brilliant, adorn, irradiate; दिव्याख्र-स्फुरदुग्रदीधितिशिखानीराजितज्यं धनुः U. 6. 18; नीराजयंति भूपालाः पादपीठांत-भूतलं Prab. 2; Si. 17. 17. –2 To perform the ceremony called नीराजन (q. v. below) over a person or thing (wave lights before one as a mark of respect or by way of worship); नानायोधसमाकीर्णो नीराजितहय-द्विपः Kâm. 4. 66.

नीराजनं,-ना 1 Lustration of arms, a kind of military and religious ceremony performed by kings or generals of armies in the month of Asvina before they took the field; (it was, so to say, a general purification of the king's Purohita, the ministers, and all the various component parts of the army, together with the arms and implements of war, by means of sacred Mantras); R. 4. 25, 17. 12; N. 1. 144. –2 Waving lights before an idol as an act of adoration.

नील *a.* (ला-ली *f.*; the former in relation to clothes &c., the latter in relation to animals, plants &c.) 1 Blue, dark-blue; नीलस्निग्धः श्रयति शिखरं नूतनस्तोयवाहः U. 1. 33. –2 Dyed with indigo. —लः 1 The dark-blue or black colour. –2 Sapphire. –3 The Indian fig-tree. –4 N. of a monkey-chief in the army of Râma. –5 'The blue mountain', N. of one of the principal ranges of mountains. –6 A kind of bird, the blue Mainâ. –7 An ox of a dark-blue colour. –8 One of the nine treasures of Kubera; see नवनिधि. –9 A mark. –10 An auspicious sound or proclamation. —ला 1 The indigo plant. –2 A Raginî. —ले *f.* du. 1 1 The two arteries in front of the neck. –2 A black and blue mark on the skin; (for other senses see नीली.) —लं 1 Black-salt. –2 Blue vitriol. –3 Antimony. –4 Poison. –5 Indigo, indigo dye. –6 Darkness. –**Comp.** —अक्षः a goose. —अंगः the Sârasa bird. —अंजनं 1. antimony. –2. blue vitriol. —अंजना-अंजसा lightning. —अब्जं-अंबुजं,-अंबुजन्मन् *n.*, उत्पलं the blue lotus. —अभ्रः a dark cloud. —अंबर *a.* dressed in dark-blue clothes. (–रः) 1. a demon, goblin. –2. the planet Saturn. –3. an epithet of Balarâma. —अरुणः early dawn, the first dawn of day. —अश्मन् *m.* a sapphire. —उपलः the blue stone, *lapis lazuli*. —कंठः 1. a peacock; Mâl. 9. 30; Me. 79. –2. an epithet of Siva. –3. a kind of gallinule. –4. a blue-necked jay. –5. a wag-tail. –6. a sparrow. –7. a bee. (–ठं) a radish. °अक्ष = रुद्राक्ष q.v. —केशी the indigo plant. —ग्रीवः an epithet of Siva. —छदः 1. the date-tree. –2. an epithat of Garuda. —जं blue steel. —तरुः the cocoa-nut tree. —तालः,-ध्वजः the Tamâl a tree. —पंकः,-कं darkness. —पटलं 1. a dark mass, a black coating or covering. –2. a dark film over the eye of a blind man; Pt. 5. —पत्रः the pomegranate tree. (–त्रं) —पद्मं the blue water-lily. —पिच्छः a falcon. —पुष्पिका 1. the indigo plant. –2. linseed. —भः 1. the moon. –2. a cloud. –3. a bee. —मणिः,-रत्नं 1. the sapphire; नेपथ्योचितनीलरत्नं Gît. 5; Bv. 2. 42. –2. an epithet of Krishna; also नीलमाधवः. —मीलिकः a fire-fly. —मृत्तिका 1. iron pyrites. –2. black earth. —राजिः *f.* a line of darkness, dark mass, thick darkness, ; निशाशशांकक्षतनीलराजयः Rs. 1. 2. —लोहित *a.* dark-blue, purple. (–तः) 1. a purple colour. –2. an epithet of Siva; *S.* 7. 35; Ku. 2. 57. —वर्ण *a.* dark-blue, bluish. (–र्णं) a radish. —वसन-वासस् *a.* dressed in dark-blue clothes; see नीलांबर. —वृंतकं cotton.

