crificial rites.

याज्य *a.* 1 To be sacrificed. -2 Sacrificial. -3 One for whom a sacrifice is performed. -4 One who is allowed by Sâstras to sacrifice. —ज्यः 1 A sacrificer, the institutor of a sacrifice. -2 The performer of a sacrifice for another. —ज्यं The presents or fee received for officiating at a sacrifice.

याज्यनः The son of a sacrificer.

यातनं 1 Return, requital, recompense, retaliation; as in वैरयातनं. -2 Vengeance, revenge. —ना 1 Requital, recompense, return. -2 Torment, acute pain, anguish. -3 The torments inflicted by Yama upon sinners, the tortures of hell (pl.).

यातुः 1 A traveller, a way-farer. -2 Wind. -3 Time. -4 An evil spirit, a demon, Râkshasa. —*n.* 1 An evil spirit, a demon. -2 A weapon. -**Comp.** —घ्नः Bdellium. —धानः an evil spirit, a demon; Bk. 2. 21; R. 12. 45.

यातृ *f.* [Un. 2. 96] A husband's brother's wife. —*m.* 1 A goer, a traveller. -2 A driver, coachman. -3 Ved. A destroyer. -4 An avenger.

यात्रकः A traveller, way-farer.

यात्रा [या-ष्ट्रन्] 1 Going, motion, journey; Mv. 6. 1; R. 18. 16. -2 The march of an army, expedition, invasion; मार्गशीर्षे शुने मासि यायाद्यात्रां महीपतिः Ms. 7. 182; Pt. 3. 37; R. 17. 56. -3 Going on a pilgrimage; as in तीर्थयात्रा. -4 A company of pilgrims. -5 A festival, fair, festive or solemn occasion; कालप्रियनाथस्य यात्राप्रसंगेन Mâl. 1; U. 1. -6 A procession, festive train; प्रवृत्ता खलु यात्रानिमुखं मालती Mâl. 6; 6. 2. -7 A road. -8 Support of life, livelihood, maintenance; यात्रामात्रप्र. सिद्ध्यर्थं Ms. 4. 3; शरीरयात्रापि च ते न प्रसिध्येदकर्मणः Bg. 3. 8. -9 Passing away (time). -10 Intercourse; यात्रा चैव हि लौकिकी Ms. 11. 185; लोकयात्रा Ve. 3; Ms. 9. 27. -11 Way, means, expedient. -12 A custom, usage, practice, way; एषोदिता लोकयात्रा नित्यं स्त्रीपुंसयोः परा Ms. 9. 25. (लोकाचारः Kull.). -13 A vehicle in general. -14 A kind of dramatic entertainment. -**Comp.** —उत्सवः a festive procession. —करणं an expedition, a march. —प्रसंगः going on a pilgrimage.

यात्रिक *a.* (की *f.*) 1 Marching. -2 Relating to a journey or campaign. -3 Requisite for the support of life. -4 Usual, customary. —कः 1 A traveller. -2 A pilgrim. —कं 1 A march, an expedition or campaign. -2 Provisions, supplies (for a march).

यात्राकथाचं 1 That which happens under any circumstances. -2 What happens occasionally.

यात्राकामी-काम्यं Acting according to one's own will.

यात्रातथ्यं 1 Reality, truth. -2 Rectitude, propriety.

यात्रार्थिक *a.* 1 Just, right. -2 True, real.

यात्रार्थ्यं 1 Real or correct nature, truth, true character; न संति यात्रार्थ्यविदः पिनाकिनः Ku. 5. 77; यात्रार्थ्यं वेद कस्तव R. 10. 24. -2 Justness, suitableness. -3 Accomplishment or attainment of an object.

यादवः [यदोरपत्यं अण्] A descendant of Yadu. -2 N. of Krishna. —वी N. of Durgâ. —वं A stock of cattle.

यादस् *n.* Any (large) aquatic animal, a sea-mouster; यादांसि जलजंतवः Ak; वरुणो यादसामहं Bg. 10 29; Ki. 5. 29; R. 1. 16. -2 Water. -3 A river. -4 Semen. -5 Desire. -**Comp.** —पतिः, -नाथः (also यादसांपतिः and यादसांनाथः) 1 the ocean. -2 N. of Varuna; R. 17. 81.

यादुः A fluid, water.

यादृक्ष *a.* (क्षी *f.*), यादृश्, यादृश *a.* (शी *f.*) What like, of which sort or nature; Ms. 1. 42; Bg. 13. 3.

यादृच्छिक *a.* (की *f.*) 1 Voluntary, spontaneous, independent. -2 Accidental, unexpected. —कः An officiating priest who acts as he likes.

यानं [या-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Going, moving, walking, riding; as गजयानं, उष्ट्र°, रथ° &c. -2 A voyage, journey; समुद्रयानकुशलाः Ms. 8. 157; Y. 1. 84. -3 Marching against, attacking (one of the six Guṇas or expedients in politics); अहितान्प्रत्यभीतस्य रणे यानं Ak.; Ms. 7. 160. -4 A procession, train. -5 A conveyance, vehicle, carriage, chariot; यानं सस्मार कौबेरं R. 15. 45, 13. 69; Ku. 6. 76; Ms. 4. 120. -6 A litter, palanquin. —नः Ved. A road, way. -**Comp.** —करः a carpenter. —पात्रं a ship, boat. —भंगः shipwreck. —मुखं the forepart of a carriage, the part where the yoke is fixed. —यानं driving or riding in a carriage. —शाला a coach-house use.

यानकं A vehicle, conveyance.

यापक *a.* 1 Causing to go. -2 Giving, bestowing.

यापन *a.* (नी *f.*) 1 Causing to go or go away. -2 Curing. -3 Mitigating. -4 Supporting (life). —नं, -ना 1 Causing to go away, driving out, expulsion, removal. -2 Cure or alleviation (of a disease). -3 Spending or passing time, as in कालयापनं. -4 Delay, procrastination. -5 Support, maintenance. -6 Practice, exercise. -7 Loitering.

यापित *a.* 1 Spent, passed (time). -2 Expelled, removed &c.

यास्या Twisted hair.

याप्य *a.* 1 To be removed, expelled or rejected. -2 Low, contemptible, trifling, unimportant. -**Comp.** —यानं a litter or palanquin.

यांत्रिक *a.* (की *f.*) 1 Belonging to machines, mechanical. -2 Artificially refined.

याभः Sexual union, copulation.

यामः [यम्-घञ्] 1 Restraint, forbearance, control. -2 A watch, one-eighth part of a day, a period of three hours; अविदितगतयामा रात्रिरेव व्यरंसीत् U. 1. 27; पश्चिमयामिनीयामास्वसादमिव चेतना R. 17. 1; so यामवती, त्रियामा &c. -3 Going, proceeding. -4 Motion, course. -5 Ved. A road. -6 Progress. -7 A car, carriage. -**Comp.** —घोषः 1. a cock. -2. a gong or metal-plate on which night-watches are struck. —तूर्य, -दुंदुभिः, -नाली=यामघोष (2); मंद्रध्वनिर्न्यञ्जितयामतूर्यः R. 6. 56. —यमः a stated occupation for every hour. —वृत्तिः *f.* being on watch or guard.

यामक *m. dual.* N. of the Nakshatra पुनर्वसू.

यामन् *n.* Ved. 1 Going, motion. -2 Flight. -3 Coming, arrival. -4 A march, an expedition. -5 Invocation. -6 Offering, oblation.