kind of demon or Râkshasa. —ज्वाला, —द्योतः a flash or lustre of lightning. —दामन् *n.* a flash of zigzag or forked lightning. —पातः falling or stroke of lightning. —प्रियं bell-metal. —लता, —लेखा (विद्युल्लता, विद्युल्लेखा) 1. a streak of lightning. –2. forked or zigzag lightning.

विद्युत्वत् *a.* Having lightning; Me. 64. —*m.* A cloud; विद्युत्वानिव चातपैः Ku. 6. 27.

विद्योतन *a.* (नी *f.*) 1 Illuminating, irradiating. –2 Illustrating, elucidating.

विद्रः 1 Tearing, splitting, piercing. –2 A fissure, hole, cavity.

विद्रधिः An abscess.

विद्राण *a.* Roused from sleep, awakened.

विद्रु 1 P. 1 To run, run away, retreat; जलसंघात इवाशि विद्रुतः Ku. 4. 6. –2 To melt, dissolve. –3 To become divided, burst asunder. —*Caus.* To put to flight, rout, scare away, disperse, scatter; प्रतिरवाभोगनीचितनष्टविद्रावितशेषजननिवहः Mâl. 3; अलौ कुलिश्रात्या खरनखरविद्रावितमहागुहमावसामः स्वपिति गिरिगर्भे हरिपतिः Bv. 1. 52.

विद्रवः 1 Running away, flight, retreat. –2 Panic. –3 Flowing out. –4 Melting, liquefaction. –5 Censure, abuse. –6 Intellect, understanding.

विद्राव=विद्रवः q. v.

विद्रावणं 1 Driving or scaring away, putting to flight, defeating. –2 Liquefying.

विद्रावित *a.* 1 Put to flight, routed, chased away. –2 Scattered, dispersed: torn asunder. –3 Liquefied, fused, melted

विद्रुत *p. p.* 1 Flown, fled, away, (in panic). –2 Agitated, frightened, alarmed. –3 Liquid, fluid.

विद्रुमः 1 The coral tree (bearing reddish precious gems called corals). –2 A coral; तवाधरस्पर्धिषु विद्रुमेषु R. 13. 13; Ku. 1. 44. –3 A young shoot or sprout. –Comp. —लता 1. a branch of coral. –2. a kind of perfume. —लतिका a kind of perfume (नलिका).

विद्वस् *a.* [विद्-क्वसु] (Nom. sing. *m.* विद्वान्; *f.* विदुषी; *n.* विद्वत्) 1 Knowing (with acc.); आनंदं ब्रह्मणो विद्वान् न बिभेति कदाचन; तव विद्वानपि तापकारणं R. 8. 76; Ki. 11. 30. –2 Wise, learned. —*m.* A learned or wise man, scholar; किं वस्तु विद्वन् गुरवे प्रदेयं R. 5. 18. –Comp. —कल्प, —देशीय, —देश्य *a.* (विद्वत्कल्प, विद्वद्देशीय, विद्वद्देश्य) slightly learned, a little learned. —जनः (विद्वज्जनः) a learned or wise man, sage.

विद्विष् *m.*, विद्वेषः An enemy, a foe; विद्विषोऽप्यनुनय Bh. 2. 77; R. 3. 60; Y. 1. 162.

विद्विष्ट *p. p.* Hated, disliked, odious.

विद्वेषः 1 Enmity, hatred, odium; Ms. 8. 346. –2 Disdainful pride, contempt; विद्वेषोऽभिनवप्रसादावपि गर्वादनादरः Bharata.

विद्वेषणः A hater, an enemy. —णी A woman of a resentful temper. —णं 1 Causing hatred or enmity. –2 Enmity, hatred.

विद्वेषिन्, विद्वेष्टृ *a.* Hating, inimical. —*m.* A hater, an enemy.

विध् I. 6 P. (विधति) 1 To pierce, cut. –2 To honour, worship. –3 To rule, govern, administer. –II. 1 A. (वेधते) To ask, beg.

