall. –2. a long flight. –3. falling from a great height. –पात्र *a.* having a wide channel, or bed (as a river.) –पार *a.* 1. very broad (as a river). –2. difficult to be crossed. (–रः) a broad river. (–रा) an epithet of the Ganges. –बंधु *a.* banished from wife and kinsmen; Me. 6. –भाज् *a.* distant, remote. –भिन्न *a.* wounded deeply. –वर्तिन् *a.* being in the distance, far removed, remote, distant. –वस्त्रक *a.* naked. –वासिन् *a.* outlandish. –विलंबिन् *a.* hanging far down. –वेधिन् *a.* piercing from afar. –संस्थ *a.* being at a distance, remote, far away; कंठाश्लेषप्रणयिनि जने किं पुनर्दूरसंस्थे Me. 3. –स्थ,–स्थित *a.* remote, far off.

दूरतः *ind.* 1 From afar, from a distance; तद्राज्यं दूरतस्त्यजेत् Pt. 5-69; वहति च परीतापं दोषं विमुंचति दूरतः Git. 2. –2 Far away, to a distance; Pt. 1. 9.

दूरेस्थ *a.* Being far, come from afar.

दूर्य Feces, ordure.

दूर्वा Bent grass, panic grass (considered as a sacred article of worship and offered to deities &c.). –**Comp.** –अंकुरः a soft blade of Dûrvâ grass; V. 3. 12.

दूलिका, दूली The Indigo plant.

दूष्यं A tent.

दूषक, दूषण, दूष्य &c. See under दुष्.

दृ I. 6 A. (दृयते, दृत; *desid.* दिदरिषते) (rarely used by itself, usually found in combination with आ) 1 To respect, honor, worship, reverence; द्वितीयाद्रियते सदा H. Pr. 7; Mv. 7. 3; Bk. 6. 55. –2 To care for, mind; usually with न. –3 To apply or devote oneself closely to, have regard for; भूरि श्रुतं शाश्वतमाद्रियंते Mâl. 1. 5. –4 To desire. –II. 5 P. (दृणोति) To hurt, kill.

दृत *a.* Respected, honoured. –ता Cumin.

दृत्यं Respect.

दृंह् I. 1 P. (दृंहति, दृंहित) 1 To make firm, strengthen. –2 To make fast, fasten. –3 To fortify. –II. 1 A. (दृंहते) 1 To be firm. –2 To grow or increase.

दृंहणं Ved. Fortifying, &c.

दृंहित *p. p.* 1 Made firm, strengthened. –2 Grown, increased.

दृक् A hole, an opening.

दृढ *a.* [दृंह्-क्त नि० नलोपः] 1 Fixed, firm, strong, unswerving, untiring; Bg. 15. 3; H. 3. 65; R. 13. 78. –2 Solid, massive. –3 Confirmed, established. –4 Steady, persevering; Bg. 7. 28. –5 Firmly fastened, shut fast. –6 Compact. –7 Tight, close, dense. –8 Strong, intense, great, excessive, mighty, severe, powerful; तस्याः करिष्यामि दृढानुतापं Ku. 3. 8; R. 11. 46. –9 Tough. –10 Difficult to be drawn or bent (as a bow). –11 Durable. –12 Reliable. –13 Certain, sure. –14 Hard-hearted, cruel; U. 4. –15 Secure. –16 (In Math.) Reduced to the smallest number by a common divisor. –ढं 1 Iron. –2 A stronghold, fortress. –3 Excess, abundance, high degree. –4 Anything fixed or firm or solid. –ढं *ind.* 1 Firmly, fast. –2 Very much, excessively, vehemently. –3 Thoroughly. –**Comp.** –अंग *a.* strong-limbed, stout. (–गं) a diamond. –आयुधः an epithet of *Siva*. –इषुधि *a.* having a strong quiver. –कांडः, –ग्रंथिः, –पत्रः a bamboo. –कारिन् *a.* resolute. –गात्रिका granulated sugar. –ग्राहिन् *a.* seizing firmly, pursuing an object with untiring energy, resolute. –ग्रंशकः a shark. –द्वार *a.* having the gates well-secured. –धनः an epithet of Buddha. –धन्वन्, –धन्विन् *m.* a good archer. –निश्चय *a.* 1. of firm resolve, resolute, firm. –2. confirmed. –नीरः, –फलः the cocoa-nut tree. –पाद *a.* resolute. (–दः) an epithet of Brahmâ. –प्रतिज्ञ *a.* firm to a promise, true to one's word, faithful to an agreement. –प्रत्ययः firm confidence, settled conviction –प्ररोहः the holy fig-tree. –प्रहारिन् *a.* 1. striking hard. –2. hitting firmly, shooting surely. –भक्ति *a.* faithful, devoted. –मति *a.* resolute, strong-willed, firm. –मुष्टि *a.* close-fisted, miserly, niggardly. (–ष्टिः) a sword. –मूलः, –वृक्षः the cocoa-nut tree. –लोमन् *m.* a wild hog. –वैरिन् *m.* a relentless foe, an inveterate enemy. –व्रत *a.* 1. firm in religious austerity. –2.