Kṛitti, is, f. skin, hide; a garment made of skin; the hide or skin on which the religious student sits, sleeps, &c., usually the skin of an antelope; the birch tree; the bark of the birch tree, used for writing upon, for making hooka pipes, &c.; one of the lunar mansions, the Pleiads; a house; [cf. Hib. *cart;* Lat. *cortex.*] — *Kṛitti-ratha, as,* m., N. of a prince. — *Kṛitti-vāsa, as,* m. or *kṛitti-vāsas, ās,* m. covered with a skin, an epithet of Rudra-Śiva; (*ās*), f. epithet of Durgā.

Kṛittikā, ās, f. pl., N. of a constellation, = the Pleiades, (originally the first, but in later times the third lunar mansion, having Agni as its regent; this constellation, containing six stars, is sometimes represented as a flame or as a kind of razor or knife; in mythology the six Kṛittikās are nymphs who became the nurses of the god of war, Kārttikeya); a vehicle, carriage, cart. — *Kṛittikāñji* (°*kā-añ*°), *is, is, i,* having a carriage as an emblem or sign. — *Kṛittikā-bhava, as,* m. 'being in the lunar mansion Kṛittikā,' an epithet of Candra, the moon. — *Kṛittikā-suta, as,* m. 'son of the Kṛittikās,' an epithet of Skanda or Kārttikeya; (the nymphs called Kṛittikās being his foster-mothers.)

Kṛintatra, am, n., Ved. a section, a shred, chip; a plough.

Kṛintana, am, n. cutting, cutting off, dividing.

कृत् 3. *kṛit,* cl. 7. P. *kṛiṇatti, ćakarta, kartishyati, kartitum,* to twist threads, to spin; to surround, encompass; attire.

Kṛitad-vasu, us, us, u, Ved. distributing goods (?).

Kṛitā, f., Ved. an abyss (?).

Kṛitsa, am, n. water; entire, whole; [cf. the next.]

Kṛitsna, as, ā, am (rarely used in pl.), all, whole, entire; (*am*), n. water; the flank or hip; the belly. — *Kṛitsna-tā,* f. totality, completeness. — *Kṛitsna-vid, t, t, t,* omniscient, knowing all things. — *Kṛitsna-śas,* ind. wholly, entirely, altogether. — *Kṛitsna-hṛidaya, am,* n. the whole heart. — *Kṛitsnāyata* (°*na-āy*°), *as, ā, am,* Ved. stretched out to its full length.

Kṛitsnaka, as, ā, am, all, every.

कृतान्त *kṛitānta, kṛitārtha.* See p. 247.

कृदन्त *kṛid-anta.* See under 1. *kṛit,* p. 246.

कृदर *kṛidara, am,* n., Ved. a store-room, a vessel; the lap; (*as*), m. a granary, a cupboard &c. for holding corn, grain, &c.

कृधु *kṛidhu, us, us, u,* or *kṛidhuka, as, ā, am,* Ved. shortened, mutilated, small, deficient. — *Kṛidhu-karṇa, as, ā, am,* Ved. having short ears (as a sort of imp); hearing badly.

कृनत्र *kṛintatra.* See under 2. *kṛit.*

कृप 1. *kṛip, p,* f., Ved. (occurring only in inst.), beautiful appearance, beauty, splendor. — *Kṛipa-nīḷa* (for *kṛipā-*°), *as, ā, am,* Ved. one whose home is splendor, dwelling in splendor, epithet of Agni; (Sāy.) the support of sacred rites.

कृप 2. *kṛip* (connected with rt. *krap*), cl. 1. A. *karpate,* to have pity or mercy on; cl. 10. P. *kṛipayati* or *kṛipāpayati, -yitum,* to be weak; to pity; to mourn, grieve, lament; [cf. Gr. ἔλπω.]

Kṛipa, as, m., N. of a man described in the Veda as a friend of Indra; (*as*), m. and (*ī*), f., N. of the son and daughter of the sage Śaradvat, (he performed severe penance and thereby alarmed the jealous Indra, who sent a nymph to tempt him, but without success; however, twin sons were born to the sage in a clump of grass (*śara-stambe*), who were found by king Śāntanu and out of pity (*kṛipā*) taken home and reared as his own; the daughter, Kṛipī, married Droṇa, and had by him a son called Aśvatthāman; the son, Kṛipa, became one of the privy council at Hastināpur, and is sometimes called Gautama, sometimes Śāradvata. According to the Hari-vaṅśa and Vishṇu-Purāṇa, Kṛipa and Kṛipī were only distant descendants of Śaradvat. According to others, Kṛipa = Vyāsa or = a son of Kṛishṇa.) — *Kṛipī-pati, is,* m. a N. of Droṇa as husband of Kṛipī. — *Kṛipī-putra* or *kṛipī-suta, as,* m., a N. of Aśvatthāman as son of Kṛipī.

