वांकः The ocean.

वांक्ष् 1 P. (वांक्षति) To wish; desire.

वाच् *f.* [वच्-क्विप् दीर्घोऽसंप्रसारणं च Un. 2. 67] 1 A word, sound, an expression (opp. अर्थ); वागर्थाविव संपृक्तौ वागर्थप्रतिपत्तये R. 1. 1. -2 Words, talk, language, speech; वाचि पुण्यापुण्यहेतवः Mâl 4; लौकिकानां हि साधूनामर्थं वागनुवर्तते । ऋषीणां पुनराद्यानां वाचमर्थोऽनुधावति U.1. 10; विनिश्चितार्थामिति वाचमाददे Ki. 1. 3 'spoke these words', 'spoke as follows'; R. 1. 49 ; Si. 2. 13, 23 ; Ku. 2. 3. -3 A voice, sound; अशरीरिणी वागुदचरत् U. 2 ; मनुष्यावाचा R. 2. 33. -4 An assertion, a statement. -5 An assurance, a promise. -6 A phrase, proverb, saying. -7 N. of Sarasvatî, the goddess of speech. **-Comp.** **-अपहारकः** (वाग-पहारकः a 'stealer of speech', a reader of prohibited texts. **-अर्थः** (वागर्थः) a word and its meaning ; R. 1. 1 ; see above. **-असिः** cutting speech (cutting like a sword); स्फुरन्नवार्थो विवृणोति वागसिः Ki. 14. 12. **-आडंबरः** (वागाडंबरः) verbosity, bombast. **-आत्मन्** *a.* (वागात्मन्) consisting of words; ऋषे प्रबुद्धोसि वागात्मनि ब्रह्मणि U. 2. **-ईशः** (वागीशः) 1. an orator, an eloquent man. -2. an epithet of Bṛihaspati, the preceptor of the gods. -3. an epithet of Brahman ; Ku. 2. 3. -4. the lunar mansion called Pushya. (-शा) N. of Sarasvatî. **-ईश्वरः** (वागीश्वरः) 1. an orator, eloquent man. -2. an epithet of Brahman. (-री) Sarasvatî, the goddess of speech. **-ऋषभः** (वागृषभः) 'eminent in speech', an eloquent or learned man. **-कलहः** (वाक्कलहः) a quarrel, strife. **-कीरः** (वाक्कीरः) a wife's brother. **-गुदः** (वाग्गुदः) a kind of bird. **-गुणः** (वाग्गुणः) a merit or excellence of speech; (35 such merits are enumerated by Hemachandra). **-गुलिः, -गुलिकः** (वाग्गुलिः &c.) the betel-bearer of a king &c.; cf. ताम्बूलकरंकवाहिन्. **-चपल** *a.* (वाक्चपल) chattering, frivolous or inconsiderate in talk. **-चापल्यं** (वाक्चापल्यं) idle or frivolous talk, chattering, gossiping. **-छलं** (वाक्छलं) 'dishonesty in words', an evasive reply, a prevarication; एतावदेवास्ति मे वाक्छलं Mu. 2; केनेदमसृतं मे वाक्छलाद्दृष्टं K. 330. **-जालं** (वाग्जालं) bombast, empty talk; अनिर्लोडितकार्यस्य वाग्जालं वाग्मिनो वृथा Si. 2. 27. **-डंबरः** (वाग्डंबरः) 1. bombast. -2. eloquent language. **-दंडः** (वाग्दंडः) 1. reproachful words, reprimand, reproof. -2. restraint of speech, control over words ; cf. त्रिदंड. **-दत्त** (वाग्दत्त) *a.* promised, affianced, betrothed. (**-त्ता**) an affianced or betrothed virgin. **-दरिद्र** (वाग्दरिद्र) *a.* 'poor in words', *i. e.* speaking little. **-दलं** (वाग्दलं) a lip. **-दानं** (वाग्दानं) betrothal. **-दुष्ट** *a.* (वाग्दुष्ट) 1. abusive, scurrilous, using abusive words. -2. using ungrammatical language. (**-ष्टः**) 1. a defamer. -2. a Brâhmaṇa not invested with the sacred thread at the proper time of his life. **-देवता, -देवी** (वाग्देवता, वाग्देवी) Sarasvatî, the goddess of speech; वाग्देवतायाः सांमुख्यमाधत्ते S. D. 1. **°कुलं** science, learning. **-दोषः** (वाग्दोषः) 1. the utterance of a (disagreeable) sound; द्वीपिचर्मर्ष्यरिच्छत्री वाग्दोषाद् गर्दभो हतः H. 3. -2. abuse, defamation. -3. an ungrammatical speech. **-निबंधन** (वाग्निबंधन) *a.* depending on words. **-निश्चयः** (वाङ्निश्चयः) affiance by word of mouth, marriage contract. **-निष्ठा** (वाङ्निष्ठा) faithfulness (to one's word or promise). **-पटु** *a.* (वाक्पटु) skilful in speech, eloquent. **-पति** *a.* (वाक्पति) eloquent, oratorical. (**-तिः**) 1. N. of Bṛihaspati (in this sense वाचस्पतिः is also used). -2. the constellation Pushya. **-पारुष्यं** (वाक्पारुष्यं) 1. severity of language. -2. violence in words, abusive or scurrilous language, defamation. **-प्रचोदनं** (वाक्प्रचोदनं) an order expressed in words. **-प्रतोदः** (वाक्प्रतोदः) 'the goad of words', goading or taunting language. **-प्रलापः** (वाक्प्रलापः) eloquence. **-बंधनं** (वाग्बंधनं) stopping the speech, silencing ; Amaru. 13. **-मनस** *n.* dual (वाङ्मनसी in Vedic language) speech and mind ; अथैनं तुष्टुवुः स्तुत्यनवाङ्मनसगोचरं R. 10. 15. **-मात्र** (वाङ्मात्रं) mere words. **-मुखं** (वाङ्मुख) the beginning or introduction of a speech, an exordium, a preface. **-यत** *a.* (वाग्यत) one who has controlled or curbed his speech, silent. **-यमः** (वाग्यमः) one who has controlled his speech, a sage. **-यामः** (वाग्यामः) a dumb man. **-युद्धं** (वाग्युद्धं) a war of words, (hot) debate or discussion, controversy. **-रोधः** (वाग्रोधः) stopping the speech, silencing. **-वज्रः** (वाग्वज्रः) 1. adamantine words, अहह दारुणो वाग्वज्रः U. 1. -2. harsh or severe language. **-विदग्ध** *a.* (वाग्विदग्ध) skilled in speech. (**-ग्धा**) a sweet-speaking or fascinating woman. **-विभवः** (वाग्विभवः) stock or provision of words, power of description, command of language ; नास्ति मे वाग्विभवः प्रशंसितुं V. 3 ; रघूणामन्वयं वक्ष्ये तनुवाग्विभवेऽपि सन् R. 1. 9, Mâl. 1. 26. **-विलासः** (वाग्विलासः) graceful or elegant speech. **-व्यवहारः** (वाग्व्यवहारः) verbal or oral discussion; प्रयोगप्रधानं हि नाट्यशास्त्रं किमत्र वाग्व्यवहारेण M. 1. **-व्ययः** (वाग्व्ययः) waste of words or breath. **-व्यापारः** (वाग्व्यापारः) 1. the manner of speaking. -2. the style or habit of speaking. -3. customary phraseology or mode of talking. **-संयमः** (वाक्संयमः) restraint or control of speech.

