with joy.

ध्रै 1 P. (ध्रायति) To be pleased or satisfied.

ध्रौव्यं 1 Fixedness, firmness, stability. -2 Duration. -3 Certainty.

ध्वंस् 1 A. (ध्वंसते, ध्वस्त) 1 To fall down, fall to pieces, be reduced to dust or powder; Bk. 15. 93; 14. 55. -2 To drop, sink, despond; Mâl. 9. 44. -3 To perish, be ruined or decayed. -4 To be eclipsed; Mu. 3. 28. -5 To be covered with dust. -6 To scatter or sprinkle over. -7 To go. —*Caus.* (ध्वंसयति) To destroy, ruin, remove.

ध्वंसः [ध्वंस्-भावे घञ्] 1 Falling down, sinking, falling to pieces. -2 Vanishing, disappearance. -3 Loss, destruction, ruin. —**सी** A mote in the sun-beam.

ध्वंसन *a.* [ध्वंस्-णिच् ल्युट्] 1 Destroying, ruining. -2 Scattering, dispersing. -3 Sprinkling, covering. —**नं** 1 Perishing, dying. -2 Loss, destruction. -3 Falling. -4 Going.

ध्वंसिः The hundredth part of a Muhûrta.

ध्वंसित *a.* 1 Destroyed, demolished, ruined. -2 Removed, driven away.

ध्वंसिन् *a.* 1 Destroying, demolishing, removing. -2 Falling, perishing, as in क्षणध्वंसिन्. —*m.* The Pilu tree.

ध्वस्त *p. p.* 1 Fallen. -2 Destroyed, removed. -3 Lost. -4 Covered. -5 Eclipsed.

ध्वस्तिः *f.* Destruction, ruin, loss.

ध्वज् 1 P. (ध्वजति) To go, move.

ध्वजः [ध्वज्-अच्] 1 A flag, banner, standard, ensign; R. 7. 40; 17. 32; Pt. 1. 26. -2 A distinguished or eminent person, the flag or ornament (at the end of comp.); as in कुलध्वजः 'the head, ornament, or distinguished person of a family.' -3 A flag-staff. -4 A mark, emblem, sign, a symbol; वृषभ°, मकर° &c. -5 The attribute of a deity. -6 The sign of a tavern. -7 The sign of a trade, any trademark. -8 The organ of generation, (of any animal, male or female). -9 One who prepares and sells liquors. -10 A house situated to the east of any object. -11 Pride. -12 Hypocrisy. -13 A skull carried on a staff (as a mark of ascetics). -14 (In prosody) An iambic foot. (ध्वजीकृ to hoist a flag; fig. to use as a a plea or pretext). —**Comp.** —**अंशुकं, -पटः** [illegible]ag; R. 12. 85. —**आहृत** *a.* seized on the battle-field. —**उत्थानं** a festival in honor of Indra. —**गृहं** a room in which banners are kept. —**द्रुमः** the palm tree. —**प्रहरणः** air, wind. —**भंगः -पातः** inability to beget children. —**यंत्रं** any contrivance to which a flag-staff is fastened. —**यष्टिः** a flag-staff; Ms. 9. 285.

ध्वजवत् *a.* 1 Adorned with flags. -2 Having a mark. -3 Having the mark of a criminal, branded. —*m.* 1 A standard-bearer. -2 A vendor of spirituous liquors, distiller. -3 A Brâhmana who carries with him the skull of the man murdered by him to places of pilgrimage by way of penance.

ध्वजिकः A hypocrite (who only makes a pretence of religion).

ध्वजिन् *a.* (**नी** *f.*) [ध्वजोऽस्त्यस्य इनि] 1 Bearing or carrying a flag. -2 Having as a mark. -3 Having the mark of a liquor-vessel (सुराभाजनचिह्न); Ms. 11. 93. —*m.* 1 A standard-bearer. -2 A distiller or vendor of spirituous liquors; Y. 1. 141. -3 A car, carriage, chariot. -4 A mountain. -5 A snake. -6 A peacock. -7 A horse. -8 A Brâhmana. —**नी** An army; R. 7. 40; Si. 12. 66; Ki. 13. 9.

