यष्टिकः 1 A lap-wing. -2 A kind of water-fowl.

यष्टिका 1 A staff, stick, pole, club. -2 A pearl-necklace (of one string). -3 An oblong pond or tank. -4 Liquorice.

यष्टी See यष्टि.

यष्टृ *m.* [यज्-तृच्] A worshipper, sacrificer.

यस् 1. 4. P. (यसति, यस्यति, यस्त) To strive, endeavour, labour, —*Caus.*(यासयति-ते)To put to trouble.

यहु *a.* Ved. Great. —**हुः** A child, offspring (**पुत्र**).

यह्व *a.* Ved. 1 Great, powerful. -2 Active, restless, continually moving. —**ह्वी** A river. —*f.* (dual) An epithet of 1 Heaven and earth. -2 Of night and day. -3 Of morning and evening.

या 2 P. (याति, ययौ, अयासीत्, यास्यति, यातु, यात) 1 To go, move, walk, proceed ; **ययौ तदीयानवलंब्य चांगुलिं** R. 3. 25 ; **अन्वय्ययौ मध्यमलोकपालः** 2. 16. -2 To march against, invade ; Ms. 7. 183. -3 To go to, march towards, set out for (with acc., dat. or with प्रति). -4 To pass away, withdraw, depart ; **यातु प्रस्तुतमनुसंधीयतां** H. 3. 'let it go or pass, never mind it'. -5 To vanish, disappear ; **यास्तत्त्वापि च विवेकः** Bv. 1. 66 ; **भाग्यक्रमेण हि धनानि भवंति यांति** Mk. 1. 13. -6 To pass away or by, elapse (as time) ; **यौवनमनिवर्ति यातं तु** K. P. 10. -7 To last. -8 To happen, come to pass. -9 To go or be reduced to any state, be or become (usually with the acc. of abstract noun). -10 To undertake ; **न स्वस्य सिद्धौ यास्यामि सर्वव्यापारमात्मना** Ku. 2. 54. -11 To have carnal intercourse with. -12 To request, implore. -13 To find out, discover. -14 To behave, act. (The meanings of **या**, like those of **गम्**, are variously modified according to the noun with which it is connected : *e. g.* **नाशं या** to be destroyed; **वाच्यतां या** to incur blame or censure ; **लघुतां या** to be slighted ; **प्रकृतिं या** to regain one's natural state; **निद्रां या** to fall asleep; **वशं या** to submit, go into one's possession ; **उदयं या** to rise ; **अस्तं या** to set, decline ; **पारं या** to reach the other side of, to master, surmount, get over ; **पदं या** to attain to the position of ; **अग्रे या** to go before, take the lead, lead ; **अधो या** to sink ; **विपर्यासं या** to undergo a change, to be changed in appearance ; **शिरसा महीं या** to bend the head down to the ground &c.), —*Caus.* (यापयति-ते) 1 To cause to go or proceed. -2 To remove, drive away ; **प्रमदया मदयापितलज्जया** R. 9. 31. -3 To spend, pass (time) : **तां वत्कोकिल विरसानं यापय दिवसान्** Bv. 1. 7 ; Me. 89. -4 To live or spend time with ; Ki. 2. 45. -5 To support, nourish. —*Desid.* (यियासति) To wish to go, to be about to go &c. -WITH **अति** 1 to go beyond, transgress, violate. -2. to surpass. —**अधि** to go away or forth ; escape ; **कुतोऽधियास्यति क्रूर निहतस्तेन पाशिभिः** Bk. 8. 90.

यात *p. p.* 1 Gone, marched, walked. -2 Passed, departed, gone away. -3 Passed by, elapsed. -4 Attained, reduced or gone to (a state &c.) (See या). —**तं** 1 Going, motion. -2 A march. -3 The act driving an elephant with a goad. -4 The past time.-**Comp.**—**याम, यापन्** *a.* 1. stale, used, spoiled, rejected, become useless; **अयातयामं वयः** Dk.-2. raw, half-cooked (as food); **यातयामं गतरसं पूति पर्युषितं च यत्** Bg. 17. 10. -3. aged, exhausted, worn out.

यागः [यज् घञ् कुत्वं] 1 An offering, a sacrifice, an oblation. -2 Any ceremony in which oblations are presented ; R. 8. 30. -**Comp.** —**करणं** a sacrificial ceremony. —**संतानः** N. of Jayanta.

याच् 1 A. (याचते ; rarely याचति, याचित) 1 To beg, ask, solicit, request, entreat ; implore (with two acc.) ; **बलिं याचते वसुधां** Sk. ; **पितरं प्रणिपत्य पादयोरपरित्यं गमयाचतात्मनः** R. 8. 12 ; Bk. 14. 105 ; R. 11. 1. -2 To demand in marriage ; **तां याचते नरपतेर्नमसु हृतंदनो नृपसुखेन** Mál. 1. 11.

याचकः (की *f.*) [याच्-ण्वुल्] 1 A mendicant, beggar ; **तृणादपि लघुस्तूलस्तूलादपि च याचकः** Subhâsh. -2 A petitioner, suppliant.

याचनं -ना [याच्-ल्युट्] 1 Asking, begging, entreating, soliciting. -2 A request, an entreaty, a petition ; **याचना मानभंगाय ; बध्यतामनयया चनां-जलिः** R. 11. 78.

याचनकः A beggar, suitor, petitioner.

याचिष्णु *a.* Disposed to beg, habitually begging or soliciting.

याचित *p. p.* 1 Asked, solicited, begged, entreated, requested. -2 Requisite, necessary. —**तं** 1 The profession of a beggar.

याचितकं A thing got by begging, anything borrowed for use.

याचितृ *m.* 1 A beggar. -2 A petitioner. -3 A suitor (for a girl) ; Ku. 1. 52.

याच्ञा [याच्-नङ्] 1 Begging, asking. -2 Mendicancy. -3 Request, solicitation, entreaty ; **याच्ञा मोघा वरमधिगुणे नाधमे लब्धकामा** Me. 6. -4 Making an offer of marriage.

याच्यं Making a request.

याज्ञः [यज्-घञ्] 1 A sacrificer. -2 Boiled rice. -3 Food in general.

याजकः [यज्-ण्वुल्] 1 A sacrificer, a sacrificing priest. -2 A royal elephant. -3 An elephant in rut.

याजनं [यज् णिच्-ल्युट्] The act of performing or conducting a sacrifice; Ms. 3. 65 ; 1. 88.

याजमानं That part of a sacrifice which is performed by the Yajamâna himself.

याजयितृ *m.* The officiating priest at a sacrifice.

याजिः The institutor of a sacrifice. —*f.* A sacrifice.

याजिन् *a.* 1 (At the end of comp.) Sacrificing ; **सोमयाजिन्**. -2 Worshipping, adoring.

याजुष *a.* (षी *f.*) [यजुस्-अण्] Relating to the Yajurveda. —**षः** A follower of the Yajurveda.

याज्ञवल्क्यः N. of a celebrated ancient sage, author of a well-known code of laws only next in importance to that of Manu.

याज्ञसेनी A patronymic of Draupadî.

याज्ञिक *a.* (की *f.*) [यज्ञाय हितं, यज्ञः प्रयोजनमस्य वा ठक्] Belonging to a sacrifice. —**कः** 1 A sacrificer or a sacrificing priest. -2 A ritualist. -3 The Kusa grass. -3 N. of several trees अश्वत्थ, खदिर, पलाश, &c. -**Comp.** —**आश्रयः** N. of Vishnu.

याज्ञिय *a.* 1 Sacrificial. -2 Fit for a sacrifice. —**यः** One skilled in sa-