ally spent in gambling). —बीजं a *cowrie*, a shell used in playing. —वृत्तिः 1. a professional gambler. -2. the keeper of a gambling-house. —सभा,-समाजः 1. a gambling house. -2. an assembly of gamblers.

द्यून *a.* 1 Playing, sporting. -2 Lamenting, sorry. —नं The seventh sign of the zodiac.

द्यै 1 P. (दायति) 1 To despise, treat with contempt. -2 To disfigure.

द्यो *f.* (Nom. sing द्यौः) Heaven, paradise, the sky ; द्यौर्भूमिरापो हृदयं यमश्च Pt. 1. 182 ; *S.* 2. 14. (In Dvandva compounds द्यौ is changed to द्यावा, *e. g.* द्यावापृथिव्यौ, द्यावाभूमी, द्यावक्षामे 'heaven and earth').—**Comp.** —भूमिः a bird. —सद् *m.* (द्योषद्) a god.

द्रकटः, द्रगडः A kettle-drum; (used in awakening sleepers).

द्रक्षणं A measure of weight, a *tola*.

द्रढयति Den. P. 1 To make firm, fasten, tighten, (lit.); as in जटाजूटमबद्धं द्रढयति. -2 To strengthen, confirm, corroborate ; निवेशः शैलानां तदिदमिति बुद्धिं द्रढयति U. 2. 27; विशुद्धेरुत्कर्षस्त्वयि तु मम भक्तिं द्रढयति 4. 11.

द्रढिमन् *m.* 1 Tightness, firmness ; बधान द्रागेव द्रढिमरमणीयं परिकरं G. L. 47. -2 Confirmation, corroboration ; उत्कर्षार्थस्य द्रढिम्ने *Sankara*. -3 Assertion, affirmation. -4 Heaviness.

द्रप्स *a.* Dripping, trickling down. —प्सः 1 A drop. -2 A spark (of fire).—प्सं Diluted sour milk, diluted curds; (a'so द्रप्स्यं).

द्रम् 1 P. (द्रमति) To go about, run, run about ; Bk. 14. 70.

द्रम्मः A drachma ; (a word derived from the Greek *drachme*).

द्रव *a.* [द्रु गतौ-भावे अप्] 1 Running (as a horse). -2 Dropping, oozing, wet, dripping ; आक्षिप्य का चिद् द्रवरागमेव (पादं) R. 7. 7. -3 Flowing, fluid. -4 Liquid (opp. कठिन) ; Ku. 2. 11. -5 Melted, liquefied. —वः 1 Going, walking about, motion. -2 Dropping, trickling, oozing, exudation. -3 Flight, retreat. -4 Play, amusement, sport. -5 Fluidity, liquefaction. -6 A liquid substance, fluid ; U. 3. 25 ; 2. 16. -7 Juice, essence. -8 Decoction -9 Speed, velocity (द्रवैक्य means ' to melt, liquef. '. द्रवीभू to be melted, as with pity &c. ; द्रवीभवति मे मनः Mv. 7. 34; द्रवीभूतं प्रेम्णा तव हृदयमस्मिन्नक्षण इव U. 3. 13 ; द्रवीभूतं मन्ये पतति जलरूपेण गगनं Mk. 5. 25.) -**Comp.** —आधारः 1. a small vessel or receiver. -2. the hands joined together and hollowed, (=चुलुक q. v). —इतर *a.* solid, hard. —उत्तर *a.* very fluid. —जः treacle. —द्रव्यं a fluid substance. —रसा 1. lac. -2. gum. -3. extract.

द्रवक, द्रवण *a.* 1 Running. -2 Oozing, trickling.

द्रवंती A river.

द्रवस्थति Den. P. 1 To trouble or afflict oneself. -2 To serve or wait upon a person.

द्रविडः 1 N. of a country on the east coast of the Deccan (pl.); अस्ति द्रविडेषु काञ्ची नाम नगरी Dk. 130. -2 An inhabitant or native of that country ; जरद्द्रविडध र्मिकस्येच्छ या निसृष्टेः K. 229. -3 N. of a degraded tribe ; cf. Ms. 10. 22.