ध्वजीकरणं 1 Raising a standard, hoisting a flag. -2 Setting up as a pretext or claim, making anything a plea.

ध्वण् 1 P. (ध्वणति) To sound; cf. ध्वन्.

ध्वन् 1 P. (ध्वनति, ध्वनित) To sound, produce or utter sounds, buzz, hum, echo, reverberate, thunder, roar; विभिद्यमाना इव दध्वनुर्दिशः Ki. 14. 46; अयं धीरं धीरं ध्वनति नवनीलो जलधरः Bv. 1. 60; कपिर्ध्वान मेघवत् Bk. 9. 5; 14. 3; ध्वनति मधुरसमूहे श्रवणमपिदधाति Gît. 5. —*Caus.* (ध्वनयति) To cause to sound, ring (as a bell); but व्यानयति 'to cause to articulate indistinctly'.

ध्वनः 1 Sound, tune. -2 Hum, buzz. —**Comp.** —**मोदिन्** *m.* a bee.

ध्वननं [ध्वन्-करणे ल्युट्] 1 Sounding. -2 Hinting at, suggesting or implying (as a meaning). -3 (In Rhet.) The same as व्यंजना q. v., or that power of a word or sentence by virtue of which it conveys a sense different from its primary or secondary meaning, suggestive power; cf. अंजन also -4 Humming, indistinct utterance.

ध्वनिः [ध्वन्-इन्] 1 Sound, echo, noise in general; मृदंगधीरध्वनिमन्वगच्छत् R. 16. 13; 2. 72; 4. 72; U. 6. 17. -2 Tune, note, tone; *Si.* 6. 48. -3 The sound of a musical instrument; R. 9. 71. -4 The roar or thunder of a cloud. -5 A mere empty sound. -6 - word. -7 Hint, implied meaning. -8 (In Rhet.) The first and best of the three main divisions of काव्य or poetry, in which the implied or *suggested* sense of a passage is more striking than the *expressed* sense; or where the *expressed* sense is made subordinate to the *suggested* sense; इदमुत्तममतिशयिनि व्यंग्ये वाच्याद्ध्वनिर्बुधैः कथितः K. P. 1 (R. G. gives 5 kinds of ध्वनिः see under ध्वनि). —**Comp.** —**ग्रहः** 1. the ear. -2. hearing. -3. a fife, pipe. —**विकारः** a change of voice caused by fear, grief &c.; see काकु.

ध्वनित *p. p.* 1 Sounded. -2 Implied, suggested, hinted at. —**तं** 1 A sound. -2 The roar or thunder of a cloud; Ki. 5. 12.

ध्वानः [ध्वन्-भावे घञ्] 1 Sound (in general). -2 Buzzing, humming, murmuring.

ध्वस्त, ध्वस्ति &c. see under ध्वंस्.

ध्वसिर *a.* Ved. Destroyed; also ध्वस्मन्, ध्वस्र.

ध्वांक्षः 1 A crow. (Sometimes used at the end of comp. to show contempt; *e. g.* तीर्थध्वांक्षः q. v.). -2 A beggar. -3 An impudent fellow. -4 A gull, crane. -5 A carpenter. —**Comp.** —**अरातिः** an owl. —**पुष्टः** the (Indian) cuckoo.

ध्वांतं Darkness; ध्वांतं नीलनिचोलचारु सुदृशां प्रत्यंगमालिंगति Gît. 11; N. 19. 42; *Si.* 4. 62. —**Comp.** —**उन्मेषः, -वित्तः** a fire-fly. —**शात्रवः, -अरातिः** 1. the sun. -2. the moon. -3. fire. -4. the white colour.

ध्वृ 1 P. (ध्वरति) 1 To bend. -2 To kill.