particular sort of penance, consisting in alternate suppression and emission of the breath. — *Kapāla-bhṛit, t,* m. an epithet of Śiva or Mahā-deva (who wears skulls). — *Kapālamālin, ī, inī, i,* bearing a garland of skulls; epithet of Śiva. — *Kapāla-moćana, am,* n., N. of a Tīrtha. — *Kapāla-śiras* (?), *ās,* m., N. of a Muni; (a various reading has *kalāpa-śiras.*) — *Kapāla-sandhi, is,* m. a treaty of peace on equal terms (= *kapāṭa-sandhi*?). — *Kapāla-sphoṭa, as,* m., N. of a Rakshas ('splitting the skull'). *Kapālikā,* f. a potsherd; the tartar of the teeth; [cf. *kāpālika.*]

Kapālin, ī, inī, i, furnished with or bearing skulls; (*ī, inī*), m. f. a man or woman of low caste, son or daughter of a Brāhman mother and a fisherman father; the follower of a certain Śaiva sect, [cf. *kāpālika*]; (*ī*), m. an epithet of Śiva (as wearing skulls); N. of one of the eleven Rudras; N. of a servant of Śiva; (*inī*), f. the goddess Durgā as the wife of Śiva-kapālin.

कपि *kapi, is, is, i* (said to be fr. rt. *kamp*), brown; (*is*), m. an ape or monkey; an elephant; the plant Emblica Officinalis or a species of Karañja; incense, storax or impure benzoin, [cf. *kapi-ja, kapi-taila,* &c.]; the sun; an epithet of Vishṇu or Kṛishṇa; N. of a Muni, the author of a Vedic verse, son of Uru-kshaya; (*is* or *ī*), f. a female ape or monkey; [cf. Gr. *κῆπος, κεῖπος*; Old Germ. *affo*; Angl.-Sax. *apa*; Eng. *ape.*] — *Kapi-kaććhu, us* or *ū, ūs,* f. the plant Mucuna Pruritus. — *Kapikaććhu-phalopamā* (°*la-up*°), f., N. of a plant. — *Kapi-kaććhurā,* f. the plant Mucuna Pruritus. — *Kapi-kanduka, am,* n. the skull, the cranium ('playing-ball of monkeys'). — *Kapi-ketana, as,* m. an epithet of Arjuna, the third son of Pāṇḍu. — *Kapi-keśa, as,* m. monkey's hair (?). — *Kapi-koli, is,* m., N. of a plant. — *Kapi-ćūḍā,* f. or *kapi-ćūta, as,* m. the tree Spondias Magnifera. — *Kapi-ja, as, ā, am,* born of a monkey; (*as*), m. incense, benzoin. — *Kapi-taila, am,* n. benzoin or storax. — *Kapi-tva, am,* n. the state of an ape, apishness. — *Kapi-dhvaja, as,* m. an epithet of Arjuna (having a monkey as his symbol, his ensign or arms). — *Kapi-nāman, ā,* m. incense. — *Kapi-pippalī,* f., N. of two different kinds of plants. — *Kapi-prabhā,* f. the plant Mucuna Pruritus. — *Kapi-prabhu, us,* m. an epithet of Rāma, general of the monkey-force, with which he invaded Laṅkā. — *Kapi-priya, as,* m. the tree Spondias Magnifera and the tree Feronia Elephantum. — *Kapi-bhaksha, as,* m. the food of apes; N. of a certain eatable substance. — *Kapi-ratha, as,* m. an epithet of Rāma; [cf. *kapi-prabhu.*] — *Kapi-roma-phalā,* f. the plant Mucuna Pruritus. — *Kapi-loma-phalā,* f. the plant Mucuna Pruritus. — *Kapi-lomā,* f. a kind of perfume. — *Kapi-loha, am,* n. brass (monkey-coloured metal). — *Kapillikā,* f. (contracted from *kapi-vallikā*?), a plant which bears a seed resembling pepper, Scindapsus Officinalis, = *gaja-pippalī.* — *Kapi-vaktra, as,* m. a N. of Nārada, a saint and philosopher and friend of Kṛishṇa, having a face like a monkey. — *Kapi-vana, as,* m., N. of a man. — *Kapi-vallī,* f. the plant Scindapsus Officinalis. — *Kapi-śāka, as, am,* m. n. a cabbage. — *Kapi-śīrsha, am,* n. the upper part or coping of a wall. — *Kapi-śīrshaka, am,* n. vermilion, the red sulphuret of mercury. — *Kapi-śirshṇī,* f. a kind of musical instrument. — *Kapi-skṭhala* (°*pi-stha*°), *as,* m., N. of a Ṛishi; (*ās*), m. pl. the descendants of this Ṛishi. — *Kapi-skandha, as,* m., N. of a Dānava. — *Kapi-sthala, am,* n. a place frequented by monkeys. — *Kapi-svara, as,* m., N. of a man. — *Kapī-kaććhu, us,* f. the plant Mucuna Pruritus; see *kapi-kaććhu.* — *Kapīya, as,* m. (*kapi-ijyā*?), the tree Mimusops Kauki. — *Kapīndra* (°*pi-in*°), *as,* m. the chief of the monkeys; an epithet of Vishṇu; of Jāmbavat, the father-in-law of Kṛishṇa; of Hanumat; of Sugrīva, &c. — *Kapīvat, ān,* m., N. of a sage; one of the seven sages of the fourth Manvantara; (*tī*), f., N. of a river. — *Kapīshṭa* (°*pi-ish*°), *as,* m. the tree Feronia Elephantum. — *Kapy-ākhya, as,* m. incense.

