times, hereditary; Ms. 7. 54; R. 19 57. —ल: An old or hereditary minister; (प्रकृतय:) मौलैरानाय यामासुर्भरतं स्तंभिताश्रुभि: R. 12. 12, 14. 10; 18. 38.

मौलि *a.* [मूलस्यादूरभव: इञ्] Head, foremost, best; अखिलपरिमलानां मौलिना सौरभेण Bv. 1. 121. —लि: 1 The head, the crown of the head; मौलौ वा रचयांजलिं Ve. 3. 40; R. 13. 59; Ku. 5. 79. -2 The head or top of anything, top-most point; U. 2. 30. -3 The Asoka tree. —लि: (*m. f.*) 1 A crown, diadem, tiara; Bv. 1. 73. -2 Hair on the crown of the head, tuft or lock of hair; जटामौलि Ku. 2. 26 (जटाजूट Malli.). -3 Braided hair, hair braided and ornamented; Ve. 6. 34; —लि:,-ली *f.* The earth.—**Comp.** —मणि:,-रत्नं a crest-jewel, a jewel worn in the crown. —मंडनं a head-ornament. —मुकुटं a crown, tiara.

मौलिक *a.* (की *f.*) 1 Radical. -2 Chief, principal, prime; संजीवनोपायस्तु मौलिक एव रामभद्रस्याद्य संनिहित: U. 3. -3 Inferior. —क: A dealer in or digger of roots.

मौलिन् *a.* Having a crown, crested.

मौल्यं Price.

मौष्टा Playing at fisticuffs, a boxing or pugilistic encounter.

मौष्टिक: A rogue, cheat, sharper.

मौसल *a.* (ली *f.*) [मुसल-अण्] 1 Formed like a club, club-shaped. -2 Fought with clubs (as a battle). -3 Relating to the battle with clubs (as a *parvan*; in this *parvan* is narrated the death of Kṛishṇa and Balarâma, and the self-destruction of Kṛishṇa's family through the curse of Brâhmaṇas). —ल: A kind of *madhuparka*.

मौहूर्त: [मुहूर्त-अण्] An astrologer.

मौहूर्तिक *a.* (की *f.*) [मुहूर्त-ठक्] Momentary, transient. —क: An astrologer; मौहूर्तिकै: संवाद्यताम्.

म्रा 1 P. (मनति, मात) 1 To repeat (in the mind). -2 To learn diligently. -3 To remember. -4 To praise (Ved.).

म्रात *p. p.* 1 Repeated. -2 Learnt, studied.

म्रक्ष् I. 1 P. (मक्षति) 1 To rub. -2 To heap, collect, accumulate. -3 To strike, hurt, kill. —II. 10 U. (मक्षयति-ते) 1 To heap, accumulate. -2 To smear, rub, anoint. -3 To mix, combine. -4 To speak indistinctly.

म्रक्ष: Hypocrisy, dissimulation.

म्रक्षणं [म्रक्ष्-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Smearing the body with unguents. -2 Anointing, smearing in general. -3 Accumulating, heaping up. -4 Oil, ointment.

म्रद् 1 A. (म्रदते, *caus.* मदयति-ते) To pound, grind, crush, trample upon.

म्रदिमन् *m.* [मृदोर्भाव: इमनिच्] 1 Tenderness, softness. -2 Mildness, weakness; (स्वभावेन्दु:) हिमांशुवाशु यतते तन्वन्निव: स्फुटं फलं *Si.* 2. 49.

म्रुच् 1 P. (म्रोचति) To go, move.

म्रुंच् 1 P. (म्रुंचति) To go, move.

म्रेट् (ड्) 1 P. (म्रेटति-ड-ति) To be mad.

म्लक्ष् 10 U. (म्लक्षयति-ते) To cut or divide.

म्लिष्ट *a.* 1 Spoken indistinctly (as by barbarians), indistinct. -2 Barbarous. -3 Withered, faded. —ष्टं An indistinct or barbarous speech.

