of a plant, = *kshudra-pāshāṇa-bhedā;* a small stone (?); an epithet of Pārvatī, the wife of Śiva. — *Giri-bhraj, ṭ, ṭ, ṭ,* Ved. breaking forth from mountains; (Sāy.) falling from the clouds. — *Giri-mallikā,* f. the plant Wrightia Antidysenterica; [cf. *kuṭa-ja.*] — *Giri-mātra, as, ā, am,* having the size or dimensions of a mountain. — *Giri-māna, as, ā, am,* having the extent or dimensions of a mountain; (*as*), m. a large and powerful elephant. — *Giri-māla* and *giri-mālaka, as,* m., N. of a tree. — *Giri-mṛid, t,* f. red chalk, mountain soil; [cf. *gairika.*] — *Girimṛid-bhava, am,* n. red chalk. — *Giri-meda, as,* m. a fetid Mimosa, = *ari-meda.* — *Giri-rāj, ṭ,* m. the king of the mountains, the Himavat (?). — *Giri-vāsin, ī, inī, i,* living on or in mountains, being or produced in them; (*ī*), m. a kind of bulbous plant, a large kind of Arum. — *Giri-vraja, as,* m., N. of the capital of Magadha. — *Giri-śa, as, ā, am,* or (*as*), m. inhabiting or frequenting mountains, an epithet of Rudra-Śiva. — *Giri-śanta, as, ā, am,* Ved. inhabiting or frequenting mountains. — *Giri-śaya, as, ā, am,* Ved. inhabiting mountains. — *Giri-śāla, as,* m. a kind of bird. — *Giri-śālinī,* f. the plant Clitoria Ternatea. — *Giri-śṛiṅga, as,* m. an epithet of Gaṇeśa; the peak of a mountain. — *Giri-shad, t, ṭ, ṭ,* sitting on mountains; an epithet of Rudra. — *Giri-shṭhā, ās, ās, am,* or *giri-shṭha, as, ā, am* (rt. *sthā*), inhabiting or frequenting mountains; epithet of the Maruts and of the Soma plant which is found in mountains. — *Giri-sarpa, as,* m. a kind of snake. — *Giri-sānu, u,* n. table-land. — *Giri-sāra, as,* m. iron; tin; an epithet of the Malaya mountains, situated in the south of India. — *Girisāra-maya, as, ī, am,* made of iron, iron. — *Giri-sutā,* f. the daughter of the mountain Himavat; an epithet of Pārvatī, the wife of Śiva. — *Giri-sena, as,* m., N. of a man. — *Giri-sravā,* f. a mountain-stream, a torrent. — *Giri-hvā,* f. another N. of the plant *giri-karṇikā,* Clitoria Ternatea. — *Girīndra* (°*ri-in*°), *as,* m. a prince among the mountains, a high mountain; a term for the number eight; [cf. *girí.*] — 2. *girīśa* (°*ri-īśa*), *as,* m. the prince of the mountains, a N. of the Himālaya, the snowy mountains on the north of Hindūstan, or the range personified; an epithet of Śiva; a N. of the eleventh Rudra: (for 1. *girīśa* see under 1. *gir.*) — *Giry-āhvā,* f. = *giri-hvā.*

Girika, as, m. the inhabitant of a mountain (?); a N. of Śiva; a ball for playing with [cf. *giri* and *giriyaka*]; N. of a chief of the Nāga or serpent-race; N. of a certain weaver in a Buddhist work; also called *ćaṇḍagirika;* (*ā*), f. a mouse, a small rat; N. of the wife of Vasu, daughter of the mountain Kolāhala and of the river Śaktimatī.

Giriyaka or *giriyāka* or *girīyaka, as,* m. a ball for playing with; [cf. *giri* and *giri-guḍa.*]

Giri-śa. See under *giri* above.

गिरित *girita.* See under 2. *gir.*

गिरीश 1. 2. *girīśa,* &c. See under 1. *gir* and under *giri* above.

गिल *gila, as, ā, am* (fr. 2. *gṛī*), who or what swallows; (*as*), m. the citron tree, = *jambīra.* — *Gila-gila, as, ā, am,* swallowing; [cf. *timiṅgila-gila.*] — *Gila-grāha, as,* m. a crocodile, a shark.

