—संधिविग्रहः the office of the minister of peace and war. —त्रः an epithet of Kubera. —समुद्रः the great ocean. —सर्गः a great or completely new creation (after a complete destruction of the world). —सर्जः the bread-fruit or jack-tree. —साधनभागः a great executive officer. —सांतपनः a kind of very rigid penance; see Ms. 11. 218. —सांधिविग्रहिकः a minister of peace and war. —सामान्यं the widest generality. —सारः a kind of Khadira tree. —सारथिः an epithet of Aruṇa. —साहसं great violence or outrage, great audacity. —साहसिकः a dacoit, highwayman, a daring roober. —सिंहः the fabulous animal called Śarabha —सिद्धिः f. a kind of magical power. —सुखं 1. great pleasure. —2. copulation (—खः) a Buddha. —सुगंधं a fragrant unguent. —सुगंधिः a kind of antidote. —सूक्तं the composer of the great Sûktas or hymns of the 10th Maṇḍala of the *Ṛig*veda. —सूक्ष्मं sand. —सूदः a military drum. —सेनः 1. an epithet of Kârtikeya. —2. the commander of a large army. (—नी) a great army. —हस्तः a camel. —स्थली the earth. —स्थानं a great position.. —स्वरूपन् *m.* an epithet of *Śiva*. —स्वनः a kind of drum. —हंसः an epithet of Vishṇu. —हविस् *n.* clarified butter. —हरः an epithet of *Śiva*. —हासः a loud or boisterous laughter, cachination. —हिमवत् *m.* N. of a mountain.

महि *m.,n.* Greatness. —*m.* Intellect. —*f.* =मही The earth. —*ind.* Greatly, very much.

महिका Frost, mist.

महित *p. p.* Honoured, worshipped, esteemed, revered; see मह्. —तं The trident of *Śiva*.

महिंधकः 1 A rat. —2 An ichneumon. —3 The string of a pole for carrying loads.

महिमन् *m.* [महत् इमनिच् टिलोपः] 1 Greatness (fig. also); अयि मलयज महिमायं कस्य गिरामस्तु विषयस्ते Bv. 1. 11; अधोधः पश्यतः कस्य महिमा नोपचीयते H. 2. 2. —2 Glory, majesty, might, power; Ku. 2. 6, U. 4. 21. —3 High rank, exalted rank or position, dignity. —4 One of the 8 *Siddhis*, the power of increasing size at will; see सिद्धि.

महिरः 1 The sun. —2 The Arka plant.

महिला [मह्-इलच् Un. 1. 54] 1 A woman. —2 An amorous or intoxicated woman; विरहेण विकलहृदया निर्जलमीनायते महिला Bv. 2. 68. —3 The creeper called Priyangu. —4 A kind of perfume or fragrant plant (रेणुका). —**Comp.** —आह्वया the Priyangu creeper.

महिलारोप्यं N. of a city in the south.

महिषः [मह्-इषच् Un. 1. 45] 1 A buffalo; (considered as the vehicle of Yama); गाहंतां महिषा निपानसलिलं शृंगैर्मुहुस्ताडितं S. 2 6 —2 N. of a demon killed by Durgâ. —**Comp.** —अक्षः, अक्षकः a kind of bdellium —अर्वः an epithet of Kârtikeya. —असुरः the demon Mahisha °घातिनी, °मथनी, °मर्दिनी, °सूदनी epithets of Durgâ. —दृषी an epithet of Durgâ. —ध्वजः an epithet of Yama. —पालः, पालकः a buffalo-keeper. —रिपुः, -वाहनः epithets of Yama; कुपितः किं नु साक्षान्महिषवाहनोऽसावितिपुरः K. P 10

महिषी 1 A she-buffalo, buffalo-cow; Ms. 9. 55; Y. 2 159 —2 The principal queen, queen consort; महिषीसखः R 1 48, 2 25, 3. 9. —3 A queen in general. —4 The female of a bird —5 A lady's maid, female servant (सैरंध्रे). —6 An immoral woman. —7 Money acquired by the prostitution of one's wife; cf. माहिषक. —**Comp.** —पालः a keeper of she-buffaloes. —स्तंभः a pillar adorned with a buffalo's head

माहिषमत् *a.* Possessing, rich or abounding in, buffaloes.