म्लुच्, म्लुंच् See म्रुच्, म्रुंच्.

म्लेच्छ्, म्लेछ् 1 P., 10 U. (म्लेच्छति, म्लेच्छयति ते, म्लिष्ट, म्लेच्छित) To speak confusedly, indistinctly, or barbarously.

म्लेच्छ: [म्लेच्छ्-घञ्] 1 A barbarian, a non-Aryan (one not speaking the Sanskrit language, or not conforming to Hindu or Aryan institutions), a foreigner in general; भाषा म्लेच्छप्रसिद्धिरेषु विरोधादर्शने सति J. N. V.; म्लेच्छान् मूर्छयते, or म्लेच्छनिवहनिधने कलयसि करवालं Gît. 1. -2 An outcast, a very low man; (Baudhâyana thus defines the word:- गोमांसखादको यस्तु विरुद्धं बहु भाषते। सर्वाचारविहीनश्च म्लेच्छ इत्यभिधीयते ॥.) -3 A sinner, wicked person. -4 Foreign or barbarous speech. —च्छं Copper. —**Comp.** —आख्यं copper. —आश: wheat. —आस्यं, -मुखं copper. —कंद: garlic. —जाति: *f.* a savage or barbarian race, a mountaineer. —देश:, -मंडलं a country inhabited by non-Aryans or barbarians, a foreign or barbarous country; Ms. 2. 23. —भाषा a foreign language. —भोजन: wheat. (-नं) barley —वाच् *a.* speaking a barbarous or foreign language; Ms. 10. 45.

म्लेच्छनं 1 Speaking indistinctly or confusedly. -2 Speaking in a barbarous tongue.

म्लेच्छित *p. p.* Spoken indistinctly or barbarously. —तं 1 A foreign tongue. -2 An ungrammatical word or speech.

म्लेच्छितकं Foreign or barbarous speech.

म्लेट्, -म्लेड् (म्लेटति-ड-ति) To be mad.

म्लेव् 1 A. (म्लेवते) To worship, serve.

म्लै 1 P. (म्लायति, मम्लौ, अम्लासीत्, म्लास्यति, म्लान) 1 To fade, wither; म्लायता भूरुहाणां Bv. 1. 36; *Si.* 5. 43. -2 To grow weary or languid; to be fatigued or exhausted; पार्थि... मम्लतुर्न मणिकुट्टिमोचितौ R. 11. 9; Bk. 14. 6; वनाविहरणखेदम्लानं *Si.* 7. 75. -3 To be sad or dejected, be downcast or dispirited; मम्लौ साथ विषादेन K. P. 10; म्लायते मे मनो हीदं Mb. -4 To become thin or emaciated. -5 To disappear, vanish. -6 To decline, become less; *Si.* 7. 75.—*Caus.* (म्लापयति) 1 To cause to fade, wither up. -2 To make languid or dispirited, emaciate, enfeeble.

म्लात *p. p.* 1 Faded, withered. -2 Made white by tanning.

म्लान *p. p.* [म्लै-क्त तस्य न:] 1 Faded, withered. -2 Wearied, weary, languid. -3 Enfeebled, weak, feeble, faint. -4 Sad, dejected, melancholy. -5 Black. -6 Foul, dirty. —नं Withering, fading. —**Comp.** —अंग *a.* weak-bodied. (-गी) a woman during her menses. —मनस् *a.* depressed in mind, dispirited, disheartened.

म्लानि: *f.* [म्लै-क्तिन्] 1 Fading, withering, decay. -2 Languor, lassitude, weariness. -3 Sadness, dejection. -4 Foulness.

म्लायत्, -म्लायिन् *a.* 1 Withering, growing thin or emaciated. -2 Declining, growing less; Bh. 3. 33.

म्लास्नु *a.* 1 Becoming faded or withered. -2 Growing thin or emaciated. -3 Growing languid or weary.