— *Sura-lāsikā*, f. a flute, pipe, fife. — *Sura-loka*, *as*, m. the world of the gods, heaven of Indra. — *Suraloka-sundarī*, f. a celestial woman; N. of Durgā. — *Sura-vartman*, *a*, n. 'road of the gods;' heaven, sky, ether, atmosphere. — *Sura-vallabhā*, f. white Dūrvā grass. — *Sura-vallī*, f. sacred basil. — *Sura-vidvish*, *t*, m. a god-hater, enemy of the gods, demon, Asura. — *Sura-vilāsinī*, f. a heavenly nymph, Apsaras; a proper N. — *Sura-vīthī*, f. the way of the gods. — *Sura-vairin*, *ī*, or *sura-śatru*, *us*, m. an enemy of the gods, demon, Asura. — *Sura-śākhin*, *ī*, m. a tree of the gods; the Kalpa tree. — *Sura-śreshṭhā*, f. a particular plant (= *brāhmī*). — *Sura-saṅgha*, *as*, m. a company or assemblage of gods. — *Sura-sattama*, *as*, m. the best of the gods. — *Sura-sadman*, *a*, n. the abode of the gods, heaven of Indra. — *Sura-sama*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, equal to the gods. — *Sura-samiti*, *is*, f. an assemblage of gods. — *Sura-sambhavā*, f. a kind of plant (= *āditya-bhaktā*). — *Sura-sarit*, *t*, or *sura-sindhu*, *us*, f. 'river of the gods,' the Ganges. — *Sura-sarshapaka*, *as*, m. a kind of mustard (= *deva-sarshapa*). — *Sura-suta*, *as*, m. a son of a god; (*ā*), f. a daughter of a god. — *Sura-sutopama*° (°*tau-p*°), *as*, *ā*, *am*, similar to the children of the gods. — *Sura-sundarī*, f. a woman of the gods, lovely celestial female, Apsaras; N. of Durgā; a particular Yoginī. — *Sura-strī*, f. a celestial nymph, Apsaras. — *Sura-sthāna*, *am*, n. the place or abode of a god; a temple. — 1. *surā-kara*, *as*, m. 'liquor-maker,' the cocoa-nut tree. — 2. *surākara* (°*rā-ā-k*°), *as*, m. 'mine of spirituous liquor,' a distillery. — *Surā-graha*, *as*, m. a vessel for taking up or holding spirituous liquor. — *Surāṅganā* (°*ra-aṅ*°), f. a celestial woman, nymph, Apsaras. — *Surāchārya* (°*ra-ā-c*°), *as*, m. 'preceptor of the gods,' epithet of Vṛihas-pati. — *Surājīva*, *as*, or *surājīvin* (°*ra-ā-j*°), *ī*, m. 'living by spirituous liquor,' a distiller. — *Surādhipa* (°*ra-adh*°), *as*, m. 'sovereign of the gods,' Indra. — *Surādhyaksha* (°*ra-adh*°), *as*, m. 'superintendent of the gods,' epithet of Śiva. — *Surā-dhvaja*, *as*, m. 'liquor-sign,' a flag or sign hung outside a tavern or public-house. — *Surā-pa*, *as*, *ā* (or according to some *ī*), *am*, a spirit-drinker, dram-drinker (fr. *surā* + 2. *pa*); wise, sage (perhaps fr. *sura* + 3. *pa* with *ā*); pleasant, agreeable; a preserver of spirituous liquor (fr. *surā* + 3. *pa*). — *Surāpagā* (°*ra-ap*°), f. 'divine river,' the Ganges. — *Surā-pāna*, *am*, n. (also written *surā-pāna*), the drinking of wine or spirituous liquor; (*ās*), m. pl., N. of the inhabitants of eastern India (so called from their drinking spirituous liquors); eating anything to excite thirst and promote drinking (in this sense written *surāpāna*). — *Surāpāna-parikshīva*, drunk with wine-drinking. — *Surāpāna-prāyaśchitta*, *am*, n. a particular penance for drinking spirits. — *Surāpin*, *ī*, *iṇī*, *i*, possessing wine-drinkers. — *Surā-pīta*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, drinking wine or spirituous liquor. — *Surā-bhāga*, *as*, m. 