— *Karṇa-sū, ūs*, m. the father of Karṇa, an epithet of Sūrya or the sun. — *Karṇa-sūci, is*, m. a kind of insect. — *Karṇa-sphoṭā*, f. a sort of creeper (commonly *kāṇaphāṭā*). — *Karṇā-karṇi*, ind. from ear to ear, whispering into each other's ears. — *Karṇāñjali* (°*ṇa-añ*°), *is*, m. the auditory passage of the outer ear. — *Karṇāḍhaka* (°*ṇa-āḍh*°), *as*, m., N. of a man; (*ās*), m. pl. the descendants of this man. — *Karṇāḍeśa* (°*ṇa-āḍ*°), *as*, m. an ear-ring (?). — *Karṇānuja* (°*ṇa-an*°), *as*, m. an epithet of Yudhishṭhira, the younger brother of Karṇa, one of the five Pāṇḍu princes. — *Karṇāntika* (°*ṇa-an*°), *as, ā, am*, near or close to the ear. — *Karṇāndu* (°*ṇa-an*°), *us* or *ū, ūs*, f. an ornament for the ear; an ear-ring. — *Karṇābharaṇaka* (°*ṇa-ābh*°), *as*, m. the tree Cathartocarpus (Cassia) Fistula. — *Karṇārā* (°*ṇa* and rt. *ṛi?*), f. an instrument for perforating the ear of an elephant. — *Karṇāri* (°*ṇa-ari*), *is*, m. an epithet of Arjuna (as the enemy of Karṇa); the tree Terminalia Arjuna. — *Karṇārpaṇa* (°*ṇa-ar*°), *am*, n. applying the ear, giving ear, paying attention, listening to. — *Karṇālaṅkāra* (°*ṇa-al*°), *as*, m. or *karṇālaṅkriyā*, f. or *karṇālaṅkṛiti, is*, f. an ear ornament, an ear-ring. — *Karṇāśva* (°*ṇa-aś*°?), *as*, m., N. of a man. — *Karṇāsphāla* (°*ṇa-ās*°), *as*, m. the flapping to and fro of an elephant's ears. — *Karṇe-ćurućurā*, f. tale-bearing. — *Karṇe-japa, as, ā, am*, a slanderous whisperer, a secret traducer, a tale-bearer, an informer. — *Karṇe-ṭiriṭṭirā*, f. tale-bearing. — *Karṇendu* (°*ṇa-in*°), *us*, f. a semicircular ornament of the ear, an ear-ring; [cf. *karṇāndu.*] — *Karṇotpala* (°*ṇa-ut*°), *as*, m., N. of a poet. — *Karṇodaya* (°*ṇa-ud*°), N. of a book. — *Karṇopakarṇikā* (°*ṇa-up*°), f. a female tale-bearer or informer. — *Karṇorṇa* (°*ṇa-ūr*°), *as, ā, am*, having wool on the ears (as any animal).

Karṇaka, as, m., Ved. a prominence, handle, or projection on the side or sides (of a vessel &c.); a tendril; applied also to the legs when spread out; N. of a man; (*ās*), m. pl. the descendants of this man. — *Karṇaka-vat, ān, atī, at*, Ved. furnished with tendrils or side branches.

Karṇakita, as, ā, am, furnished with tendrils.

Karṇala, as, ā, am, furnished with ears.

Karṇika, as, ā, am, having ears, having large or long ears; having a helm; (*as*), m. a steersman; pl., N. of a people; N. of a king in Potāla; (*ā*), f. an ear-ring or ornament for the ear; a knot, tubercle; round protuberance (e. g. the round protuberance at the end of a reed or cane); the pericarp of a lotus; a fruit-stalk; the tip of an elephant's trunk; the middle finger; chalk; a pen or small brush; a trowel; the plants Premna Spinosa or Longifolia, and Odina Pinnata; a bawd; N. of an Apsaras; N. of the wife of Kaṅka. — *Karṇikācala, as*, m. an epithet of the fabulous mountain Meru; (fr. *karṇikā*, the seed vessel of a lotus, and *ačala*, a mountain, Meru being in the centre of the world, the divisions of which are compared to the leaves of a lotus); also *karṇikādri*, &c.

Karṇikāra, as, m. the tree Pterospermum Acerifolium; also Cassia Fistula; the pericarp of a lotus; (*am*), n. the flower of the tree Pterospermum Acerifolium and of Cassia Fistula. — *Karṇikāra-priya, as*, m. an epithet of Śiva.

Karṇikin, ī, m. an elephant.

