am, beloved by Indra, dear to Indra; beautiful as a lion. — *Hari-kṛishṇa, as*, m. a proper N. — *Hari-kcliya, as*, m. 'sported in by Vishṇu,' the country of Bengal; (*as, ā, am*), belonging to or dwelling in Bengal. — *Hari-keśa, as*, m. 'yellow-haired,' epithet of Savitṛi (Ved.); N. of one of the seven principal rays of the sun (supposed to supply heat to the stars); epithet of Śiva, (according to some so called as 'lord of Hari and Brahmā; cf. *hari*, 3. *ka*); N. of a Yaksha (who propitiated the god Śiva and was made by him a leader of his troops and a guardian of fields and fruits; see *daṇḍa-pāṇi*). — *Hari-krāntā*, f. a kind of plant (= *vishṇu-krāntā*). — *Hari-kshetra*, N. of a place. — *Harigaṇa, as*, m. a troop of horses; a proper N. — *Hari-gandha, am*, n. a sort of sandal (= *haricandana*). — *Hari-griha, am*, n. the abode of Hari; N. of a city and district, (also called Sambhalpūr, = *śumbha-pura, cka-cakra.*) — *Hari-candana, as, am*, m. n. a sort of yellow sandal-wood or sandal tree (= *taila-parṇika, indra-candana, mahā-gandha*); one of the five trees of paradise (the other four being called Pārijāta, Mandāra, Santāna, and Kalpa); (*am*), n. saffron; moonlight; the filament of a lotus (= *padma-keśara*); the person of a lover or mistress. — *Haricandanāspada* (°*na-ās*°), *am*, n. the site of yellow sandal-wood. — *Hari-candra, as*, m., N. of a physician (author of a commentary on the Caraka-tantra). — *Hari-ja, am*, n. (in astronomy) longitude (said to = *kshiti-ja*). — *Hari-jīvana-miśra, as*, m., N. of the author of the Snāna-sūtra-paddhati. — *Hariturangama, as*, m., N. of Indra, (see *hary-aśva.*) — *Harituraṅgamāyudha* (°*ma-āy*°), *am*, n. Indra's thunderbolt. — *Hari-trāta, as, ā, am*, protected by Hari. — *Hari-datta, as*, m. a proper N. — *Hari-darbha*, see *harid-garbha*. — *Hari-dāsa, as*, m. a slave or worshipper of Vishṇu; N. of a king; of the author of a commentary on the Nyāya-kusumāñjali; of the author of the Lekhaka-muktāmaṇi. — *Hari-dina, am*, n. 'Hari's day,' a particular day sacred to Vishṇu. — *Haridīkshita, as*, m., N. of a preceptor. — *Haridṛiśvan, ā, arī, a*, see Vopa-deva IV. 13. — *Harideva, as*, m. the asterism Śravaṇa; a proper N. — *Hari-drava, as*, m. green fluid; (perhaps) Soma; a powder made from the blossoms of the Nāga-keśara tree. — *Hari-dru, us*, m. a kind of Curcuma (= *dāru-haridrā, pīta-dāru*); a tree (in general). — *Hari-dvāra, am*, n. 'Vishṇu's gate,' N. of a celebrated town and Tīrtha or sacred bathing-place (commonly called Hardvār or Hurdvār; this is the place where the Ganges finally leaves the mountainous districts for the level plains of Hindūstān, whence it is sometimes called Gaṅgā-dvāra; tens of thousands of pilgrims flock to this Tīrtha at particular seasons and seek priority of ablution in the sacred stream, the complete purgation from sin being supposed to depend on seizing the auspicious moment laid down by astrologers; it is called 'Hari's gate,' as leading to Vaikuṇṭha or Vishṇu's heaven). — *Hari-dhāyas, ās, ās, as*, Ved. yellow-rayed, having golden luminaries, (in Ṛig-veda III. 44, 3, Sāy. explains *hari-dhāyasam* by *harito haritavarṇā dhāyaso dhārakā raśmayo yasyāḥ.*) — *Hari-nātha, as*, m., N. of the author of the Smṛiti-sāra; of the author of the Rāma-vilāsa-kāvya; of the author of the Kaṇṭhābharaṇa-mārjana and the Kāvyādarśa-mārjana commentaries. — *Hari-nāman, a*, n. the name of Hari or Vishṇu; (*ā*), m. the kidney-bean, Phaseolus Mungo. — *Hari-nāyaka, as*, m., N. of the author of a work on music. — *Hari-netra, am*, n. the eye of Vishṇu; a white lotus; an eye of a greenish colour; (*as*), m. 'having greenish eyes,' an owl. — *Hari-pada, am*, n. (according to some) the vernal equinox. — *Hari-parṇa, as, ā, am*, green-leaved; (*am*), n. a radish. — *Hariprabodha*, N. of a work. — *Hari-priya, as, ā, am*, liked or loved by Vishṇu; (*as*), m. the Kadamba tree; other plants, &c. (= *pīta-bhṛiṅgarāja;* = *vishṇu-kanda;* = *kara-vīra;* = *bandhūka*); a conch-shell; a mad person; armour (= *kañcuka*); Śiva; (*ā*), f. Lakshmī; the earth; sacred basil (= *tulasī*); the twelfth day of a lunar fortnight; (*am*), n. a kind of dark sandal-wood; the root Uśīra, q. v. — *Hari-bāluka, am*, n. 