Comp. —अक्षरं *ind.* in every syllable or letter; प्रत्यक्षरश्लेषमयप्रबंध Vâs. —अग्नि *ind.* towards the fire. —अंग 1. a secondary or minor limb (of the body), as the nose. –2. a division, chapter, section. –3 every limb. –4. a weapon. (–गं) *ind.* 1. on or at every limb of the body; as in प्रत्यंगमालिंगितः Gît. 1. –2. for every subdivision. –3 in each case (in grammar). —अनंतर *a.* 1. being in immediate neighbourhood. –2. standing nearest (as an heir). –3. immediately following, closely connected with; जीवेत् क्षत्रियधर्मेण स ह्यस्य (ब्राह्मणस्य) प्रत्यनंतरः Ms. 10. 82; 8. 185. (–रं) *ind.* 1. immediately after. –2. next in succession. —अनिलं *ind.* towards or against the wind. —अनीक *a.* 1. hostile, opposed, inimical. –2. resisting, opposing. (–कः) an enemy. (–कं) 1. hostility, enmity, hostile attitude or position; न शक्ताः प्रत्यनीकेषु स्थातुं मम सुरासुराः Râm. –2. a hostile army; अस्य शूरा महेष्वासाः प्रत्यनीकगता रणे Mb; येऽवस्थिताः प्रत्यनीकेषु योधाः Bg. 11.32 (प्र० may have here sense 1 also). –3. (in Rhet.) a figure of speech in which one tries to injure a person or thing connected with an enemy, who himself cannot be injured; प्रतिपक्षमशक्तेन प्रतिकर्तुं तिरस्क्रिया। या तदीयस्य तत्स्तुत्यै प्रत्यनीकं तदुच्यते K. P. 10. —अनुमानं an opposite conclusion. —अंत *a.* contiguous, lying close to, adjacent, bordering. (–तः) 1. a border, frontier; R. 4. 26. –2. a bordering country; especially, a country occupied by barbarians or Mlechchhas. °देशः a bordering country. °पर्वतः an adjacent hill; पाद्याः प्रत्यंतपर्वताः Ak. —अपकारः retaliation, injury in return; शाम्येत् प्रत्यपकारेण नोपकारेण दुर्जनः Ku. 2. 40. —अब्दं *ind.* every year. —अमित्र *a.* hostile. (–त्रः) an enemy. (–त्रं) *ind.* towards an enemy. —अर्कः a mock sun. —अवयवं *ind.* 1. in every limb. –2. in every particular, in detail. —अवर *a.* 1. lower, less honoured. –2. very low or degrading, very insignificant. —अञ्जन *m.* red chalk. —अह *ind.* every day, daily; day by day; गिरिशमुपचचार प्रत्यहं सा सुकेशी Ku. 1. 60. —आकारः a scabbard, sheath. —आघातः 1. a counter-stroke. –2. reaction. —आचारः suitable conduct or behaviour. —आत्मं *ind.* singly, severally. —आत्मक *a.* belonging to oneself. —आत्म्यं similarity with oneself. —आदित्यः a mock sun. —आरंभः 1. recommencement, second beginning. –2. prohibition. —आशा 1. hope, expectation; Mâl. 9. 8. –2. trust, confidence. —उत्तरं a reply, rejoinder. —उलूकः 1. a crow. –2. a bird resembling an owl. —ऋचं *ind.* in each *Rik*. —एक *a.* each, each one, every single one. (–कं) *ind.* 1. one by one, one at a time, severally; singly, in every one, to every one; oft. with the force of an adjective; विवेश दंडकारण्यं प्रत्येकं च सतां मनः R. 12. 9 'entered the mind of every good man'; 12. 3; 7. 34; Ku. 2. 31. —कंचुकः an adversary. —कंठं *ind.* 1. severally, one by one. –2. near the throat. —कक्ष *a.* not obeying the whip. —कायः 1. an effigy, image, picture, likeness. –2. an adversary; Ki. 13. 28. –3. a target, butt, mark. —कितवः an opponent in a game. —कुंजरः a hostile elephant. —कूपः a moat, ditch. —कूल *a.