us, m. a lion's whelp or cub. — *Siṅha-saṃhanana, am*, n. the killing or destroying of a lion; (*as, ā, am*), lion-shaped, well-shaped, handsome; strong as a lion. — *Siṅha-skandha, as, ā, am*, 'lion-shouldered,' having the shoulders of a lion. — *Siṅha-stha, as*, m. 'being in the lion,' epithet of the planet Jupiter when in the constellation Leo. — *Siṅhādhya* (°*ha-ādh*°), *as, ā, am*, abounding in lions. — *Siṅhāvalokana* (°*ha-av*°), *am*, n. a lion's look (applied to the habit of constantly pausing and looking back). — *Siṅhāsana* (°*ha-ās*°), *am*, n. 'lion-seat,' a throne (said to be so called as supported by golden lions); (*as*), m. a particular kind of sexual union. — *Siṅhāsana-cakra, am*, n., N. of three astrological diagrams shaped like a man and marked with the twenty-seven Nakshatras. — *Siṅhāsana-dvātriṅśat, t*, or *siṅhāsanadvātriṅśat-puttrikā-vārttā*, f., N. of a work consisting of thirty-two stories in praise of Vikramāditya (= *vikrama-carita*). — *Siṅhāsana-bhrashṭa, as, ā, am*, fallen from a throne, dethroned. — *Siṅhāsana-raṇa, as, am*, m. n. a strife or struggle for the throne. — *Siṅhāsana-stha, as, ā, am*, sitting on a throne. — *Siṅhāsya* (°*ha-ās*°), *as, ā, am*, lion-faced; (*as*), m. a kind of plant (= *vāsaka*); a particular position of the hands. — *Siṅhoddhatā* (°*ha-ud*°), f. a kind of metre. — *Siṅhonnatā* (°*ha-un*°), f. a kind of metre.

Siṅhala, am, n. tin; brass; bark, rind; Cassia bark; (*am, ā*), n. f. the island or country of Ceylon, (perhaps so called as abounding in lions); (*ās*), m. pl. the people of Ceylon. — *Siṅhala-dvīpa, as*, m. the island of Ceylon. — *Siṅhala-stha, as, ā, am*, being or dwelling in Ceylon; (*ā*), f. a kind of plant (= *sarpa-daṇḍā, saiṅhalī*). — *Siṅhalā-sthāna, as*, m. a kind of palm tree.

Siṅhalaka, am, n. the island of Ceylon.

Siṅhāya, Nom. A. *siṅhāyate, -yitum*, to be or become like a lion, act like a lion.

Siṅhikā, f., N. of the mother of Rāhu, (she was one of the thirteen daughters of Daksha and wife of Kaśyapa); N. of a daughter of Kaśyapa (wife of Vipracitti). — *Siṅhikā-sūnu, us*, m. 'son of Siṅhikā,' epithet of Rāhu or the Ascending Node personified.

Siṅhikeya, as, m. 'son of Siṅhikā,' epithet of Rāhu.

Siṅhī, f. a lioness; N. of the mother of Rāhu; of various plants (= *vārtāki*; = *kaṇṭakārī*; = *vāsaka*; = *bṛihatī*; = *mudga-parṇī*). — *Siṅhī-latā*, f. a kind of plant (= *bṛihatī*).

सिंहाण *siṅhāṇa, am*, n. (probably for *siṅghāṇa*; also written *siṅghāṇa*), rust of iron; the mucus of the nose.

Siṅhāṇaka, as, am, m. n. = *siṅhāṇa* above, (also written *siṅghāṇaka, śiṅghāṇaka, saṅghāṇaka.*)

Siṅhāna, am, n. = *siṅhāṇa* above.