'yellow sand,' a kind of perfume and drug (= *elavālu*, q. v.). — *Haribuṅga-pura, am*, n., N. of a town. — *Hari-bhakta, as*, m. a worshipper of Vishṇu. — *Hari-bhaṭṭa, as*, m., N. of the author of a work on music. — *Haribhadra, am*, n. = *hari-bāluka*. — *Hari-bhāvinī* or *hari-bhāviṇī*, f. a woman who meditates on Vishṇu. — *Hari-bhuj, k*, m. 'frog-eater,' a snake. — *Harimantha, as*, m. the tree Premna Spinosa (the wood of which by attrition produces flame); the chick-pea (= *caṇaka*); N. of a particular country or district. — *Hari-manthaka, as*, m. the chick-pea. — *Harimantha-ja, as*, m. 'produced in the district Harimantha,' the chick-pea; a sort of dark kidney-bean. — *Hari-yūpīyā*, f., Ved., N. of a city or of a river. — *Hari-yoga, as, ā, am*, Ved. having a yoke of bay horses, yoked with horses. — *Hari-yojana, as*, m., Ved. 'harnesser of the Hari steeds,' Indra; [cf. *hāriyojana.*] — *Hari-rāma, as*, m., N. of the author of the Dharmitāvaćchedakatā-pratyāsattivićāra, the Navīna-mata-vićāra, the Maṅgala-vāda, and the Sāmagrī-vāda. — *Hari-rāya, as*, m., N. of the author of the Jīćaraṇa-ćihna-māhātmya. — *Harilīlā*, f., N. of Vopa-deva's index to the Bhāgavata-Purāṇa. — *Harilīlā-viveka, as*, m., N. of a commentary by Hemādri on the Hari-līlā. — *Hariloćana, as, ā, am*, having dark-green eyes; tawny-eyed; (*as*), m. a crab; an owl. — *Hari-vaṇśa, as*, m. the family of Kṛishṇa (as identified with Vishṇu); N. of a celebrated poem supplementary to the Mahā-bhārata on the history and adventures of Kṛishṇa and his family, (it is usually regarded as part of the greater epic, though really a comparatively modern addition to it; the poem consists of no less than 16,374 verses, comprised in three sections, called Harivaṇśa-parvan, Vishṇu-parvan, and Bhavishya-parvan; in the first is contained a description of the creation of the world and a history of the solar and lunar races, the second gives a detailed biography of Kṛishṇa, and the third an account of the future condition of the world with the corruptions about to prevail during the Kali-yuga.) — *Hari-vaṇśa-gosvāmin, ī*, m., N. of the author of the Rādhā-rasa-sudhā-nidhi. — *Hari-vat, ān, atī, at*, possessing Hari; (*ān*), m. 'possessing bay horses,' N. of Indra, (in Ṛig-veda VIII. 40, 9. *harivaḥ*, voc. c., occurs.) — *Hari-varpas, ās, ās, as*, Ved. having a verdant form, tinted with green, green-coloured (said of the earth). — *Hari-varman, ā*, m., N. of a poet. — *Hari-varsha, am*, n. one of the nine divisions of Jambu-dvīpa or the known continent, (the country between the Nishadha and Hema-kūṭa mountains, see *varsha*, p. 893); (*as*), m., N. of a king of Nishadha (son of Agnīdhra). — *Hari-vallabha, as*, m. 'beloved by Vishṇu,' N. of the author of the Sudhodaya; (*ā*), f. epithet of Lakshmī; sacred basil (= *tulasī*); another plant (= *jayā*). — *Hari-vāsara, am*, n. Vishṇu's day (the eleventh or twelfth lunar day, or according to some, the first quarter of the twelfth lunar day). — *Hari-vāhana, as*, m. 'Vishṇu-bearer,' Garuḍa; 'having bay horses,' Indra [cf. *hary-aśva, hari-haya*]. — *Hari-vīja, as*, m. 'Vishṇu's seed,' yellow orpiment, (see *haritāla.*) — *Hari-vṛisha, am*, n. a division of the continent, (see *hari-varsha.*) — *Hari-śaṅkara, as*, m., N. of a scribe; of a place. — *Hari-śayana, am*, n. the sleep of Vishṇu. — *Hari-śara, as*, m. 'having Vishṇu for an arrow,' epithet of Śiva, (Vishṇu having served Śiva as the shaft which set the cities of Tripura on fire.) — *Hari-śarman, ā*, m., N. of a poet. — *Hariśipra, as*, m., Ved. 