* 1. unfavourable, adverse, contrary, hostile, opposite, प्रतिकूलतामुपगते हि विधौ विफलत्वमेति बहुसाधनता Si. 9. 6; Ku. 3. 24. –2. harsh, discordant, unpleasant, disagreeable; अप्यन्नपुष्टा प्रतिकूलशब्दा Ku. 1. 45. –3. inauspicious. –4. contradictory. –5. reverse, inverted. –6. perverse, cross, peevish, stubborn. °आचरणं °आचरितं any offensive or hostile action or conduct; R. 8. 81. °उक्तं -क्तिः *f.* a contradiction. °कारिन्, -कृत्, -चारिन्, -वर्तिन् *a.* opposing. °दर्शन *a.* having an inauspicious or ungracious appearance. °प्रवर्तिन्, -वर्तिन् *a.* acting adversely, taking an adverse course. °भाषिन् *a.* opposing, contradicting. °वचनं disagreeable or unpleasant speech. °वादः contradiction. (प्रतिकूलता, -त्वं adverseness, opposition, hostility. प्रतिकूलयति 'to oppose'). —कूलं *ind.* 1. adversely, contrarily. –2. inversely, in inverted order. —क्षणं *ind.* at every moment or instant; constantly; Ku. 3. 56. —गज: a hostile elephant —गात्रं *ind.* in every limb. —गिरिः 1. an opposite mountain. –2. an inferior mountain. —गृहं, -गेहं *ind.* in every house. —ग्रामं *ind.* in every village. —चंद्रः a mock moon. —चरणं *ind.* 1. in every (Vedic) school or branch. –2. at every foot-step. —छाया 1. a reflected image, reflection, shadow. –2. an image, picture. —जंघा the forepart of the leg. —जिह्वा, -जिह्विका the soft palate. —तंत्रं *ind.* according to each Tantra or opinion. —तंत्रसिद्धांतः a conclusion adopted by one of the disputants only; (वादिप्रतिवाद्येकतरपक्षाभ्युपगतः). —त्र्यहं *ind.* for three days at a time. —दंड *a.* Ved. disobedient. —दिनं *ind.* every day; Me. 58. —दिशं *ind.* in every direction, all round, everywhere. —देशं *ind.* in every country. —देहं *ind.* in every body. —दैवतं *ind.* for every deity. —द्वंद्वः 1. an antagonist, opponent, adversary, rival. –2. an enemy. (–द्वं) opposition, hostility. —द्वंद्विन् *a.* 1. hostile, inimical. –2. adverse (प्रतिकूल); Ki. 16. 29. –3. rivalling, vying with; *S.* 4. 4. (–*m.*) an opponent, adversary, rival; R. 7. 37.; 15. 25. —द्वारं *ind.* at every gate. —धुरः a horse harnessed by the side of another. —नप्तृ *m.* a great-grandson. —नव *a.* 1. new, young, fresh. –2. newly blown or budded; Me. 36. —नाडी a branch-vein. —नायकः the adversary of the hero of any poetic composition; as रावण in the Râmâyana, शिशुपाल in Mâgha Kâvya &c. —पक्ष *a.* like, similar. (–क्षः) 1. the opposite side, party or faction, hostility. –2. an adversary, enemy, foe, rival; प्रतिपक्षकांक्षिणी 'a rival wife'; Bv. 2. 64; Vikr. 1. 70, 73; प्रतिपक्षमशक्तेन प्रतिकर्तुं K. P. 10; often used in comp. in the sense of 'equal' or 'similar'. –3. a defendant or respondent (in law). °ता 1. hostility, opposition. –2. obstacle. —पक्षित *a.* 1. containing a contradiction. –2. nullified by a contradictory premiss; (as a *hetu* in न्याय); cf. सत्प्रतिपक्ष. —पक्षिन् *m.* an opponent, adversary. —पथं *ind.* along the road, towards the way; प्रतिपथगतिरासीद्वेगशीर्णांकुतांगः Ku. 3. 76. —पदं *ind.* 1. at every step. –2. at every place,