सिक् *sik*, a Sautra rt. meaning 'to scatter about, sprinkle;' [cf. rts. 1. *sić, sīk.*]

Sikata, ās, m. pl. (said to be fr. the Sautra rt. above; probably fr. rt. 1. *sić*), sand; N. of certain Ṛishis, (part of the hymn Ṛig-veda IX. 86. is attributed to Sikatāḥ); (*ā*), f. sandy soil; sand; gravel or stone (the disease). — *Sikatā-maya, as, ī, am*, consisting of sand, full of sand, sandy; (*am*), n. a sand-bank; an island with sandy shores. — *Sikatā-reṇu, us*, m. a grain of sand. — *Sikatā-vat, ān, atī, at*, possessed of sand, abounding in sand, sandy.

Sikatila, as, ā, am, sandy (as a soil, country, &c.).

सिक्त *sikta, siktha*, &c. See col. 2.

सिक्थ *sikshya, as*, m. erystal, glass.

सिङ्गापिदि *siṅgāpidi, is*, m., N. of a poet.

सिङ्घण *siṅghaṇa* or *siṅghāṇa, am*, n. (probably for *śiṅghaṇa, śiṅghāṇa*, fr. rt. *śiṅgh*, q.v.; also written *siṅhāṇa*; cf. *saṅghāṇaka*), the mucus of the nose.

Siṅghāṇaka, am, n. = *siṅghāṇa* above.

Siṅghiṇī, f. the nose, (see *śiṅghiṇ*, p. 1005, col. 2.)

सिच् 1. *sić*, cl. 6. P. A. *siñćati, -te, siśheća, siśhiće, sekshyati, -te, asićat, asićata* or *asikta, sektum*, to sprinkle, scatter in small drops; to besprinkle, soak, moisten, water (plants &c.); to pour out, discharge, emit, shed, effuse; to pour in; to impregnate: Pass. *sićyate*, Aor. *aseći*, to be sprinkled, &c.: Caus. *sećayati, -yitum*, Aor. *asīshićat* or (according to some) *asīsićat*, to cause to sprinkle: Desid. *sisikshati, -te*: Intens. *sesićyate, sesekti*; [cf. Gr. *ικ-μά(δ)-s, ικμαλέο-s, ικμαίν-ω, ικμα-ίο-s, στίλη, σίκυς*: Lat. *stilla* (for *stic-la*): Old Germ. *sîh-u, seich*, 'urine;' *seihjan, seo, gi-sich*: Goth. (probably) *saivs*: Lith. *sunk-iu, séki-s, sek-ti.*]

Sikta, as, ā, am, sprinkled, besprinkled, bespattered, watered; wetted, moistened, soaked, wet; poured out, effused; impregnated, engendered.

Sikti, is, f. sprinkling; effusion; emission.

Siktvā, ind. having sprinkled, having poured out or effused.

Siktha, as, m. boiled rice; a lump of boiled rice or a mouthful of boiled rice kneaded into a ball; (*am*), n. bee's-wax; indigo (= *nīlī*).

Sikthaka, am, n. bee's-wax.

2. *sić, k*, f. clothes; the skirt of a dress, (Sāy. = *vastra-prānta*); (*au*), f. du., Ved. (according to some) the two wings (of an army); heaven and earth.

Sićaya, as, m. a robe, raiment, cloth, clothes; old or ragged raiment.

Sićyamāna, as, ā, am, being sprinkled; being poured out.

Sińćat, an, atī or *antī, at*, sprinkling, wetting, scattering water.

Seka, as, m. sprinkling, besprinkling, moistening, watering (of plants &c.); aspersion; pouring out, effusion, emission; seminal effusion, impregnation; that which is poured out, a libation, offering; seminal fluid; a drop of anything. — *Seka-pātra, am*, n. a vessel for pouring out or holding water; a watering-pot, baling-vessel, bucket. — *Sekānta* (°*ka-an*°), *as*, m. the end or conclusion of the process of watering (plants &c.).

Sekima, am, n. a radish (= *mūlaka*).

Sektavya, as, ā, am, to be sprinkled or poured out, &c.