Karṇin, ī, *inī, i*, having ears, relating to the ear; long-eared; (at the end of compounds) having (anything) attached to the ear; furnished with flaps or anything similar (said of shoes); barbed, furnished with knots &c. (as an arrow); having a helm; (ī), m. the side of the neck, the part near the ear; a steersman; N. of a mountain, one of the seven principal ranges of the mountains, dividing the universe; (*inī*), f. (scil. *yoni*) a disease of the uterus, prolapsus or polypus uteri. — *Karṇī-ratha, as*, m. (for *karṇiratha*), a covered car, or (according to some) a litter for the conveyance of women &c., borne on men's shoulders.

Karṇila, as, ā, am, long-eared.

Karṇī, a fem. form related to *karṇa* and appearing in compounds (e. g. *ayas-karṇī*). — *Karṇī-suta, as*, m. an epithet of Kaṃsa, the enemy of Kṛishṇa; according to the scholiast the author of a thieves' manual.

Karṇya, as, ā, am, being in or at the ear; suitable to the ear.

कर्णाट *karṇāṭa, ās*, m. pl., N. of a country and the people inhabiting it, whence the modern Karnatic; the name, however, was anciently applied to the central districts of the peninsula, including Mysore; (ī), f. a princess of Karṇāṭa; a plant, commonly Haṃsapadī; one of the Rāgiṇīs or female personifications of the musical modes, the bride of the Rāga Mālava. — *Karṇāṭa-deśa, as*, m. the Karṇāṭa country.

Karṇāṭaka, ās, m. pl., N. of a country and the people inhabiting it. — *Karṇāṭaka-deśa, as*, m. the Karṇāṭa country. — *Karṇāṭaka-bhāshā*, f. the dialect of Karṇāṭa.

कर्णार्पण *karṇārpaṇa*. See under *karṇa*.

कर्त् *kart* (a various reading for *katr, kartr*), cl. 10. P. *kartayati, -yitum*, to slacken or unloose, to remove.

कर्त *karta, as*, m. (fr. 1. *kṛit?*), Ved. a hole, a cavity; (a more recent form is *garta.*)

कर्तन 1. *kartana, am*, n. (fr. 1. *kṛit*), cutting, cutting off or in pieces, excision; (ī), f. scissors.

Kartari, is, f. scissors.

Kartarikā, f. a knife, a small sword or cutlass; a hunter's knife or sword, a couteau de chasse; scissors.

Kartarī, f. a scissors or shears; a knife; a small sword or cutlass; the part of an arrow to which the feathers are attached.

कर्तन 2. *kartana, am*, n. (fr. 2. *kṛit*), spinning cotton or thread.

कर्तरीय *kartarīya*, a kind of poisonous plant.

कर्तव्य *kartavya, as, ā, am* (fut. pass. part. fr. 1. *kṛi*), to be done, made or accomplished, what ought to be done; to be imposed (as a punishment); to be turned towards (as the mind); to be offered; to be acted; (*am*), n. what ought to be done, obligation, duty, task. — *Kartavya-tā*, f. or *kartavya-tva, am*, n. necessity, obligation; propriety, fitness; suitable measures.

Kartu, the base of several cases, used as infinitives of the verb *kṛi* in the Veda (e. g. *kartum, kartave, kartavai, kartos*). — *Kartu-kāma, as, ā, am*, desirous or intending to do.

Kartṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, a doer, a maker, one who makes or does, an agent, one who practises what he knows; one who acts in a religious ceremony, a priest; (very often at the end of compounds, e. g. *bhaya-kartṛi, rājya-kartṛi*, &c.); (*tā*), m. the creator of the world, an epithet of Brahmā, of Vishṇu, and of Śiva; (in gram.) an agent, one who acts of his own accord (*sva-tantraḥ*), the active noun, the nominative case. — *Kartṛi-tā*, f. the state of being the agent of an action. — *Kartṛi-tva, am*, n. agency, the act or property of an agent. — *Kartṛi-pura, am*, n., N. of a town. — *Kartṛi-vāćya, as*, m. the active voice. — *Kartṛi-stha, as, ā, am*, standing or being within the agent. — *Kartṛistha-kriyaka, as, ā, am*, any (root &c.) whose action stands within the agent. — *Kartṛistha-bhāvaka, as, ā, am*, any (root &c.) whose state or *bhāva* stands within the agent.

Kartṛika, as, ā, am, an agent, one who does anything. — *Kartṛika-tva, am*, n. agency, action.

Kartra, am, n., Ved. an incantation, charm.

Kartva, as, ā, am, Ved. to be done or accomplished; (*am*), n. obligation, duty; task.

कर्तित *kartita, as, ā, am* (fr. rt. 1. *kṛit*), cut, cut off.

