epithet of Aruṇa, the charioteer of the sun; also of Garuḍa, the bird of Vishṇu.

Kāśyapin, inas, m. pl., N. of a school called after Kāśyapa.

Kāśyapīya, ās, m. pl., N. of a Buddhist school called after Kāśyapa.

Kāśyapeya, as, m. (a patronymic fr. *kaśyapa*), an epithet of the twelve Ādityas; also of the sun; and of Garuḍa, the bird of Vishṇu.

काश्मरी *kāśvarī,* f. the plant Gmelina Arborea, = *kāśmarī.*

काष *kāsha, as,* m. (fr. rt. *kash*), rubbing; that against which anything is rubbed.

काषाय *kāshāya, as, ī, am* (fr. *kashāya*), red, dyed of a reddish colour; a red cloth or garment; (*ī*), f. (with *makshikā*) a sort of fly or wasp. — *Kāshāya-grahaṇa, as,* m., N. of a Caitya, q. v. — *Kāshāya-vasana, as, ā, am,* having a dark or brown garment. — *Kāshāya-vāsika, as,* m. a kind of poisonous insect.

Kāshāyaṇa, as, m. (a patronymic fr. *kashāya* or *kāshāya*), N. of a teacher.

Kāshāyin, iṇas, m. pl., N. of a school called from Kashāya.

काष्ठ *kāshṭha, as,* m. (said to be fr. rt. *kāś;* cf. *kāshṭhā* next col.), N. of one of Kuvera's attendants; (*am*), n. a piece of wood or timber, a stick; wood or timber in general; an instrument for measuring lengths; a kind of measure; (metaphorically) a mere stick, a lanky thin man. At the beginning of a compound and before a simple verb *kāshṭha* may express excellence or superiority; [cf. Cambro-Brit. *coed;* Brit. *coat;* Gr. ξύλον.] — *Kāshṭha-kadalī,* f. the wild plantain, Musa Sapientum, (the fruit of this plant being hard and woody.) — *Kāshṭha-kīṭa, as,* m. a small insect or worm found in decayed wood. — *Kāshṭha-kuṭṭa* or *kāshṭha-kūṭa, as,* m. a bird, a sort of woodpecker, Picus Bengalensis. — *Kāshṭha-kuddāla, as,* m. a kind of wooden shovel or scraper used for baling water out of a boat, or for scraping and cleaning its bottom; also written °*kudāla* or °*kūddāla.* — *Kāshṭha-khaṇḍa, am,* n. a stick, a spar, a piece of wood. — *Kāshṭha-ghaṭita, as, ā, am,* formed of wood, wooden. — *Kāshṭha-jambū, ūs,* f., N. of a tree, = *bhūmi-jambū.* — *Kāshṭha-taksh, ṭ,* m. or *kāshṭha-takshaka, as,* m. a carpenter. — *Kāshṭha-tantu, us,* m. a caterpillar which secretes itself in wood and there passes into a chrysalis; a small worm found in timber. — *Kāshṭha-dāru, us,* m. the tree Pinus Deodora. — *Kāshṭha-dru, us,* m. the tree Butea Frondosa. — *Kāshṭha-dhātrī-phala, am,* n. the fruit of the plant Emblica Officinalis. — *Kāshṭha-pāṭalā,* f., N. of a plant (*sita-pāṭalikā*). — *Kāshṭha-pāshāṇa-vāsas, āṃsi,* n. pl. wood, stone, and clothes. — *Kāshṭha-puttalikā,* f. a wooden image. — *Kāshṭha-pradāna, am,* n. piling up wood, forming a funeral pile. — *Kāshṭha-bhāra, as,* m. a particular weight of wood. — *Kāshṭhabhārika, as,* m. a wood-carrier; a bearer of wood. — *Kāshṭha-bhūta, as, ā, am,* one who has become wood, or who is like a piece of wood; epithet of an ascetic, who stands without stirring; (*as*), m., N. of a divine being. — *Kāshṭha-bhṛit,* see under *kāshṭhā.* — *Kāshṭha-maṭhī,* f. a funeral pile. — *Kāshṭha-maya, as, ī, am,* made of wood, wooden, consisting of pieces of wood. — *Kāshṭha-malla, as,* m. a bier, a plank &c. on which dead bodies are carried. — *Kāshṭha-rajju, us,* m. or f. (?), a rope for binding together pieces of wood. — *Kāshṭha-lekhaka, as,* m. a small worm found in wood. — *Kāshṭha-lohin, ī,* m. a club, a short cudgel, especially if armed with Iron. — *Kāshṭha-vat, ān, atī, at,* having wood for fuel &c.; (*vat*), ind. like a piece of wood, like a stick or stock, standing petrified with fear &c. — *Kāshṭha-vallikā,* f., N. of a plant, = *kaṭukā.* — *Kāshṭha-vāṭa, as* or *am,* m. or n. (?), a wall made of wood; N. of a place (?). — *Kāshṭha-vivara, am,* n. the hollow of a tree. — *Kāshṭha-śārivā,* f., N. of a plant, = *śārivā.* — *Kāshṭha-stambha, as,* m. a beam of wood. — *Kāshṭhāgāra* (°*ṭha-ag*°), *as* or *am,* m. or n. a house of wood, a wooden house or enclosure. — *Kāshṭhāmbu-vāhinī* (°*ṭha-am*°), f. a wooden bucket or baling vessel; [cf. *ambu-vāhinī.*] — *Kāshṭhāluka* (°*ṭhā-āl*°), *as* or *am,* m. or n. a species of Āluka. — *Kāshṭhekshu* (°*ṭha-ik*°), *us,* m. a kind of sugar-cane.