Gilat, an, atī or *antī, at,* swallowing, devouring.

Gilana, am, n. swallowing; also *giraṇa.*

Gilāyu, us, m. hard tumor in the throat.

Gili, is, f. swallowing, eating.

Gilita, as, ā, am, eaten, swallowed.

गिलोड्य *giloḍya,* N. of a plant; [cf. *angaloḍya, galoḍya, gāloḍya.*]

गिष्णु *giṣhṇu, us,* m. (probably a corrupt form of *geshṇu;* rt. *gai*), a professional singer; a Brāhman versed in the Sāma-veda, a chanter of that Veda; an actor.

गीःपति *gīḥ-pati, gīsh-pati.* See 1. *gir.*

गीत *gīta, as, ā, am* (fr. rt. *gai*), sung, chanted, sounded, &c.; (*ā*), f. a song, a sacred song or poem, religious doctrines declared in metrical form by an inspired sage [cf. the titles Śiva-gītā, Rāma-gītā, Bhagavad-gītā, which last is also often called the Gītā]; N. of a metre; (*am*), n. singing, song either general or particular. — *Gīta-kaṇḍikā,* f. a Pariśishṭa of the Sāma-veda. — *Gīta-krama, as,* m. the arrangement of a song. — *Gīta-gaṅgādhara,* title of a poem by Kalyāṇa. — *Gīta-giriśa,* title of a poem by Rāma. — *Gīta-govinda, as,* m. Govinda (i.e. Kṛishṇa) celebrated in song; title of a lyrical drama by Jaya-deva, supposed to have been written about the twelfth or thirteenth century of our era; it is a mystical erotic poem, describing the loves of Kṛishṇa and the Gopīs, especially of Kṛishṇa and Rādhā, who is supposed to typify the human soul. — *Gīta-jña, as, ā, am,* versed in the art of singing, acquainted with songs. — *Gīta-priya, as, ā, am,* fond of songs; (*ā*), f., N. of one of the Mātṛis attending on Skanda. — *Gīta-modin, ī, inī, i,* gladdening with songs; (*ī*), m. a Kinnara or celestial chorister. — *Gīta-vādana, am,* n. the singing of a song. — *Gīta-śāstra, am,* n. the science of music. — *Gītāyana* (°*ta-ay*°), *am,* n. a procession accompanied with songs.

Gītaka, am, n. a song.

Gīti, is, f. song, singing; a kind of poetical metre, a form of the Āryā metre, in which the stanza consists of four lines of twelve and eighteen syllabic instants alternately. — *Gīti-viśesha, as,* m. a kind of song. — *Gīty-āryā,* f., N. of a metre of four lines of sixteen short syllables each.

Gītikā, f. a short song, a small hymn; N. of a metre consisting of four lines of twenty syllables each.

Gītin, ī, inī, i, one who recites in a singing manner.

Gīthā, f. a song.

गीरथ *gīratha,* &c. See under 1. *gir.*

गीर्ण 1. *gīrṇa, as, ā, am* (fr. 1. *gṛī*), praised.

1. *gīrṇi, is,* f. praise, applause; fame, celebrity.

गीर्ण 2. *gīrṇa, as, ā, am,* swallowed.

2. *gīrṇi, is,* f. swallowing.

Girvi, is, is, i, swallowing, devouring.

गु 1. *gu* (related to 1. *gā*), cl. 1. A. *gavate,* to go.

2. *gu,* (at the end of compounds) going; [cf. *adhri-gu, vanar-gu;* also *priyaṅ-gu* and *śāći-gu* (?); cf. *gū* in *agre-gū.*]

गु 3. *gu,* cl. 1. A., Ved. *gavate, juguve, goshyate, agoshṭa, gotum,* (this verb seems only to occur in the reduplicated forms *joguve* and *joguvāna*), to speak articulately, to proclaim, to cause to sound: Caus. *gāvayati:* Desid. *jugūshate:* Intens. *jogūyate, jogoti,* to shout with joy; [cf. *jogū.*]

गु 4. *gu,* cl. 6. P. *guvati, jugāva, gushyati, agushīt, gutum* or *guvitum,* to void by stool, to void excrement.

