white lotus. -2. N. of a city. °पतिः N. of Nanda. —पराह्णः a late hour in the afternoon. —पवित्रः an epithet of Vishṇu. —पातः a long flight; Pt. 2. 54. —पातकं 1. a great sin, a heinous crime; ब्रह्महत्या सुरापानं स्तेयं गुर्वङ्गनागमः। महान्ति पातकान्याहुस्तत्संसर्गश्च पंचमं ॥ Ms. 11. 55. -2. any great sin or transgression. —पात्रः a prime minister. —पाद्: an epithet of *Siva*. —पापिन् *a.* very sinful or wicked. —पुंसः a great man. —पुरुषः 1. a great man, an eminent or distinguished personage; शब्दं महापुरुषसंविहितं निशम्य U. 6. 7. -2. the Supreme Spirit. -3 an epithet of Vishṇu. —पुष्पः a kind of worm —पूजा great worship; any solemn worship performed on extraordinary occasions —पृष्ठः a camel. —पौण्ड्रकः a kind of large reed. —प्रजापतिः N. of Vishṇu. —प्रतीहारः a chief door-keeper. —प्रपंचः the great universe. —प्रभ *a.* of great lustre. (—भः) the light of a lamp. —प्रभुः 1. a great lord. -2. a king, sovereign. -3 a chief. -4. an epithet of Indra. -5. of *Siva* -6. of Vishṇu -7. a great saint or holy man. —प्रलयः 'the great dissolution', the total annihilation of the universe at the end of the life of Brahman, when all the *lokas* with their inhabitants, the gods, saints &c. including Brahman himself, are annihilated —प्रसादः 1. a great favour -2. a great present (of food offered to an idol); पादोदकं च निर्माल्यं नैवेद्यं च विशेषतः। महाप्रसाद इत्युक्त्वा सर्वं देयं विजानता ॥ —प्रस्थानं departing this life, death —प्राणः 1. the hard breathing or aspirate sound made in the pronunciation of the aspirates. -2. the aspirated letters themselves (pl.); they are:—ख्, घ्, छ्, झ्, ठ्, ढ्, थ्, ध्, फ्, भ्, श्, ष्, स्, ह् -3. a raven. —प्राणता possession of great strength or essence; भल्लाश्च जीवत एव महाप्राणतया स्फुरतो जघाह K. —प्लवः a great flood, deluge. —फल *a.* 1. bearing much fruit. -2. bringing much reward. (—ला) 1. a bitter-gourd. -2. a kind of spear. (—लं) a great fruit or reward. —फेना the cuttle fish bone. —बल *a.* very strong. (—लः) 1. wind, storm. -2. a Buddha. (—लं) lead. °ईश्वरः N. of a Linga of *Siva* near the modern Mahâbleshwar. —बाहु *a.* long-armed, powerful. (—हुः) an epithet of Vishṇu. —बिं(बिं)लं 1. the atmosphere. -2. the heart. -3. a water-jar, pitcher. -4 a hole, cave. —बी(बी)जः an epithet of *Siva*. —बीं(बीं)जं the perinæum —बोधिः 1. the great intelligence of a Buddha -2. a Buddha —ब्रह्मन्, -ब्रह्मन् *n.* the Supreme Spirit. —ब्राह्मणः 1. a great or learned Brâhmaṇa -2 a low or contemptible Brâhmaṇa —भाग *a.* 1. very fortunate or blessed, very lucky or prosperous. -2 illustrious, distinguished, glorious; महाभागः खलु नरपतिरभिन्न स्थितिरसौ S. 5. 10; Ms. 3. 192. -3. very pure or holy, highly virtuous. —भागता, —भाग्यं 1. extreme good fortune, great good luck, prosperity. -2. great excellence or merit. —भागवत the great Bhâgavata, one of the 18 Purâṇas —भागिन् *a.