Kāshṭhaka, am, n. aloe wood or Agallochum.

Kāshṭhika, as, m. a bearer of wood; (*ā*), f. a small piece of wood.

Kāshṭhin, ī, iṇī, i, wooden; having wood.

काष्ठा *kāshṭhā,* f. [cf. *kāshṭha* last col.], a place for running, a race-ground, course; the course, path or track of the wind and clouds in the atmosphere; a quarter or region of the world, a cardinal point, space, tract; water; the mark, the goal; limit, boundary; the sun; a fixed place, place, site, especially the situation of the lunar mansions; a measure of time, = $\frac{1}{300}$ Kalā, = $\frac{1}{15}$ Laghu, = $\frac{1}{225}$ Nāḍikā, = $\frac{1}{450}$ Muhūrta; the plant Curcuma Xanthorrhiza; N. of a daughter of Daksha and wife of Kaśyapa, mother of the solidungulous quadrupeds; N. of a town. — *Kāshṭha-bhṛit, t, t, t* (for *kāshṭhā-bhṛit*), Ved. leading to a mark or aim.

काष्ठील *kāshṭhīla* (*kā-ash*°), *as,* m. a large kind of Calotropis; (*ā*), f. a plantain, Musa Sapientum.

कास 1. *kās,* cl. 1. A. *kāsate, ćakāse* or *kāsāmāsa, kāsishyate, akāsishṭa, kāsitum,* to cough; to make any disagreeable sound or one indicating disease; to shine (for rt. *kāś,* q. v.): Caus. *kāsayati, -yitum:* Desid. *ćikāsishate:* Intens. *ćākāsyate, ćākāsti;* [cf. Lith. *kòstu, kòseti;* Slav. *kašljati;* Old Germ. *huosto;* Scot. *casad.*]

2. *kās,* f., Ved. cough.

1. *kāsa, as, ā,* m. f. cough, catarrh. — *Kāsa-kanda, as,* m. a species of root, = *kāsālu.* — *Kāsa-kara, as, ī, am,* producing cough or catarrh. — *Kāsa-kuṇṭha, as, ā, am,* afflicted with cough; (*as*), m. an epithet of Yama; [cf. *kāśa.*] — *Kāsa-ghna, as, ī, am,* removing or alleviating cough, pectoral; (*ī*), f. a sort of prickly nightshade, Solanum Jacquini. — *Kāsa-jit, t,* f. the plant Clerodendrum Siphonanthus. — *Kāsa-nāśinī,* f., N. of a thorny plant, = *karkaṭa-śṛingī.* — *Kāsa-marda, as,* m. the plant Cassia Sophora; a remedy against cough, an acid preparation, a mixture of tamarinds and mustard; also = *paṭala.* — *Kāsa-mardaka, as,* m. the plant Cassia Sophora. — *Kāsa-mardana, as,* m. the plant Trichosanthes Dioeca. — *Kāsa-vat, ān, atī, at,* having a cough. — *Kāsāri* (°*sa-ari*), *is,* m. the plant Cassia Sophora. — *Kāsālu* (°*sa-ālu*), *us,* m. an esculent root, a sort of yam.

Kāsikā, f. cough.

Kāsin, ī, inī, i, having a cough.

Kāsundīvaṭikā, f. a remedy against cough, an acid preparation, a mixture of tamarinds and mustard; (perhaps a wrong reading for *kāsandī*°.)

कास 2. *kāsa, as, am,* m. n. (for *kāśa*), a species of reed or long grass, Saccharum Spontaneum; another plant, Hyperanthera Moringa.

कासर *kāsara, as,* m. a buffalo; (fr. *ka,* water, and *sara,* going?; this animal being partial to marshy places.)