'ruddy-jawed,' epithet of Indra. — *Hari-śćandra, as, ā, am* (see *ćandra*), Ved. having golden-coloured splendor; (*as*), m., N. of the twenty-eighth king of the solar dynasty in the Tretā age, (he was son of Tri-śaṅku, and was celebrated for his piety; according to the Mārkaṇḍeya-Purāṇa, which gives a most interesting legend detailing the history of this prince, he gave up his whole country, sold his wife and son, and finally himself, to satisfy the demands of Viśvā-mitra, whom he had provoked by interfering to protect the Sciences who were becoming mastered by this intensely austere sage; after enduring incredible sufferings, Hari-śćandra won the pity of the gods and was raised with his subjects to heaven: on the other hand, in the Sabhā-parvan of the Mahā-bhārata, verse 489 &c., his performance of the Rāja-sūya sacrifice is stated to have been the cause of his elevation, and in the Aitareya-Brāhmaṇa quite another legend is told about him, see under *śunaḥ-śepa*, p. 1014: in later legends Hari-śćandra is represented as insidiously induced by Nārada to relate his actions with unbecoming pride, whereupon he was degraded from Svarga, one stage at each sentence, till stopping in time and doing homage to the gods he was fixed with his capital in mid-air; his aerial city is popularly believed to be still visible in the skies at particular times; cf. *śaubha*); (*am*), n., N. of a Liṅga. — *Hariśćandra-tīrtha, am*, n., N. of a Tīrtha. — *Hariśćandra-pura, am*, n. the city of Hariśćandra (= *śaubha*, see above). — *Hari-śmaśāru* or *hari-śmaśru, us, us, u*, Ved. ruddy-bearded, golden-bearded, having a yellow beard. — *Hari-śrama, as*, m. a proper N. — *Hari-śravā*, f., N. of a river. — *Hari-śrī, is, is, i*, Ved. blessed with or abounding in horses. — *Hari-śhāć, k, k, k*, Ved. enjoying or partaking of Soma, (Sāy. = *somasya sambhaktṛi*, Ṛig-veda X. 94, 12.) — *Hari-sheṇa, as*, m. (*sheṇa* for *sena* fr. *senā*), N. of the tenth of the Jaina Cakravartins. — *Hari-shṭhā, ās, ās, am* (*shṭhā* for *sthā*), Ved. one who stands over horses, a guider of horses, (Sāy. = *haryoḥ sthātṛi*, Ṛig-veda VI. 17, 2.) — *Hari-sakha, as*, m. 'friend of Indra,' a Gandharva. — *Hari-saṅkīrtana, am*, n. the act of pronouncing or repeating the name of Vishṇu (supposed to possess great efficacy). — *Hari-suta, as*, m. 'son of Hari,' N. of Arjuna; of the tenth Cakra-vartin, (also called Hari-sheṇa.) — *Hari-sūkta, am*, n. a hymn addressed to Hari. — *Hari-sūnu, us*, m. 'son of Hari,' N. of Arjuna. — *Hari-stotra, am*, n. and *hari-stuti, is*, f., N. of two Vedānta hymns (in praise of Vishṇu). — *Hari-svāmin, ī*, m., N. of a priest; of the author of a commentary on the Śatapatha-Brāhmaṇa. — *Hari-haya, as*, m. 'having bay or gold-coloured horses,' epithet of Indra; of the Sun; of Skanda; of Gaṇeśa. — *Hari-hara, as*, m. a particular form of deity consisting of Vishṇu and Śiva conjoined; N. of a king; of a poet; of several other persons. — *Hari-hara-kathā*, f. the repeating of the names of Hari and Hara (i. e. of Vishṇu and Śiva). — *Harihara-kshetra, am*, n. 'the sacred place of Vishṇu and Śiva conjoined,' N. of a particular Tīrtha and place of pilgrimage. — *Hari-hara-purī*, N. of a preceptor. — *Harihara-bhāshya, am*, n., N. of a commentary. — *Hari-harātmaka* (°*ra-āt*°), *as, ikā, am*, identified with Vishṇu and Śiva in their united state; (*as*), m. Garuḍa; the bull of Śiva (= *śiva-vṛisha*); Daksha (according to some); (*am*), n. = *harihara-kshetra*. — *Hari-hcti, is*, f. the weapon of Vishṇu, i. e. the Cakra or discus. — *Hariheti-hūti, is*, m. = *ćakra-vāka*, a sort of duck. — *Hary-akṣha, as*, m. 'green-eyed, brown-eyed,' a lion; N. of Kuvera; of Śiva; of a son of Pṛithu. — *Hary-aṅga, as*, m., N. of a king. — *Hary-aśva, as*, m. 'having bay horses called Hari,' N. of Indra; of Śiva; of a son of Dṛiḍhāśva; of several other persons; (*ās*), m. pl., N. of 5000 sons of Daksha. — *Hary-ātman, ā*, m. epithet of Uttama (one of the twenty-eight Vyāsas).

Harika, as, m. a horse of a yellowish or reddish brown colour (= *hālaka*); a thief, (in this sense evidently fr. rt. 1. *hṛi*); a gambler with dice.

Hariṇa, as, ī, am (the fem. may equally belong to *harita*, next col.), greenish or yellowish or reddish white, pale, whitish; (*as*), m. yellowish or reddish white (the colour); white (the colour); a deer, antelope, fawn, stag (one of five kinds, others being called *ṛishya, ruru, pṛishata, mṛiga*); a goose; a minor division of the world; the sun; N. of Vishṇu;