stitute of, without (in comp.).

विप्रयोगः 1 Disunion, severance, separation, dissociation; as प्रिय°. -2 Especially, separation of lovers; मा भूदेवं क्षणमपि च ते विद्युता विप्रयोगः Me. 115, 10; सद्यस्त्वया सह कृशोदरि विप्रयोगः V. 5. 16; R. 13. 26, 14. 66. -3 Quarrel, disagreement. -4 Being fit or deserved.

विप्रलप् 1 P. 1 To dispute, contradict, wrangle, quarrel. -2 To discuss, debate. -3 To lament, bewail.

विप्रलप्त 1 Discussion, debate, controversy. -2 Bewailing, lamentation.

विप्रलापः 1 Idle or unmeaning talk, prattle, gibberish, nonsense. -2 Mutual contradiction, contradictory statement. -3 A dispute, wrangling. -4 Violation of one's promise, breaking one's word.

विप्रलभ् 1 A. 1 To cheat, deceive, impose upon. -2 To recover, regain. -3 To insult, disrespect. -4 To violate, disregard.

विप्रलब्ध *p. p.* 1 Deceived, cheated. -2 Disappointed. -3 Hurt, injured. —ब्धा A woman disappointed by her lover's breaking his appointment; (one of the several classes of a Nâyikâ in poetic composition); she is thus defined in S. D. :—प्रियः कृत्वापि संकेतं यस्या नायाति संनिधिम्। विप्रलब्धेति सा ज्ञेया नितांतमवमानिता ॥ 118.

विप्रलंभः 1 (*a*) Deceiving, deceit, tricking; Ki. 11. 27. (*b*) Delusion; अतिक्रान्तिता खलु प्रियसखी अनेनानुकूलविप्रलंभेन Mâl. 6. -2 Especially, deceiving by false statement or by not keeping promises. -3 Quarrel, disagreement. -4 Disunion, separation, disjunction. -5 The separation of lovers; शुश्रुवे प्रियजनस्य कातरं विप्रलंभपरिशंकिनो वचः R. 19. 18; Ve. 2. 12. -6 (In Rhet.) The feeling or sentiment of love in separation, one of the two main kinds of शृंगार (opp. संभोग); अपरः (विप्रलंभः) अभिलाषविरहेर्ष्याप्रवासशापहेतुक इति पंचविधः K. P. 4; यूनोरयुक्तयोर्भावो युक्तयोर्वाथवा मिथः। अभीष्टालिंगनादीनामनवाप्तौ प्रहृष्यते। विप्रलंभः स विज्ञेयः;—उज्ज्वलमणि :—; cf. S. D. 212 *et seq.*

विप्रलंभनं Deception, fraud, trick.

विप्रलयः Complete destruction or dissolution, annihilation; विद्याकल्पेन मरुता मेघानां भूयसामपि। ब्रह्मणीव विवर्तानां क्वापि विप्रलयः कृतः U. 6. 6.

विप्रलुप्त *p. p.* 1 Carried away, snatched away. -2 Disturbed, interrupted.

विप्रवस् 1 P. To sojourn, be absent from (one's home); R. 12. 11. —*Caus.* 1 To banish, expel. -2 To remove, take away.

विप्रवासः Staying abroad, dwelling in a foreign country (away from one's home).

विप्रवासनं 1 Banishment. -2 Staying abroad, sojourn.

विप्रोषित *p. p.* 1 Staying abroad, away from, absent. -2 Banished, being in exile. **-Comp.** —भर्तृका a woman whose husband is absent from home.

विप्राश्निका A female fortune-teller; A. 64.

विप्रहीण *a.* Deprived or destitute of.

विप्रिय *a.* Disagreeable, disliked, unpleasant, distasteful. —यं, Offence, wrong, a disagreeable act; मनसापि न विप्रियं मया कृतपूर्वं तव किं जहासि मां R. 8. 52, Ku. 4. 7; Ki. 9. 39; *Si.* 15. 11; U. 3. 13.

विप्रुष् *f.* 1 A drop (of water or any other liquid); संतापं नवजलविप्रुषो गृहीत्वा *Si.* 8. 40; स्वेदविप्रुषः 2. 18. -2 A mark, dot, spot.

विप्लु 1 A. 1 To float about, swing to and fro, fluctuate. -2 To drift (in the sea), be scattered; यदि न स्याच्चरपतिः सम्यङ् नेता ततः प्रजा। अकर्णधारा जलधौ विप्लवेतेह नौरिव H. 3. 2, Pt. 3. 73. -3 To be confused (as mind). -4 To be ruined or destroyed. -5 To fail. —*Caus.* 1 To cause to float or swim. -2 To divulge, spread abroad. -3 To teach (to unworthy persons); Ms. 11. 199. -4 To cause to fail, spoil, mar; गुणानामाश्रयातथ्यार्थं विप्लावयंति ये *Si.* 2. 56. -5 To confound, bewilder.

विप्लवः 1 Floating or drifting about, floating in different directions. -2 Opposition, contrariety. -3 Confusion, perplexity. -4 Tumult, scuffle, affray; M. 1. -5 Devastation, predatory warfare; danger from an enemy. -6 Extortion. -7 Loss, destruction; सत्त्वविप्लवात् R. 8. 41. -8 Adverseness, evil turn; अथवा मम भाग्यविप्लवात् R. 8. 47. -9 The rust on a mirror (dust accumulating on its surface); अपवर्जितविप्लवे शुचौ...मतिरादर्श इवाभिदृश्यते Ki. 2. 26 (where विप्लव also means प्रमाणबाधः 'absence of reasoning'). -10 Transgression, violation; Ki. 1. 13. -11 An evil, a calamity. -12 Sin, wickedness, sinfulness. -13 Terrifying an enemy by shouts and gestures. -14 Divulging, making public.

विप्लावः 1 Deluging, inundating. -2 Causing tumult. -3 A horse's canter or gallop.

विप्लुत *p. p.* 1 Drifted about. -2 Drowned, submerged, deluged, overflowed. -3 Confounded, disturbed. -4 Ravaged, devastated. -5 Lost, disappeared. -6 Disgraced, dishonoured. -7 Ruined. -8 Obscured, disfigured. -9 Depraved, dissolute, profligate, guilty of lewdness. -10 Contrary, reverse. -11 Turning out false; नेते वाचं विप्लुतां व्याहरंति U. 4. 18.

विप्लुष् See विप्रुष्.

विप्सा See वीप्सा.

विफल *a.* 1 Fruitless, useless vain, ineffectual, unprofitable; मम विफलनेतदनुरूपमपि यौवनं Gît. 7; जगता वा विफलेन किं फलं R. G.; *Si.* 9. 6; Ku. 7. 66; Me. 68. -2 Idle, unmeaning. —ला N. of a plant (केतकी).

विफलीकृ 8 U. To frustrate, defeat, foil, render fruitless.

विफलीभू 1 P. To become useless or unprofitable, be foiled.

विबंध् 9 P. 1 To bind or fasten (on different sides). -2 To stretch out, extend.

विबद्ध *p. p.* 1 Fastened, tied. -2 Obstructed, stopped.

विबंधः 1 Constipation. -2 Obstruction.

विबाध् See बाध्.

विबाधा Pain, anguish, torment, agony.

विबुध् 1 P., 4 A. 1 To wake up, awake; निमील्य नेत्रे सहसा व्यबुध्यत Ku. 5. 57. -2 To become conscious.