Kapikā, f., N. of a plant.

Kapittha, as, m. (*ttha* = *stha* fr. rt. *sthā,* 'on which monkeys dwell;' cf. *aśvattha*), the elephant or wood apple tree, Feronia Elephantum; a particular position of the hands and fingers; (*am*), n. the fruit of Feronia Elephantum. — *Kapittha-tvać, k,* n. the bark of the tree Feronia Elephantum. — *Kapitthaparṇī* and *kapitthānī,* f., N. of a plant, = *ćitra-pattrikā,* &c. — *Kapitthāsya* (°*tha-āsya*), *as,* m. a kind of monkey (having a roundish face, in shape like the wood apple).

Kapitthaka, N. of a place in Avanti.

Kapitthinī, f. a region abounding in Kapitthas.

Kapiraka = *kapilaka,* q. v.

Kapila, as, ā, am, 'monkey-coloured,' brown, tawny, reddish; (*as*), m. the brown or tawny colour; a (brown) dog; incense; N. of an ancient sage, identified by some with Vishṇu and considered as the founder of the Sāṅkhya system of philosophy; a son of Vitatha; or a son of Vasu-deva by Naraćī; or a son of Kardama by Devahūti; a form of fire; an epithet of the sun, considered as king of the Nāgas; N. of a Dānava; N. of a mountain; (*ās*), m. pl., N. of a people; (*ā*), f. a brown cow, a fabulous cow celebrated in the Purāṇas; N. of two plants, a kind of Siṇśapā or Siṇśapā itself; the plant Aloe Perfoliata; a sort of perfume; a kind of brass; the common leech; N. of a daughter of Daksha; N. of the female elephant of the south-east, the male being called Puṇḍarīka; N. of a river. — *Kapila-deva, as,* m., N. of the author of a Smṛiti. — *Kapila-dyuti, is,* m. a N. of Sūrya or the sun. — *Kapila-drākshā,* f. a vine with brown or tawny coloured grapes. — *Kapila-druma, as,* m., N. of a perfume or sweet scented wood (*kākshī*). — *Kapila-dhārā,* f. an epithet of the Gangā; N. of a Tīrtha; a holy place, a place of pilgrimage. — *Kapila-phalā,* f. a vine with brown grapes. — *Kapila-bhadrā,* f., N. of a woman. — *Kapila-mata, am,* n., N. of a work. — *Kapila-rudra, as,* m., N. of a poet. — *Kapila-vastu, u,* n., N. of the town in which Śākya-muni or Buddha was born. — *Kapila-śiṇśapā,* f. a variety of Siṇśapā with reddish flowers. — *Kapila-saṃhitā,* f. title of an Upa-purāṇa, a dialogue between Kapila and Satyajit. — *Kapilākshi* (°*la-ak*°), f. a kind of deer ('with brown eyes'); a variety of Siṇśapā with reddish flowers. — *Kapilāñjana* (°*la-añ*°), *as,* m. an epithet of Śiva; [cf. *kapiśāñjana.*] — *Kapilā-tīrtha, am,* n., N. of a Tīrtha, (any one bathing there obtains 1000 brown cows.) — *Kapilāvaṭa* (°*la-av*°), *as,* m., N. of a Tīrtha. — *Kapilāśva* (°*la-aś*°), *as,* m. an epithet of the god of Indra; N. of a man, a son of Dhundhumāra. — *Kapilā-hrada, as,* m., N. of a Tīrtha.

Kapilaka, as, ikā, am, reddish; (*ikā*), f., N. of a woman.

Kapilī-kṛi, cl. 8. P. A. *-karoti, -kurute, -kartum,* to colour brown or reddish.

Kapiśa, as, ā, am, 'ape-coloured,' brown, reddish-brown; (*as*), m. brown or reddish colour, a compound of black and yellow; incense, storax or coarse benzoin; (*ā* or *ī*), f. a spirit, a sort of rum; (*ā*), f. the mother of the demons called Piśāćas; N. of a river. — *Kapiśāñjana* (°*śa-añ*°), *as,* m. an epithet of Śiva. — *Kapiśā-putra, as,* m. a Piśāća, an imp or goblin. — *Kapiśāyana* (°*śa-ay*°), *as,* m. a deity; a sort of spirit or rum. — *Kapiśāvadāna* (°*śa-av*°), N. of a Buddhist work.

Kapiśita, as, ā, am, embrowned, made brown or dusky red.

Kapiśikā, f. a kind of spirituous liquor.

Kapīta, as, m., N. of a tree.