विधः [विध-क अच् वा] 1 Kind, sort; as in बहुविधि, नानाविध.–2 Mode, manner, form. –3 Fold (at the end of comp., especially after numerals); त्रिविध, अष्टविध &c. –4 The food of elephants. –5 Prosperity. –6 Penetration.

विधवनं 1 Shaking, agitating. –2 Tremor, trembling.

विधव्यं Tremor, agitation.

विधवा [विगतो धवो यस्याः सा] A widow; सा नारी विधवा जाता गृहे रोदिति तत्पतिः Subhâsh. —**Comp.** —आवेदनं marrying a widow. —गामिन् *m.* one who has sexual intercourse with a widow.

विधस् *m.* N. of Brahman, the creator.

विधा 3 U. 1 To do, make, bring about, effect, accomplish, perform, cause, produce, occasion; यथाक्रमं पुंसवनादिकाः क्रियाधृतेश्च धीरः सदृशीर्व्यधत्त सः R. 3. 10; तस्मै देवा विधेयासुः Bk. 19. 2; विधेयासुर्देवाः परवरमणीयां परिणतिं Mâl. 6. 7; प्रायः शुभं च विदधात्यशुभं च जंतोः सर्वंकषा भगवती भवितव्यतैव 1. 23; ये द्वे कालं विधत्तः *S.* 1. 1 'cause, produce, or regulate time'; तत्य तस्याचलां श्रद्धां तामेव विदधाम्यहं Bg. 7. 21; R. 2. 38, 3. 66, Ve. 1.1, Ki. 1. 3, 16. 62, 18. 28; (these senses may be further modified according to the noun with which विधा is used; cf. कृ). –2 To lay down, ordain, prescribe, fix, settle, command, enjoin; प्राङ्नाभिवर्धनात्पुंसो जातकर्म विधीयते Ms. 2. 29, 3. 19; Y. 1. 72; शूद्रस्य तु सवर्णैव नान्या भार्या विधीयते Ms. 9. 157, 3. 118; पाणिनिश्च क्रियाफलस्य कर्तुरामित्वे सत्यात्मनेपदं विदधाति J.N.V. –3 To make, form, shape, create, manufacture; तं वेधा विदधे नूनं महाभूतसमाधिना R. 1. 29; अंगानि चंपकदलैः स विधाय नूनं कांते कथं घटितवानुपलेन चेतः *S* Til. 3. –4 To appoint, depute (as a minister). –5 To put on, wear; Pt. 1. –6 To fix upon, direct towards (as mind &c.); यांगे धैर्यसमाधिसिद्धिसुलभे बुद्धिं विधद्ध्वं बुधाः Bh. 3. 54, Bg. 2. 44. –7 To arrange, put in order. –8 To make ready, prepare. –9 To settle, fix, establish. –10 To give, grant; Ki. 14. 10. –11 To procure, furnish. –12 To place, put, lay.

विधा 1 Mode, manner, form. –2 Kind, sort. –3 Prosperity, affluence. –4 The food of elephants, horses &c. –5 Penetration. –6 Hire, wages. –7 Act, action.

विधातृ *m.* 1 A maker, creator; Ku. 7. 36. –2 The creator, N. of Brahman; विधाता भद्रं नो दिशतु मनोज्ञाय विधये Mâl. 6. 7; R. 1. 35, 6. 11; 7. 25. –3 A granter, giver, bestower; Ku. 1. 57. –4 Fate, destiny; H. 1. 40. –5 N. of Visvakarman. –6 N. of Kâma, the god of love. –7 Spirituous liquor. –Comp. —आयुस् *m.* 1. sunshine. –2. the sun flower. —भूः an epithet of Nârada.

विधात्री Long pepper.

विधानं 1 Arranging, disposing. –2 Performing, making, doing, executing; नेपथ्यविधानं *S.* 1; आज्ञा°, यज्ञ° &c. –3 Creation, creating; R. 6. 11, 7. 14; Ku. 7. 66. –4 Employment, use, application; प्रतिकारविधानं R. 8. 40. –5 Prescribing, enjoining, ordering. –6 A rule, precept, ordinance, sacred rule or precept, sacred injunc-