नीलकं 1 Black salt. –2 Blue steel. –3 Blue vitriol. —कः 1 A dark-coloured horse. –2 (In alg.) The third unknown quantity (corresponding to z of European Algebra).

नीलं (लां) ज्वरः 1 A kind of insect. –2 An insect in general. –3 A kind of fly. –4 A jackal. –5 A large (black) bee. –6 A flower.

नीलति Den. P. 1 To be of a dark-blue colour. –2 To dye blue.

नीलिका The indigo plant; (also नीलिनी). See नीला also.

नीलिमन् *m.* Blue colour, darkness, blueness; Mâl. 5. 6.

नीली 1 The indigo plant; तत्र नीलीरसपरिपूर्णे महाभांडमासीत् Pt. 1; एको ह्रदस्तु मीनानां नीलीमद्यपयोर्यथा Pt. 1. 260. –2 A species of blue fly. –3 A kind of disease. –**Comp.** —राग *a.* firm in attachment. (–गः) 1. affection as unchangeable as the colour of indigo, unalterable or unswerving attachment. –2. a firm and constant friend. —संधानं fermentation of indigo. °भांडं an indigo vat.

नीवारः [Un. 3. 1.] 1 Trade, traffic. –2 A trader. –3 A religious mendicant. –4 A place fit for the site of a house. –5 A dwelling, residence. –6 Mud. —रं Water.

नीवाकः 1 Increased demand for grain in times of dearth. –2 Famine, scarcity.

नीवारः Rice growing wild or without cultivation; नीवाराः शुकगर्भकोटरमुखभ्रष्टास्तरूणामधः *S.* 1. 14, R. 1. 50, 5. 9, 15; (also नीवारक).

नीविः,-वी *f.* [निध्यायति निवीयते वा निध्ये-इन्; cf. Un. 4. 135] 1 A cloth worn round a woman's waist, or more properly the ends of the cloth tied into a knot in front, the knot of the wearing garment; प्रस्थानभिन्नां न ववंध नीविं R. 7. 9; नीविबंधोच्छ्वसनं Mâl. 2. 5; Ku. 1. 38; नीविं प्रति प्रणिहितं तु करे प्रियेण K. P. 4; Me. 68; Si. 10. 64. –2 The outer tie of a packet in which the offerings of a Sûdra at funeral obsequies are presented. –3 Capital, principal, stock. –4 A stake, wager.

नीवृत् *m.* Any inhabited country, realm, kingdom.

नीव्र See नीप्र.

नीशारः [नि-शृ घञ् दीर्घः] 1 A warm cloth, a blanket. –2 A mosquito-curtain. –3 An outer tent or screen.

नीहारः [नि-हृ कर्मणि घञ् दीर्घः] 1 Fog, mist; R. 7. 60; Y. 1. 150; Ms. 4. 113. –2 Hoar-frost, heavy dew. –3 Evacuation.

नु *ind.* 1 A particle having an interrogative force and implying some 'doubt', or 'uncertainty'; स्वप्नो नु माया नु मतिभ्रमो नु *S.* 6. 9; अस्तशैलगहनं नु विवस्वानाविवेश जलधिं नु महीं नु Ki. 9. 7; 5. 1; 8. 53, 9. 15, 54; 13. 4; Ku. 1. 46; Si. 10. 14; *S.* 2. 9. –2 It is very often compounded with the interrogative pronoun and its derivatives in the sense of 'possibly', 'indeed'; किं नवेतस्स्याद्भिकमन्यवितोऽथवा Mâl. 1. 17; कथं नु