महिष्ठ *a.* Greatest, largest (superl. of महत् q. v.).

मही 1 Earth; as in महीपाल, महीभृत् &c.; मही रक्षति शक्रवत् Bh. 3. 79. —2 Ground, soil. —3 Landed property or estate, land. —4 A country, kingdom. —5 N. of a river falling into the gulf of Cambay. —6 (In geom.) The base of any plane figure. —7 A large army (Ved.). —**Comp.** —इन्द्रः, —ईश्वरः a king; न न महीनमहीनपराक्रमं R. 9. 5. —कंपः an earthquake. —क्षित् *m.* a king, sovereign; R. 1. 11, 85; 19. 20. —जः 1. the planet Mars. —2. N. of Narakâsura. —3. a tree. (—जा) N. of Sîtâ. (—जं) wet ginger. —तलं surface of the earth. —दुर्गं an earth fort. —धरः 1. a mountain; R. 6. 52; Ku. 6. 89. —2. an epithet of Vishṇu. —भृत् 1. a mountain; Bh. 2. 10; *Si.* 15. 54; R. 3. 60, 13. 7. —2. a symbolical expression for the number, 'seven'. —3. an epithet of Vishṇu. —नाथः, —पः, —पतिः, —पालः, —भुज् *m.* —मघवन् *m.*, —महेंद्रः a king; Bg. 1. 2; R. 2. 34, 6. 12. —पतनं humble obeisance (as by falling on the ground.) —पुत्रः, —सुतः, —सूनुः 1. the planet Mars. —2. epithets of the demon Naraka. —पुत्री, —सुता an epithet of Sîtâ. —प्रकंपः an earthquake. —रुहः, —रुह *m.*, रुहः a tree; Ki 5. 10; *Si.* 20 49. —प्राचीरं, —प्रावरः the sea. —भर्तृ *m.* a king. —भृत् *m.* 1. a mountain; Ki. 1. 27; Ki. 5. 1 —2 a king, sovereign —लता an earthworm. —सुरः a Brâhmaṇa

महीयते Den. A. (rarely P.) 1 To be glad, happy or prosperous (Ved.). —2 To rise to a high position, thrive, prosper. —3 To be highly respected or honoured; S. 7. 35.

महीयस् *a.* Greater, larger, more powerful or weighty or important, mightier, stronger (compar. of महत् q. v.). —*m.* A great or noble-minded man; यद्भूतेः बलु मा महीयसः सहते नान्यजनुर्यथा Ki. 2. 21; *Si.* 2 13.

महीला, महेला, महेलिका A woman, female.

1. मा *ind.* A particle of prohibition (rarely of negation) usually joined with the Imperative; मद्वणि मा कुरु विषादमनादरेण Bv. 4. 41; also (*a*) with the Aorist, when the augment अ is dropped; पापे रतिं मा कृथाः Bh. 2. 77; मा भूदुहत् खलु भवंतमनन्यजन्मा मां ते मलीमसविकारवता मतिर्भूत् Mâl. 1. 32; the अ is sometimes retained; मा निषाद प्रतिष्ठां त्वमगमः शाश्वतीः समाः Râm. (*b*) the Imperfect (the augment being dropped here also); मा चैतन्निमाथः Râm; (*c*) the Future, or Potential mood, in the sense of 'lest,' 'that not'; लघु एषां परिवाप्रहा मा कश्चिदारिष्टं तावदिहैव पतिष्यति *S.* 2; मा कश्चिन्नवमाल्यतया भवेत