'a portion of spirituous liquor,' yeast, barm. — *Surā-bhājana*, *am*, n. a wine cup. — *Surā-maṇḍa*, *as*, m. the scum or froth of vinous liquor during fermentation, yeast, barm. — *Surāri* (°*ra-ari*), *is*, m. an enemy of the gods, demon, Asura; the chirp of a cricket. — *Surāri-sambhava*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, caused by an enemy of the gods. — *Surāri-han*, *hā*, m. 'destroyer of the enemies of the gods,' epithet of Śiva. — *Surāri-hantri*, *tā*, m. 'demon-killer,' epithet of Vishṇu. — *Surārchana* (°*ra-ar*°), *am*, n. the act of worshipping the gods, worship. — *Surārha* (°*ra-ar*°), *am*, n. 'worthy of the gods;' gold; saffron. — *Surālaya* (°*ra-ā-l*° and °*rā-ā-l*°), *as*, m. 'abode of the gods,' epithet of the mountain Meru, q. v.; heaven, paradise; a place for selling spirituous liquor, a tavern. — *Surā-vat*, *ān*, *atī*, *at*, having wine, drinking wine. — *Surā-śu*, *us*, *us*, *u*, Ved. (see 1. *śu*), swollen with wine, wine-drinking, wine-swilling, (Sāy. *surā-śvaḥ* = *surayā vriddhāḥ*, Ṛig-veda VIII. 21, 14); growing up in drinking; (*us*), m. a drunkard; a heretic. — *Surā-saṃspṛishṭa*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, touched by spirituous liquor, (Manu XI. 171.) — *Surā-sandhāna*, *am*, n. the distilling of spirituous liquor. — *Surāsava* (°*rā-ās*°), *am*, n. spirituous liquor. — *Surāsura* (°*ra-as*°), *am*, n., *ās*, m. pl. gods and demons. — *Surāsura-vimarda*, *as*, m. a conflict or war between the gods and demons. — *Surāhva* (°*ra-āh*°), *am*, n. 'called divine,' the Deva-dāru pine tree; other plants (= *hari-dru*; = *maruvaka*). — *Surejya* (°*ra-ij*°), *as*, m. 'preceptor of the gods,' epithet of Vṛihas-pati; (*ā*), f. the sacred basil. — *Surendra* (°*ra-in*°), *as*, m. 'chief of gods,' Indra; N. of a king of Kaśmīra. — *Surendra-gopa*, *as*, m. cochineal; [cf. *indra-gopa*.] — *Surendra-jit*, *t*, m. 'conqueror of Indra,' epithet of Garuḍa. — *Surendra-loka*, *as*, m. Indra's heaven. — *Surendra-vatī*, f. a proper N. — 2. *surebha* (°*ra-ibha*), *as*, m. a celestial elephant; (for 1. *su-rebha* see p. 1124.) — *Sureśvara* (°*ra-īś*°), *as*, m. the lord of the gods; epithet of Indra; of Śiva (as one of the eleven Rudras); N. of a pupil of Saṅkarāchārya (the author of the Taittirīya-bhāshya-vārttika, the Pañchīkaraṇa-vārttika, and the Vṛihadāraṇyaka-bhāshya-vārttika); (*ī*), f. the celestial Ganges; Durgā. — *Sureśvara-vārttika-ṭīkā*, f., N. of a commentary by Ānantānanda-giri on the Vṛihadāraṇyaka-bhāshya-vārttika. — *Sureśvarāchārya* (°*ra-āch*°), *as*, m. a proper N. — *Sureśvarī-kshetra*, *am*, n., N. of a district. — *Sureshṭa* (°*ra-ish*°), *as*, *ā*, *am*, beloved or desired by the gods; (*as*), m. the tree Sesbana Grandiflora; the Sāl tree (= *śāla*); another tree (= *sura-punnāga*); (*ā*), f. the moon-plant Asclepias Acida. — *Surottama* (°*ra-ut*°), *as*, *ā*, *am*, best or most excellent of the gods; (*as*), m. the sun. — *Surottara* (°*ra-ut*°), *as*, m. 'superior to gods,' sandal-wood. — *Suroda* (°*rā-uda*), *as*, m. the sea of spirituous liquor.