Kṛipaṇa, as, ā or *ī, am,* inclined to grieve; pitiable, miserable, poor, wretched, feeble; low, vile; miserly, stingy; avaricious; arising from pity, caused by pity; (*am*), ind. miserably; (*as*), m. a worm; (*am*), n. wretchedness, misery; *sa-kṛipaṇam,* miserably, pitiably; [cf. *kārpaṇya.*] — *Kṛipaṇa-kāśin, ī, inī, i,* Ved. looking suppliantly, looking desirous; expressing a desire (?). — *Kṛipaṇa-tva, am,* n. misery; wretchedness; miserable condition. — *Kṛipaṇa-dhī, īs, īs, i,* little-minded. — *Kṛipaṇa-nindā,* f. 'censure of the miser,' title of a chapter of the Śārṅgadhara Paddhati. — *Kṛipaṇa-buddhi, is, is, i,* little-minded. — *Kṛipaṇa-vatsala, as, ā, am,* kind to the poor.

Kṛipaṇāya, nom. A. *kṛipaṇāyate,* to feel miserable.

Kṛipaṇin, ī, inī, i, miserable, one who is in misery.

Kṛipaṇya, nom. P. *kṛipaṇyati,* to wish, desire, be a suppliant for anything, pray for, obtain by entreaties; (in A. also *kṛipaṇate.*)

Kṛipaṇyu, us, us, u, Ved. one who praises.

Kṛipā, f. pity, tenderness, compassion; N. of a river. — *Kṛipā-dṛishṭi, is,* f. a look with favour, a kind look. — *Kṛipādvaita* (°*pā-ad*°), *as,* m. one of the Buddhas or deified saints of the Buddhists. — *Kṛipānvita* (°*pā-an*°), *as, ā, am,* or *kṛipā-maya, as, ī, am,* or *kṛipālu, us, us, u,* or *kṛipā-vat, ān, atī, at,* pitiful, merciful, compassionate, tender. — *Kṛipā-miśra, as,* m., N. of a son of Deva-miśra. — *Kṛipā-hīna, as, ā, am,* pitiless, unfeeling, unkind.

Kṛipāya, nom. A. *kṛipāyate, -yitum,* to mourn, grieve, lament, have pity.

कृपाण *kṛipāṇa, as,* m. (said to be fr. rt. *kṛip* for rt. *klṛip?*), a sword, a scymitar, a sacrificial knife; (*ī*), f. a pair of shears or scissors; a dagger.

Kṛipāṇaka, as, m. a sword, a scymitar; (*ikā*), f. a dagger, a knife.

कृपीट *kṛipīṭa, am,* n. (said to be fr. rt. 2. *kṛip*), underwood, wood, forest; fire-wood, wood, timber; water; the belly. — *Kṛipīṭa-pāla, as,* m. a rudder or large oar used as one; the ocean; air, wind. — *Kṛipīṭa-yoni, is,* m. fire.

कृमि *kṛimi, is,* or *krimi, is,* m. (said to be fr. rt. *kram;* cf. *kramī*), a worm, an insect in general; a spider; an ant; lac, the red dye caused by insects; N. of a son of Uśīnara; N. of an Asura, the brother of Rāvaṇa; N. of a Nāga-rāja; (*is*), f., N. of the wife of Uśīnara and mother of Kṛimi; [cf. Lith. *kirminis, kirmele;* Russ. *červj;* Hib. *cruimh;* Cambro-Brit. *pryv;* Goth. *vaurms,* Them. *vaurmi* for *hvaurmi;* Lat. *vermi-s* for *quermi-s;* perhaps Gr. ἕλμινς for ἔρμινς.] — *Kṛimi-kaṇṭaka, am,* n. several plants efficacious in destroying worms, Ficus Glomerata; another plant, = *ćitrā* or *ćitrāṅga;* another plant, = *vidaṅga.* — *Kṛimi-kara, as,* m. a kind of poisonous insect. — *Kṛimi-karṇa* or *kṛimi-karṇaka, as,* m. worms or lice generated in the external ear. — *Kṛimi-kośa* or *kṛimi-kosha, as,* m. the cocoon of a silkworm. — *Kṛimikośottha* (°*śa-ut*°), *as, ā, am,* silk, silken. — *Kṛimi-granthi, is,* m. a disease of the eyes, caused by insects generated at the roots of the eyelashes. — *Kṛimi-ghātin, ī, inī, i,* destroying worms; (*ī*), m. a medicinal drug, = *vidaṅga* (?). — *Kṛimi-ghna, as, ī, am,* vermifuge, anthelmintic; (*as*), m. a shrub used in medicine as a vermifuge, commonly Bīreng. Erycibe Paniculata, see *vidaṅga;* the onion; the root of the jujube; the marking nut plant; (*ī*), f. turmeric. — *Kṛimi-ja, as, ā, am,* produced by worms; (*ā*), f. lac, a red dye produced by an insect, commonly called Lākshā; (*am*), n. Agallochum. — *Kṛimi-jagdha, am,* n. Agallochum. — *Kṛimi-jalaja, as,* m. a shell-fish, an animal living in a shell. — *Kṛimi-dantaka, as,* m. tooth-ache with decay of the teeth. — *Kṛimi-parvata, as,* m. an ant-hill. — *Kṛimi-bhaksha, as,* m., N. of a hell. — *Kṛimi-bhojana, as, ā, am,* one whose food consists of worms; (*as*), m., N. of a hell. — *Kṛimi-mat, ān, atī, at,* affected or covered with worms. — *Kṛimi-ripu, us,* m. an anthelmintic plant, = *vidaṅga.* — *Kṛimi-roga, as,* m. disease caused by worms. — *Kṛimi-varṇa, as* or *am* (?), m. or n. (?), red cloth. — *Kṛimi-vāriruha, as,* m. a fish living in a shell. — *Kṛimi-vṛiksha, as,* m. a kind of plant, Koshāmra. — *Kṛimi-śaṅkha, as,* m. the fish living in the conch. — *Kṛimi-śatru, us,* m. an anthelmintic plant, Erythrina Fulgens, = *vidaṅga.* — *Kṛimi-śātrava, as,* m. the plant Acacia Famesiana. — *Kṛimi-śukti, is,* f. a bivalve shell, a muscle; the animal living in a bivalve shell; an oyster. — *Kṛimi-śaila* or *kṛimi-śailaka, as,* m. an ant or mole-hill; [cf. *kṛimi-parvata.*] — *Kṛimi-sārāṅī,* f. a kind of poisonous insect. — *Kṛimi-sena, as,* m., N. of a Yaksha. — *Kṛimi-hantri, tā, trī, tri,* or *kṛimi-hara, as, ī, am,* anthelmintic, vermifuge. — *Kṛimi-hā,* f. an anthelmintic plant, = *vidaṅga.* — *Kṛimīśa* (°*mi-īśa*), *as,* m., N. of a hell.