द्रविणं [द्रु-इनन् ; Un. 2. 50] 1 Wealth, money, property, substance; Ve. 3. 20 Pt. 3. 174; Bv. 4.29. -2 Gold ; R. 4. 70. -3 Strength, power. -4 Valour, prowess. -5 A thing, matter, material -6 That of which anything is made. -7 A wish, desire. -**Comp.** —अधिपतिः-ईश्वरः an epithet of Kubera. —प्रदः an epithet of Vishnu.

द्रविणस्यु *a.* Desiring wealth or sacrificial offerings.

द्रव्यं 1 A thing, substance, object, matter. -2 The ingredient or material of anything. -3 A material to work upon. -4 A fit or suitable object (to receive instruction, &c.): Mu. 7. 14 ; see अद्रव्य also. -5 An elementary substance, the substratum of properties, one of the seven categories of the Vaiseshikas ; (the *dravyas* are nine :—पृथ्व्यप्तेजोवाय्वाकाशकालदिगात्ममनांसि). -6 Any possession, wealth, goods, property, money ; तत्तस्य किमपि द्रव्यं यो हि यस्य प्रियो जनः U. 2 19. -7 A medicinal substance or drug. -8 Modesty. -9 Bell-metal. -10 Spirituous liquor.-11 A wager, stake. -12 Anointing, plastering. -13 An ointment. -14 The animal-dye, lac. -15 Extract, gum. -**Comp.** —अर्जनं, वृद्धिः, -वृद्धिः *f.* acquisition of wealth. —ओघः *f.* affluence, abundance of wealth. —गणः a class of 37 similar substances (in Medic.). —परिग्रहः the possession of property or wealth. —प्रकृतिः *f.* the nature of matter. —वाचकं a substantive. —संस्कारः the consecration of articles for sacrifice &c.

द्रव्यक: A carrier of anything.

द्रव्यमय *a.* (यी *f.*) Material. -2 Having any substance. -3 Consisting of wealth.

द्रव्यवत् *a.* 1 Rich, wealthy. -2 Inherent in the substance.

द्रष्टव्य *pot. p.* [दृश्-तव्य] 1 To be seen, visible. -2 Perceptible. -3 Fit to be seen, investigated, or examined. -4 Lovely, pleasing to the sight, beautiful; स्वया द्रष्टव्यानां परं न दृष्टं *S.* 2; Bh. 1. 8. -5 To be understood. -6 To be regarded or considered as.

द्रष्टृ *m* [दृश्-तृच्] 1 A seer, one who sees mentally ; as in ऋषयो मंत्रद्रष्टारः. -2 A judge.

द्रहः A deep lake.

द्रा 2 P. (द्राति, द्राण) 1 To sleep. -2 To run, make haste. -3 To fly, run away. -4 To be ashamed.

द्राण *a.* 1 Flown, run away. -2 Sleeping, sleepy. —णं 1 Running away, flight, retreat. -2 Sleep.

द्राक् *ind.* Quickly, instantly, forthwith, immediately. -**Comp.** —भृतकं water just drawn from a well.

द्राक्षा Vine, grape, (the creeper or the fruit) ; द्राक्षे द्रक्ष्यति के त्वां Git. 12 ; R. 4. 65; Bv. 1. 14, 4. 39. -**Comp.** —रसः grape-juice, wine.

द्राख् 1 P. (द्राखति) 1 To become dry. -2 To be able, or sufficient. -3 To prohibit, prevent. -4 To adorn, grace.

द्राघ् 1 A. (द्राघते) 1 To be able. -2 To stretch. -3 To exert oneself. -4 To be weary or fatigued. -5 To torment, vex. -6 To wander about.

द्राघयति Den. P. 1 To lengthen, stretch, extend. -2 To increase, intensify ; द्राघयंति हि मे शोकं रमयमाणा गुणास्तव Bk. 18. 33. -3 To tarry, delay.