Suralā, f., N. of the Ganges; of another river.

सुरण *su-raṇa*. See p. 1123, col. 3.

सुरन्दला *surandalā*, f., N. of a river.

सुरभि *su-rabhi*, *is*, *is* or *ī*, *i*, sweet-smelling, fragrant; agreeable, charming, pleasing; handsome; beloved; friendly; celebrated, famous; wise, learned; good, virtuous; (*is*), m. a fragrance, perfume, any sweet-smelling substance; nutmeg; the resin of Shorea Robusta; the Campaka tree; the Samī tree; the Kadamba tree; a particular plant (= *kaṇa-guggulu*); a kind of fragrant grass (= *gandha-tṛiṇa*); other fragrant plants; the season of spring; the month Caitra, q. v.; (*is*), f. the gum olibanum tree (= *śallakī*); sacred basil; jasmine; a kind of creeper (= *rudra-jaṭā*); other plants (= *vana-mālikā*; = *pāṭī*); a sort of fragrant plant or perfume (= *murā*); spirituous liquor (= *surā* which some read for *murā* above); the earth; a cow; N. of the fabulous cow of plenty; N. of one of the Mātṛis, (see *mātṛi*); N. of a daughter of Daksha and wife of Kaśyapa; (*ī*), f. gum olibanum; N. of the cow of plenty; (*i*), n. a fragrant smell, fragrance; sulphur; gold. — *Surabhi-kandara*, *as*, m., N. of a mountain. — *Surabhi-gandhi*, *is*, *is*, *i*, sweet-smelling, fragrant. — *Surabhi-ghṛita*, *am*, n. fragrant butter, well-seasoned ghee. — *Surabhi-triphalā*, f. nutmeg; Areca nut; cloves. — *Surabhi-tvać*, *k*, n. large cardamoms. — *Surabhi-dāru*, *us*, m. 'having fragrant wood,' a kind of pine tree (= *sarala*). — *Surabhi-pattrā*, f. = *surabhī-pattrā* below. — *Surabhi-mat*, *ān*, m. epithet of Agni. — *Surabhi-māsa*, *as*, m. the fragrant mouth, season of sweet scents, spring. — *Surabhi-mukha*, *am*, n. the opening or commencement of spring. — *Surabhi-valkala*, *am*, n. the Laurus Cassia or its bark. — *Surabhi-vāṇa*, *as*, m. 'having fragrant arrows,' epithet of Kāma (whose five arrows are tipped with flowers). — *Surabhi-srag-dhara*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, wearing fragrant garlands. — *Surabhi-sravā*, f. the gum olibanum tree. — *Surabhī-pattrā*, f. 'fragrant-leaved,' the rose-apple (= *jambū*); a kind of Jambū (= *rāja-jambū*). — *Surabhī-rasā*, f. the gum olibanum tree.

Surabhīkā, f. a sort of plantain (= *svarṇa-kadalī*).

Surabhita, *as*, *ā*, *am*, rendered fragrant, perfumed, scented.

Surabhin, *ī*, *iṇī*, *i*, Ved. fragrant.

सुरला *suralā*. See col. 2.

सुरीक *surīka*, *as*, m., N. of a poet.

सुरुङ्ग *surunga*, *as*, m. a kind of tree, Hyperanthera Moringa; (*ā*), f. (probably from Gr. σύριγξ), a hole made underground for military purposes, a hole dug through the walls of a building for the purpose of house-breaking; a mine, excavation, breach, subterraneous passage; [cf. *su-rangā*.] — *Surungāhi* (°*gā-ahi*), *is*, m. a house-breaker.

सुल्लण *sullaṇa*, *as*, m., N. of a commentator.

सुल्हण *sulhaṇa*, *as*, m., N. of a poet.