Kṛimika, as, m. a small worm.

Kṛimiṇa, as, ā, am, having worms.

Kṛimin, ī, iṇī, i, affected with worms.

Kṛimila, as, ā, am, having worms, wormy; (*ā*), f. a fruitful woman, one bearing many children; N. of a town, called after Kṛimi. — *Kṛimilāśva* (°*la-aś*°), *as,* m., N. of a son of Bāhyāśva.

Kṛimilikā, f. linen cloth dyed with red colour.

Kṛimīlaka, as, m. a white sort of kidney-bean; [cf. *vana-mudga.*]

कृमुक *kṛimuka, as,* m., Ved. a kind of tree; [cf. *kārmuka* and *kramuka.*]

कृव् *kṛiv* = 1. *kṛi,* cl. 5. *kṛiṇoti.* See p. 246.

कृवि *kṛivi, is,* m. (said to be fr. 1. *kṛi*), a loom (?); [cf. *krivi.*]

कृश *kṛiś,* cl. 4. P. *kṛiśyati, ćakarśa, karśishyati, akṛiśat, karśitum,* to become lean or thin, to become emaciated or feeble; to wane (as the moon): Caus. *karśayati, -yitum,* to make thin or lean, to attenuate, emaciate, to keep short of food; [cf. perhaps Lat. *parco, parcus, parum, parvus, paucus;* Gr. παῦρος; Goth. *favai;* Eng. *few.*]

Kṛiśa, as, ā, am, lean, emaciated, thin, spare, weak, feeble; small, little, minute, insignificant, poor; (*as*), m., N. of a man, also of a Nāga; N. of a Ṛishi, author of a Ṛig-veda hymn; [cf. Hib. *creas,* 'narrow, straight;' *caile,* 'narrowness.'] — *Kṛiśa-gu, us, us, u,* Ved. one who has lean cattle. — *Kṛiśa-tā,* f. or *kṛiśa-tva, am,* n. leanness, thinness. — *Kṛiśa-śākha, as,* m., N. of a plant, = *parpaṭa.* — *Kṛiśākṣa* (°*śa-ak*°), *as,* m., a spider. — *Kṛiśāṅga* (°*śa-an*°), *as, ī, am,* emaciate, spare, thin; (*as*), m. an epithet of Śiva; (*ī*), f. a woman with a slender shape; a particular plant, commonly called Priyaṅgu. — *Kṛiśāśva* (°*śa-aś*°), *as,* m., N. of several persons; N. of an author of directions to players and dancers. — *Kṛiśāśvin, ī,* m. a pupil of Kṛiśāśva, a dancer, an actor, a tumbler. — *Kṛiśodara* (°*śa-ud*°), *as, ā, am,* thin-waisted.

Kṛiśikā, f. the plant Salvinia Cucculata.

कृशन *kṛiśana, am,* n., Ved. a pearl, mother-of-pearl; gold; form, shape; (*as, ā, am*), yielding or containing pearls; [cf. *ūrdhva-kṛiśana* and *kārśana.*] — *Kṛiśanā-vat, ān, atī, at,* Ved. decorated with pearls.

Kṛiśanin, ī, inī, i, Ved. decorated with pearls.

कृशर *kṛiśara, as, ā,* m. f. a dish composed of milk, sesamum, and rice; rice and peas boiled together with a few spices, commonly called Khićhree; [cf. *kṛisara.*]

कृशला *kṛiśalā,* f. the hair of the head.