Sektri, tā, trī, tri, sprinkling, who or what sprinkles or impregnates; (*trī*), m. a sprinkler; a water-carrier; a husband.

Sektra, am, n. a vessel for holding or pouring out water, a watering-pot, bucket, baling-vessel.

Sećaka, as, ā, am, sprinkling, a sprinkler; (*as*), m. a cloud.

Sećana, am, n. the act of sprinkling or watering, aspersion, effusion, pouring; dripping, oozing out; (*am, ī*), n. f. a bucket, baling-vessel.

Sećanīya, as, ā, am, to be sprinkled or watered, to be poured out or effused.

Sećya, as, ā, am, to be sprinkled; to be moistened, &c.

सिञ्चिता *sińćitā*, f. long pepper (= *pippalī*).

सिञ्जा *siñjā*, f. (for *śiñjā*, q.v.), the jingling sound of metallic ornaments.

Siñjita, am, n. tinkling (= *śiñjita*, q.v.).

Siñjini, f. = *śiñjinī*, q.v.

सिट् *siṭ* (= rts. *śiṭ, shiṭ*), cl. 1. P. *seṭati*, &c., to disregard, despise.

सित 2. *sita, as, ā* or *ī, am* (thought by some to be fr. 2. *asita*, q.v.; apparently connected with *śitī*, p. 1005, cf. *śvita, śveta*, p. 1031, and see *śina*; for 1. see under rt. *si*, for 3. see under rt. 1. *so*), white; (*as*), m. the colour white; the light half of the month from new to full moon; the planet Venus or its regent, = *śukra*; (*ā*), f. candied sugar, sugar; moonlight; a handsome woman; spirituous liquor; white Dūrvā grass; Arabian jasmine; a sort of Clitoria; a kind of Aparājitā plant (growing on mountains); various other plants or trees, = *śveta-kaṇṭakārī*; = *vākućī*; = *vidārī*; = *kuṭumbinī*; = *piṅgā*; = *trāyamāṇā*; = *tejanī*; (*am*), n. silver; sandal; a radish (= *mūlaka*). — *Sita-kaṇṭā* or *sita-kaṇṭārikā*, f. a kind of plant (= *śveta-kaṇṭakārī*). — *Sita-kaṇṭha, as, ā, am*, white-throated, having a white neck; (*as*), m. a gallinule. — *Sita-kara, as*, m. 'white-rayed,' the moon; camphor. — *Sita-karṇī*, f. a kind of plant (= *vāsaka*). — *Sita-karman, ā, ā, a*, pure in deeds or actions. — *Sita-kuñjara, as*, m. a white elephant; N. of Indra's elephant; 'having a white elephant,' epithet of Indra. — *Sita-guñjā*, f. a kind of plant (= *śveta-guñjā*). — *Sita-ćhna, as*, m. 'white-marked,' a sort of fish (= *bālukā-gaḍa*). — *Sita-ćchattra, am*, n. a white umbrella (especially as one of the emblems of royalty); (*ā* or *ī*), f. a sort of fennel (= *śata-pushpā*). — *Sita-ćchatrita, as*, m. having a white umbrella, possessed of all the insignia of royalty, (according to the Scholiast on Naishadha I. 1. = *śvetātapatrī-krita*, made into a white umbrella.) — *Sita-ćchada, as*, m. 'white-feathered,' a goose; (*ā*), f. white Dūrvā grass. — *Sita-turaga, as*, m. 'white-horsed,' epithet of Arjuna. — *Sita-darbha, as*, m. white Kuśa grass. — *Sita-dīdhiti, is*, m. 'white-rayed,' the moon. — *Sita-dīpya, as*, m. white cumin. — *Sita-dūrvā*, f. white Dūrvā grass. — *Sita-dru, us*, m. 