Kartishyat, an, atī or *antī, at*, or *kartishyamāṇa, as, ā, am*, intending or wishing to cut.

Kartavya, as, ā, am, to be cut down, to be killed.

Karttṛikā, f. a small sword, a knife; [cf. the next.]

Karttrikā, f. a hunter's knife.

Karttrī, f. a pair of scissors.

Kartya, as, ā, am, to be cut down.

कर्त्र *kartr*, cl. 10. P. *kartrayati, -yitum*, to unloose, remove; [cf. *kart* and *katr.*]

कर्द *kard*, cl. 1. P. *kardati, -ditum*, to rumble, as the bowels; to caw, as a crow; or to make any similar noise; [cf. *pard;* Gr. χορδή.]

Kardana, am, n. rumbling of the bowels, borborygmi; (ī), f. the day of full moon in the month Caitra.

कर्द *karda, as*, m. (said to be fr. rt. *kard*), mud; clay.

Kardaṭa, as, m. mud, dirt; the fibrous root of the lotus (=*karahāṭa*); any aquatic weed, as Vallisneria &c.

Kardama, as, m. mud, slime; mire, clay; dirt, filth, sin; a kind of plant; a poisonous kind of bulb; N. of a Nāga; N. of a Prajāpati, born from the shadow of Brahmā, or son of that god by Chāyā, and the husband of Devahūti and father of Kapila; a son of Prajāpati Pulaha; (ī), f., N. of a plant; (*am*), n. flesh; (*as, ā, am*), furnished with mud, mire, dirt, filth. — *Kardama-rāja, as*, m. or *kardamarājan, ā*, m., N. of a man, a son of Kshema-gupta. — *Kardamāṭaka* (°*ma-āṭ*°), *as*, m. a receptacle for filth, a sewer, &c.; [cf. *kanyāṭa, patnyāṭa.*]

Kardamaka, as, m. a kind of granulous fruit; a poisonous kind of bulb; a kind of serpent.

Kardamita, as, ā, am, furnished with mud, dirty.

Kardamini, f. a marshy region.

Kardamila, am, n., N. of a region.

कर्पट *karpaṭa, as, am*, m. n. old or patched or ragged garments; [cf. *kārpaṭika* and *pañća-karpaṭa.*] — *Karpaṭa-dhārin*, ī, m. a religious mendicant, a beggar in patched or ragged clothes, or sometimes with merely a cloth to cover the privities.

Karpaṭika, as, ā, am, or *karpaṭin, ī, inī, i*, covered with patched or ragged garments, clothed in beggar's raiment.

कर्पण *karpaṇa*, a kind of lance or spear; [cf. *kaṇapa* and *karpara.*]

कर्पर *karpara, as*, m. a cup, a pot, an iron saucepan or frying-pan (according to some also n. in this sense); the skull, the cranium; a kind of weapon; the plant Ficus Glomerata, [cf. *udumbara*]; (ī), f. a collyrium extracted from the Amomum Anthorhiza, [cf. *ghaṭa-karpara, kharpara.*]

Karparāla, as, m. a tree described as a Pīlu growing in the hills; (a various reading for *kandarāla.*)

Karparāśa, as, m. sand, gravel, a sandy soil; (a wrong reading for *karparāṇśa*, a potsherd.)

Karparikā, f. (diminutive fr. *karparī*) in *karparikātuttha, am*, n. a collyrium extracted from the Amomum Anthorhiza.

Karparīka (?), *as*, m. fire.

कर्पास *karpāsa, as, am*, m. n. (said to be fr. 1. *kṛi*), cotton, Gossypium Herbaceum; (ī), f. the cotton tree; [cf. *kārpāsa:* cf. also Gr. κάρπασος; Lat. *carbasus.*]

कर्पूर 1. *karpūra, as, am*, m. n. (said to be fr. rt. *kṛip*), camphor (the plant and resinous exudation and fruit); (*as*), m., N. of a poet; N. of the father of Gajamalla and uncle of Kalyāṇamalla.

Karpūra-kavi, is, m., N. of a poet. — *Karpūrakhaṇḍa, as*, m. a field of camphor. — *Karpūragaura, am*, n., N. of a lake or pond (yellowish-white like camphor). — *Karpūragaurākhya* (°*ra-ākh*°), *as, ā, am*, called Karpūragaura. — *Karpūratilaka, as*, m., N. of an elephant; (ā), f. an epithet of Jayā, one of Durgā's female attendants or confidantes. — *Karpūra-taila, am*, n. camphor liniment. — *Karpūra-nālikā*, f. a kind of food prepared with