सुवन *suvana*, *as*, m. (in Uṇādi-s. II. 80. said to be fr. rt. 3. *sū* = rt. 4. *su*), the sun; fire; the moon.

सुवर् *suvar*, Ved. = 2. *svar*, heaven.

2. *suvar-ga* (for *svarga*, q. v.; for 1. *su-varga* see p. 1124, col. 2), Ved. heavenly, (*suvarga loka* = *svarga-loka*, the world of heaven or the heavenly world, Taittirīya-s. I. 7, 1, 3.)

सुवर्ण *su-varṇa*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, of a good or beautiful colour, brilliant in hue, bright, golden, yellow; of a good tribe or caste; (*as*), m. a good colour; a good tribe or class; the tree Cassia Fistula; the thorn-apple; a kind of plant (= *kaṇa-guggulu*); a sort of sacrifice; epithet of Śiva; N. of a king; (*as*, *am*), m. n. a particular weight of gold (= 1 Karsha = 16 Māshas, = 80 Raktikās, = about 175 grains troy); a gold coin; (*ā*), f. epithet of one of the seven tongues of fire; black aloe wood; turmeric; colocynth or bitter gourd; the plant Svarṇa-kshīrī; the plant Sida Cordifolia; (*ī*), f. the plant Salvinia Cucullata; (*am*), n. gold (of which fifty-seven synonyms are given); money, wealth, property, riches; a sort of yellow sandal-wood; a kind of red chalk; a kind of tree with fragrant blossoms (= *nāga-keśara*). — *Suvarṇa-kakshya*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, having a golden girth or girdle. — *Suvarṇa-kadalī*, f. 'golden plantain,' a kind of plantain with a bright yellow fruit. — *Suvarṇa-kartṛi*, *tā* or *suvarṇa-kāra*, *as*, or *suvarṇa-kṛit*, *t*, m. a gold-worker, goldsmith. — *Suvarṇa-karsha*, *as*, m. a Karsha weight of gold. — *Suvarṇa-gaṇita*, *am*, n. computation of gold (of its weight and fineness); a particular method of calculation in arithmetic (said to be the same as medial alligation). — *Suvarṇa-gairika*, *am*, n. a kind of red chalk or golden ochre. — *Suvarṇa-granthi*, *is*, f. a knot made for keeping gold. — *Suvarṇa-ćaura*, *as*, m. a stealer of gold. — *Suvarṇa-dāna*, *am*, n. a gift of gold. — *Suvarṇa-dvīpa*, 'golden island,' N. of a place. — *Suvarṇa-dhenu*, *us*, f. an offering of gold (in the shape of a cow). — *Suvarṇa-nukulī*, f. the plant Mahā-jyotishmatī. — *Suvarṇa-nābha*, *as*, m., N. of the author of the Sāmprayogikādhikaraṇa. — *Suvarṇa-pura*, *am*, n., N. of a city. — *Suvarṇa-pushpa*, *as*, m. 'golden-flowered,' the globe-amaranth. — *Suvarṇa-pushpita*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, having gold instead of flowers, abounding in gold. — *Suvarṇa-pṛishṭha*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, having a golden surface, overlaid with gold, gilded. — *Suvarṇa-prasava*, *am*, n. a particular drug, &c. (= *elavāluka*). — *Suvarṇa-baṇij*, *k*, m. 'gold-merchant,' a particular mixed caste, the son of a Vaiśya woman by an Amba-shṭha. — *Suvarṇa-maya*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, made of gold, golden. — *Suvarṇa-mākshika*, *am*, n. a mineral substance of a bright yellow colour (thought to be the common pyritic iron ore). — *Suvarṇa-mālikā*, f. 'gold-garlanded,' epithet of a goddess. — *Suvarṇa-mukharī*, f., N. of a river. — *Suvarṇa-yūthi*, f. yellow jasmine. — *Suvarṇa-rūpyaka*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, abounding in gold and silver. — *Suvarṇa-retas*, *ās*, m. 'having golden semen,' epithet of Śiva. — *Suvarṇa-roman*,