'white tree,' a species of Moraṭa plant. — *Sita-dhātu, us*, m. a white mineral; chalk. — *Sita-paksha, as*, m. a white wing; the light half of a lunar month; 'white-winged,' a goose; [cf. *dhavala-paksha.*] — *Sita-parṇī*, f. 'white-leafed,' a kind of plant (= *arka-pushpikā*). — *Sita-pāṭalikā*, f. the white Pāṭalā tree. — *Sita-puṅkhā*, f. the white Sara-puṅkhā plant. — *Sita-pushpa, as*, m. the Tagara tree; a kind of grass (= *kāśa*); a kind of tree, = *śveta-rohita*; (*ā*), f. Arabian jasmine; (*ī*), f. a kind of white Aparājitā plant; (*am*), n. a sort of grass, Cyperus Rotundus. — *Sita-maṇi, is*, m. a white precious stone, a crystal. — *Sitamaṇi-maya, as, ī, am*, consisting of crystals or jewels, made of crystal. — *Sita-marića, am*, n. white pepper. — *Sita-māsha, as*, m. a sort of bean (= *rāja-māsha*). — *Sita-rakta, as, ā, am*, white and red. — *Sita-rañjana, as*, m. 'white-tinged,' yellow (the colour). — *Sita-raśmi, is*, m. 'white-rayed,' the moon. — *Sita-varshābhū, ūs*, m. a kind of plant (= *punar-ṇavā*). — *Sita-vājin, ī*, m. 'having white horses,' epithet of Arjuna. — *Sita-śarkarā*, f. candied sugar. — *Sita-śāyakā*, f. the white Sara-puṅkhā plant. — *Sita-śiṅśapā*, f. the white Siṅśapā tree. — *Sita-śimbika, as*, m. 'white-awned,' wheat, (also read *śiti-śimbika*.) — *Sita-śiva, am*, n. rock-salt, (also read *śita-śiva, sitaśiva, śīta-śiva, śīta-siva*.) — *Sita-śūka, as*, m. 'white-awned,' barley; [cf. *śita-śūka.*] — *Sita-śūraṇa, as*, m. the plant Vana-śūraṇa. — *Sita-śmaśru, us, us, u*, having a white beard, silvery-bearded. — *Sita-sapti, is*, m. 'having white horses,' epithet of Arjuna. — *Sita-sarshapa, as*, m. white mustard. — *Sita-sāra* or *sita-sāraka, as*, m. 'having white pith,' the Sālińća plant. — *Sita-siṅhī*, f. the white Kaṇṭakārī plant. — *Sita-sindhu, us*, f. 'white river,' the Ganges. — *Sita-siva*, see *sita-śiva*. — *Sitāṅśu* (°*ta-aṅ*°), *us*, m. 'white-rayed,' the moon; camphor. — *Sitāṅśuka* (°*ta-aṅ*°), *as, ā, am*, dressed in a white mantle or garment. — *Sitāṅśu-taila, am*, n. camphor oil or ointment. — *Sitā-khaṇḍa, as*, m. a kind of clayed or refined sugar (said to be prepared from honey). — *Sitāgra* (°*ta-ag*°), *as*, m. = *sitāgra*, a thorn. — *Sitāṅka* (°*ta-aṅ*°), *as*, m. 'white-marked,' the Bālukā-gaḍa fish. — *Sitāṅga* (°*ta-aṅ*°), *as*, m. the Sveta-rohita tree. — *Sitāṅgarāga* (°*ta-aṅ*°), *as*, m. a white cosmetic or decoration for the limbs or body. — *Sitājājī* (°*ta-ajī*°), f. white cumin. — *Sitātapa-vāraṇa* (°*ta-āt*°), *am*, n. a white umbrella (especially as a symbol of royalty). — *Sitādi* (°*ta-ādi*?), *is*, m. treacle, molasses (= *guḍa*). — *Sitānana* (°*ta-ān*°), *as, ī, am*, white-faced; (*as*), m. epithet of Garuḍa. — *Sitā-*