* very fortunate or prosperous. —भारतं N. of the celebrated epic which describes the rivalries and contests of the sons of Dhṛitarâshṭra and Pâṇḍu. (It consists of 18 *parvans* or books, and is said to be the composition of Vyâsa; cf. the word भारत also). —भाष्यं 1. a great commentary. -2. particularly, the great commentary of Patanjali on the Sûtras of Pâṇini. —भिषुः N. of Śâkyamuni. —भीता a kind of sensitive plant (लाजालू). —भीमः an epithet of king Santanu. —भीरुः a sort of beetle or fly. —भुज *a.* long-armed, powerful. —भूतं a great or primary element; see भूत; तं वेधा विदधे नूनं महाभूतसमाधिना R. 1. 29; Ms. 1. 6. (—तः) 1. the Supreme Being. -2. a great creature. —भोगः 1 a great enjoyment. -2. a great coil or hood; great winding. -3. a serpent. (—गा) an epithet of Durgâ. —मणिः 1. a costly or precious jewel; संस्कारैर्लिखितो महामणिरिव क्षीणोऽपि नालक्ष्यते S. 6. 5. -2. N. of *Siva*. —मति *a.* 1. high-minded. -2. clever. (—तिः) N. of Bṛihaspati or Jupiter. —मत्स्यः a large fish, sea-monster. —मद *a.* greatly intoxicated. (—दः) an elephant in rut. —मनस्, -मनस्क *a.* 1. high-minded, noble-minded, magnanimous. -2. liberal. -3. proud, haughty. (—*m.*) a fabulous animal called शरभ q. v. —मखः 1. any sacred text of the Vedas. -2 a great or efficacious charm, a powerful spell. —मंत्रिन् *m.* the prime-minister, premier. —महोपाध्यायः 1. a very great preceptor. -2. a title given to learned men and reputed scholars; *e. g.* महामहोपाध्याय गङ्गानाथझा &c. —मांसं 'costly flesh', especially human flesh; न खलु महामांसविक्रयादन्यमुपायं पश्यामि Mâl 4; अशस्त्रपूतं निर्व्याजं पुरुषांगोपकल्पितम्। विक्रीयते महामांसं गृध्रतां गृध्रगामिभिः 5. 12 (see Jagaddhara *ad loc.*). —मात्र *a.* 1. great in measure, very great or large. -2. most excellent, best (—त्रः) 1. a great officer of state, high state-official, a chief minister; (पंच कर्षति भूयांसि वित्ते मानेऽतिरिच्यते। मात्राश्च महतीर्येषां महामात्रास्तु तेस्मृताः ॥); Ms. 9. 259. -2. an elephant-driver or keeper; Pt. 1. 161. -3. a superintendent of elephants. (—त्री) 1. the wife of a chief minister. -2. the wife of a chief minister. -2. the wife of a spiritual teacher. —मायः 1. an epithet of *Siva*. -2. of Vishṇu. —माया worldly illusion, which makes the material world appear really existent. —मारी 1. cholera, an epidemic. -2. an epithet of Durgâ. —मालः N. of *Siva*. —माहेश्वरः a great worshipper of Maheśvara or Śiva. —मुखः a crocodile. —मुनिः 1. a great sage. -2. N. of Vyâsa. -3. an epithet of Buddha. -4. of Agastya. -5. the coriander plant. (—नि *n.*) 1. coriander seed. -2. any medicinal herb or drug. —मूर्तिः N. of Vishṇu. —मूर्धन् *m.* an epithet of *Siva* —मूलं a large radish. (—लः) a kind of onion. —मूल्य *a.* very costly. (—ल्यः) a ruby. —मृगः 1. any large animal. -2. an elephant. -3. the fabulous animal called शरभ. —मृत्युः, —मेधः N. of *Siva*. —मेदः the coral tree. —मेधा an epithet of Durgâ. —मोहः great infatuation of mind. (—हा) an epithet of Durgâ. —यज्ञः 'a great sacrifice', a term applied to the five daily sacrifices or acts of piety to be performed by a householder; अध्यापनं ब्रह्मयज्ञः पितृयज्ञस्तु तर्पणम्। होमो दैवो (or देवयज्ञः) बलिर्भौतो (or भूतयज्ञः) नृपज्ञोऽतिथिपूजनम् ॥ Ms. 3. 70, 71, (for explanation, see the words s. v.). -2. N. of Vishṇu.