Kapītana, as, m., N. of several plants; a tree bearing an acid fruit, Spondias Magnifera; the plant Thespesia Populnea; Acacia Sirisa; the holy fig tree, Ficus Religiosa; the betel nut tree, Areca Faufel; Ægle Marmelos.

कपिञ्जघिका *kapijanghikā,* f. a kind of ant; also spelt *kapijāṅghikā.*

कपिञ्जल *kapiñjala, as,* m. (fr. *ka* + *piñjala*?, sometimes *kapiṅgala*), a bird, the francoline partridge; the Cātaka; N. of a man; also of a sparrow; (*ā*), f., N. of a river. — *Kapiñjalārma* (°*la-ar*°), *am,* n., N. of a region (?).

कपुच्छल *ka-puććhala, am,* n., Ved. the fore part of a sacrificial ladle, i. e. the part with which the fluid is skimmed off; hair hanging down to the ground, or a lock of hair tied on the right side of the crown of a young Brāhman, when he is invested with the sacerdotal thread.

कपुष्टिका *kapushṭikā,* f. a patch of hair on each side of the head; also written *kapushṇika.*

कपूय *ka-pūya, as, ā, am* (see 2. *ka*), smelling badly, disgusting, disagreeable.

कपृथ् *ka-pṛith, t,* or *ka-pṛitha, as,* m. (see 4. *ka*), Ved. 'causing pleasure,' membrum virile.

कपोत *ka-pota, as,* m. (2. *ka* + *pota,* q. v.), a dove, pigeon, especially the spotty-necked pigeon; (in the Vedas often a bird of evil omen); a bird in general; a particular position of the hands; the gray colour of a pigeon; the brightness of antimony (of a gray colour). — *Kapota-ćaraṇā,* f. a kind of perfume. — *Kapota-pāka, ās,* m. pl., N. of a mountain-tribe; (*ā*), f. a princess of this tribe. — *Kapota-pāda, as, ī, am,* having feet like those of a pigeon. — *Kapota-pālikā* or *kapota-pālī,* f. a dove-cot, an aviary or pigeon-house. — *Kapota-rāja, as,* m. the king of the pigeons. — *Kapota-retasa, as,* m., N. of a man. — *Kapota-roman, ā,* m., N. of a prince. — *Kapota-vaṅkā,* f., N. of a medicinal plant (used as a remedy for the stone). — *Kapota-varṇa, as, ī, am,* of the colour of a pigeon, of a bright gray, lead-gray; (*ī*), f. small cardamoms. — *Kapota-vallī,* f., N. of a plant. — *Kapota-vāṇā,* f. a kind of perfume. — *Kapota-vegā,* f., N. of a plant. — *Kapota-sāra, am,* n. the brightness of antimony, antimony. — *Kapota-hasta* or *kapota-hastaka, as,* m. a mode of joining the hands in prayer, entreaty, or fear, &c. — *Kapotāṅghri* (°*ta-aṅ*°), *is,* f. a kind of perfume. — *Kapotāñjana* (°*ta-añ*°), *am,* n. = *kāpotāñjana,* the brightness of antimony, antimony. — *Kapotābha* (°*ta-ābhā*), *as, ā, am,* of the colour of a pigeon, of a bright gray; (*as*), m. a pale or dirty white colour. — *Kapotāri* (°*ta-ari*), *is,* m. a hawk, a falcon.

Kapotaka, as, m. a small pigeon or dove; a mode of joining the hands; (*am*), n. antimony.

Kapotakiyā, f. a region abounding in pigeons.

Kapotin, ī, inī, i, having pigeons, pigeon-shaped.

कपोल *kapola, as,* m. (said to be fr. rt. *kamp*), a cheek; (*ī*), f. the fore part of the knee, the knee-cap or pan; [cf. *kapāla.*] — *Kapola-kavi, is,* m., N. of a poet. — *Kapola-kāsha, as,* m. any object against which the cheeks or temples are rubbed; the elephant's temples and cheeks. — *Kapola-phalaka, as,* m. the cheek; (perhaps) the cheek-bone. — *Kapola-bhitti, is,* m. the temples and cheek, the upper part of the face; (perhaps) the opening in the temples of an elephant during rut. — *Kapola-rāga, as,* m. colour or flush in the cheek.

कप्फिण *kapphiṇa, as,* m., N. of a man; (various readings have *kapphilla, kaphina, kaphin, kaphila, kamphilla.*)

कफ *kapha, as,* m. phlegm, one of the three humors of the body (the other two are *vāya* and *pitta*), watery froth or foam in general. — *Kapha-kara, as, ā* or *ī, am,* or *kapha-da, as, ā, am,* producing phlegm; occasioning colds. — *Kapha-kūrćikā,* f. saliva, spittle. — *Kapha-kshaya, as,* m. pulmonary consumption. — *Kapha-ghna, as, ī, am,* removing phlegm, antiphlegmatic, curing colds (epithet of many plants); (*ī*), f., N. of a plant. — *Kapha-ja, as, ā, am,* arising from or produced by phlegm. — *Kapha-jvara, as,* m. fever arising from excess of phlegm. — *Kapha-nāśana, as, ī, am,*