demic. –2 Pestilence personified (the goddess presiding over plagues and identified with Durgâ).

मारकत *a.* (ती *f.*) Belonging to an emerald; काचः कांचनसंसर्गाद्धत्ते मारकतीं द्युतिं H. Pr. 41.

मारव *a.* (वी *f.*) Desert, belonging to a wilderness.

मारिच *a.* (ची *f.*) Made of pepper.

मारीचिक *a.* Peppered, seasoned with pepper.

मारिषः A respectable, worthy or venerable man, (used in dramas in the voc. as a respectful mode of address by the Sûtradhára to one of the principal actors; see U. 1; Mâl. 1).

मारीच *a.* (ची *f.*) Belonging to or composed by Marîchi. —चः 1 N. of a demon, son of Sunda and Tâḍakâ. He assumed the form of a golden deer, and thus enticed Râma to a considerable distance from Sîtâ, so that Râvaṇa found a good opportunity to carry her off. –2 A large or royal elephant. –3 A kind of plant. –4 N. of the sage Kasyapa; S. 7. 9. –5 A sacrificing priest. —ची N. of the mother of Śâkyamuni. —चं A collection of pepper shrubs.

मारुंडः 1 A serpent's egg. –2 Cow-dung. –3 A way, road. –4 A place covered with cowdung.

मारुत *a.* (ती *f.*) [मरुत इदं अण्] 1 Relating to or arising from the Maruts. –2 Relating to wind, aerial, windy. —तः 1 Wind; R. 2. 12, 34; 4. 55; Ms. 4. 122. –2 The god of wind, the deity presiding over wind. –3 Breathing. –4 Vital air, one of the three essential humours of the body. –5 The trunk of an elephant. –6 Ved. A son of the Maruts. —तीं The north-west quarter. —तं The lunar mansion called Svâti. —Comp. —अशनः a snake. —आत्मजः, -सुतः, -सूनुः 1. epithets of Hanumat. –2. of Bhîma. —व्रतं 'penetrating everywhere', one of the duties of a king (who is able to penetrate everywhere by means of spies); cf. प्रविश सर्वभूतानि यथा चरति मारुतः । तथा चरैः प्रवेष्टव्यं वृतमेतद्धि मारुतं ॥ Ms. 9. 306.

मारुतिः [मरुतोऽपत्यं इञ्] 1 An epithet of Hanumats; R. 12. 60. –2 Of Bhîma.

मार्कंडः, मार्कंडेयः [मृकंडोरपत्यं अण् ढक्] N. of an ancient sage. –Comp. —पुराणं N. of one of the eighteen Purâṇas (composed by this sage).

मार्ग् 1. 1 P., 10 U. (मार्गति, मार्गयति-ते) 1 To seek, seek for. –2 To hunt after, chase. –3 To strive to attain, strive after; आत्मोत्कर्षं न मार्गंते परेषां परिनिंदया । स्वगुणैरेव मार्गंते विप्रकर्षं पृथग्जनात् Subhâsh. –4 To solicit, beg, ask for; वरं वरेण्यो नृपतेरमार्गीत् Bk. 1. 12; Y. 2. 66. –5 To ask in marriage. –6 To seek through, trace out. —II. 10 U. (मार्गयाति-ते) 1 To go, move. –2 To decorate, adorn. –With परि to seek, look out for.

मार्गः [मृज्-शुद्धौ, मार्ग्-अन्वेषणे घञ् वा] 1 A way, road, path (fig. also); अभिशरणमार्गमादेशय *S.* 5; so विचारमार्गमहितेन चेतसा Ku. 5. 42; R. 2. 72; U. 3. 37. –2 A course, passage, the tract passed over; वायोरिमं परिवहस्य वदंति मार्गं *S.* 7. 6. –3 Reach, range; Ki. 18. 40. –4 A scar, mark (left by a wound &c.); R. 4. 48; 14. 4. –5 The path or course of a planet. –6 Search, inquiry, investigation. –7 A canal, channel, passage. –8 A means, way. –9 The right way or course, proper course; सुमार्ग, अमार्ग. –10 Mode, manner, method, course; शांति° R. 7. 71. –11 Style, direction; इति वैदर्भमार्गस्य प्राणा दश गुणाः स्मृताः Kâv. 1. 41; तासां विचित्रमार्गाणां 1. 9. –12 Custom, usage, practice; कुल°, शास्त्र°, धर्म° &c. –13 Hunting or tracing out game. –14 A title or head in law, ground for litigation. –15 A high style of acting, dancing, and singing. –16 (In dramaturgy) Hinting or indicating how anything is to happen. –17 (In geom.) A section. –18 The anus. –19 Musk. –20 The constellation called मृगशिरस्. –21 The month called मार्गशीर्ष. –Comp. —आगतः a traveller. —उपदेशकः a guide, leader. —तोरणं a triumphal arch erected on a road; R. 11. 5. —दर्शकः a guide. —द्रुमः a city or town on the road. —धेनुः, -धेनुकं a measure of distance equal to 4 krośas. —बंधनं a barricade. —रक्षकः a road-keeper, guard. —वटी an epithet of the tutelary deity of travellers. —शोधकः a pioneer. —स्थ *a.* travelling, way-faring. —हर्म्यं a palace on a high road.

मार्गकः The month called मार्गशीर्ष.

मार्गण *a.* [मार्ग्-ल्यु ल्युट् वा] 1 Seeking, searching or looking out for. –2 Inquiring. –3 Asking, begging. —णं, -णा 1 Begging, requesting, soliciting. –2 Seeking, looking out for, searching. –3 Investigating, inquiry, examination. — णः 1 A beggar, supplicant, mendicant. –2 An arrow; दुर्वाराः स्मरमार्गणाः K. P. 10; अभेद्यि तत्तादृगनंग मार्गणैर्यस्य पौष्पैरपि धैर्यकंचुकं N. 1. 46; Vikr. 1. 77; R. 9. 17, 65. –3 The number 'five'.

मार्गणकः A beggar, supplicant.

मार्गशिर, मार्गशिरस् *m.*, **मार्गशीर्षः** N. of the ninth month of the Hindu year (corresponding to November-December) in which the full moon is in the constellation मृगशिरस्.

मार्गशिरी, मार्गशीर्षी The full-moon day in the month of मार्गशीर्ष.

मार्गिकः 1 A traveller. –2 A hunter.

मार्गित *p. p.* 1 Sought, searched, inquired after. –2 Hunted after, desired, solicited.

मार्गिन् *m.* 1 A pioneer. –2 A guide, leader.

मार्ज् 10 U. (मार्जयति-ते) 1 To purify, cleanse, wipe; cf. मृज्. –2 To sound.

मार्जः [मृज् मार्ज् वा घञ्] 1 Cleansing, purifying, scouring. –2 A washerman. –3 An epithet of Vishṇu.

मार्जक *a.* (जिका *f.*) [मृज्-ण्वुल्] Cleansing, purifying, scouring.

मार्जन *a.* (नी *f.*) [मृज्-ल्यु ल्युट् वा] Cleansing, purifying. —नं 1 Cleansing, cleaning, purifying. –2 Wiping or rubbing off. –3 Effacing, wiping away. –4 Cleansing the person by rubbing it with unguents. –5 Sprinkling the person with water by means of the hand, a blade of Kuśa grass &c. —नः The tree called *Lodhra*. —ना 1 Cleansing, purifying, cleaning. –2 The sound of a drum; मार्जूरी मदयति मार्जना मनांसि M 1. 21. —नी A broom, brush.

मार्जारः (लः) [मृज्-आरन् वा रस्य लः]