वाङ्मय *a.* (यी *f.*) 1 Consisting of words; R. 3. 28. **-2** Relating to speech or words; Ms. 12. 6; Bg. 17. 15. **-3** Endowed with speech. **-4** Eloquent, rhetorical, oratorical. **-यं** 1 Speech, language; स्मरस्तजभ्रगैर्लतैरेभिर्दशभिरक्षरैः । समस्तं वाङ्मयं व्याप्तं त्रैलोक्यमिव विष्णुना Chand. M. 1; Ku. 7. 90; Si. 2. 72. -2 Eloquence. -2 Rhetoric. **-यी** The goddess Sarasvatî.

वाच: 1 A kind of fish. -2 The plant मदन.

वाचंयम *a.* Holding the tongue, maintaining perfect silence, silent, taciturn ; उपस्थिता देवी तद्वाचंयमो भव V. 3 ; विद्वांसो वसुधातले परवचःश्लाघासु वाचंयमाः Bv. 4. 42; वाचंयमत्वात् R. 13. 44. **-मः** A sage who maintains rigid silence.

वाचक *a.* [वच्-ण्वुल्] 1 Speaking, declaring, explanatory. -2 Expressing, signifying, denoting directly (as a word, distinguished from लाक्षणिक and व्यंजक) ; साक्षात्सकेतितं योऽर्थमभिधत्ते स वाचकः K. P. 2. -3 Verbal. **-कः** 1 A speaker. **-2** A