कासार *kāsāra, as, am,* m. n. (said to be fr. rt. *kās*), a pond, a pool.

कासीराम *kāsīrāma, as,* m., N. of a man; (more correctly *kāśī-rāma?*).

कासीस *kāsīsa, am,* n. green vitriol, green sulphate of iron; [cf. *kāśīśa.*]

कासू *kāsū, ūs,* f. (fr. rt. *kās?*), a sort of spear or lance; indistinct speech; speech in general; light, lustre; disease; devotion; understanding. — *Kāsū-tarī,* f. a short spear, a javelin.

कासृति *kā-sṛiti, is,* f. a by-way, a secret path.

कास्तीर *kāstīra, am,* n., N. of a town.

काहका *kāhakā,* f. a kind of musical instrument; [cf. *kāhalā.*]

काहल *kāhala, as, ā, am,* dry, withered; large, excessive; mischievous; (*as*), m. a cat; a cock; a sound in general; (*ā*), f. a kind of musical instrument; N. of an Apsaras; (*ī*), f. a young woman; (*am*), n. indistinct speech; a kind of musical instrument; (*as, ā, am*), m. f. n. a horn, either a cow-horn or an instrument of that shape; a large drum; (*am*), ind. much, excessively. — *Kāhalā-pushpa, as,* m. a thorn-apple, Datura Metel, = *dhūstūra.*

Kāhalin, ī, m., N. of a Ṛishi.

काहलि *kāhali, is,* m. an epithet of Śiva.

काहाबाह *kāhābāha, am,* n., Ved. a rumbling noise in the bowels.

काही *kāhī,* f. the plant Wrightia Antidysenterica; [cf. *kuṭaja.*]

काहूजी *kāhūjī, īs,* m., N. of the father of the writer Mahādeva (author of an astronomical work).

कि 1. *ki,* a pronominal base, like *ka* and *ku,* in the words *kim, kiyat, kis, kīdṛiksha, kīdṛiś, kīdṛiśa, kīvat,* q. v.

कि 2. *ki,* a verbal root; [cf. *ći;* Lat. *scio?;* Hib. *ci,* 'see, behold;' *ci-thi,* 'you see;' *citear,* 'it seems, appears.']

किंस्त्य *kiṃstya, am,* n. a kind of fruit (?).

किकि *kiki, is,* m. a blue jay; the cocoa tree, Nārikela; [cf. the following.]

Kikidiva, as, m. or *kikidivī, is,* m. or *kikidīvi, is,* m. a blue jay; Ved. another kind of animal.

Kikin, ī, m. or *kikī,* f. a blue jay.

Kikidiva, as, m. or *kikidivi* or *kikīdivī, is,* m. a blue jay.

किकिरा *kikirā,* ind., Ved. (with 1. *kṛi*) to tear in pieces, to rend into rags and tatters.

किक्किटा *kikkiṭā,* ind., Ved. an onomatopoetic word used like an interjection in invocations.

किक्किश *kikkiśa, as,* m. a kind of worm, pernicious to the hair, nails, and teeth.

किक्किसाद *kikkisāda, as,* m. a species of snake.

किक्नस *kiknasa, as,* m. particles of ground corn, bruised grain, groats.

किखि *kikhi, is,* m. a monkey, an ape; (*is*), f. a small jackal, a fox.

किङ्किणी *kinkaṇī,* f. a small bell; (a various reading for *kiṅkiṇī,* q. v.)

किङ्कर *kin-kara,* &c. See under *kim* below.

किङ्किण *kinkiṇa, as,* m. (an onomatopoetic word), a kind of musical instrument; N. of a son of Bhajamāna.

Kinkiṇi, is or *ī,* f. a small bell; a girdle of small bells, or any tinkling ornament; N. of an acid sort of grape (Vikaṅkata).

Kinkiṇika, as or *am,* m. or n. (?), a small bell. — *Kinkiṇikāśrama* (°*ka-āś*°), *as,* m., N. of an hermitage.

Kinkiṇikin, ī, iṇī, i, ornamented or decorated with small bells.

किङ्किर *kinkira, as,* m. a horse; the Indian cuckoo, the Kokila or Koïl; a large black bee; Kāmadeva, the god of love; (*ā*), f. blood; (*am*), n. the frontal sinus of an elephant.

Kinkirāta, as, m. a parrot; the Indian cuckoo or Kokila; Kāma-deva, the god of love; the tree Jonesia Aśoka; a species of amaranth; [cf. *kuraṇṭaka, vaktāmlāna, pītāmlāna.*]

Kinkirāla, as, m., N. of a plant, = *varvūra.*

Kinkirin, ī, m., N. of a plant, commonly Buīnchi, Flacourtia Sapida; [cf. *vikaṅkata.*]