गु 5. *gu* (at the end of an adj. comp.) = *go,* a cow, cattle, earth, ray, &c., see *go,* (e.g. *daśa-gu,* possessing ten cows; *sahasra-gu,* possessing 1000 cows; *ćalad-gu,* one under whom the earth trembles, &c.); [cf. *anu-gu, arishṭa-gu, ushṇa-gu, kṛiśa-gu,* &c.]

गुग्गुल *guggula, as,* m. or *guggulu, u, us,* n. m. (but always m. in the later language), a fragrant gum resin, bdellium or the exudation of the Amyris Agallochum, a perfume and medicament; sometimes with the epithet *saindhava* or *samudriya,* i. e. 'obtained near rivers or the sea,' (perhaps some other substance coming from rivers or the sea?); a species of Morunga with red flowers, Morunga Hyperanthera; (*ū, ūs*), f., N. of an Apsaras.

Gugguluka, as, ī, m. f. one who deals in bdellium.

गुङ्गु *guṅgu, us,* m., N. of a man; (*avas*), m. pl. the descendants of this man; (*ū, ūs*), f., Ved. (Sāy.) = *kuhū,* q. v.

गुच्छ *gućća, as,* m. (assimilated form fr. *gutsa*), a bundle, a bunch, a bunch of flowers, a cluster of blossoms, a clump (of grass &c.), a bunch of peacock's feathers, the plumage of a peacock; a pearl necklace of thirty-two or (according to others) of seventy strings [cf. *ardha-gućća*]; (*ī*), f. a kind of Bondue or Karañja. — *Gućća-kaṇiśa, as,* m. a kind of corn, = *rāgin.* — *Gućća-karañja, as,* m. a kind of Karañja; [cf. *guććhī.*] — *Gućća-dantikā,* f. the plant Musa Sapientum, = *kadalī.* — *Gućća-pattra, as,* m. the palm tree; [cf. *tāla.*] — *Gućća-pushpa, as,* m., N. of a plant, = *saptaććhada;* (*ī*), f., N. of two plants, Grislea Tomentosa (*dhātakī*), and another plant = *śimṛiḍī.* — *Gućća-pushpaka, as,* m. two kinds of Karañja, the Rīṭhā-karañja and the Gućća-karañja. — *Gućća-phala, as,* m., N. of several plants, = *rīṭhā-karañja;* another plant, Strychnos Potatorum [cf. *kataka*]; another plant, = *rājādanī;* (*ā*), f., N. of several plants, Musa Sapientum, = *kadalī* or the plantain; the vine; the plant Solanum Indicum (*kāka-māćī*); the plant Solanum Jacquini (*agni-damanī*); a kind of leguminous plant, = *nishpāvī.* — *Gućća-badhrā,* f., N. of a plant, Guṇḍālā. — *Gućća-mūlikā,* f., N. of a plant, = *guṇḍāsinī.* — *Guććhārdha* (°*ćha-ar*°), *as,* m. a pearl necklace of twenty-four strings; a species of grass, Andropogon Schœnanthus. — *Guććhāhva-kanda* (°*ćha-āh*°), *as,* m. a kind of esculent root, = *gulañća-kanda.*

Guććhaka, as, m. a bunch, bundle, cluster of blossoms, clump of grass, the plumage of a peacock, a bunch of peacock's feathers; a pearl necklace of thirty-two strings; a kind of Karañja, = *rīṭhā-karañja;* (*am*), n. a kind of fragrant plant, = *granthi-parṇa.*

Guććhāla, as, m. a species of grass, Andropogon Schœnanthus.

गुज *guj,* cl. 6. and 1 (?). P. *gujati* and *gojati* (?), *jugoja, gujitum;* oftener *guñj,* cl. 1. P. *guñjati, juguñja, guñjitum,* to sound inarticulately; to buz, hum.

Guñja, as, m. humming; a bunch, a bundle, a cluster of blossoms, bunch of flowers, nosegay, = *guććha;* (*ā*), f. humming, a low murmuring sound; a kettle-drum; a small shrub, Abrus Precatorius, bearing a red and black berry, which forms the smallest of the jeweller's weights; either the berry which averages about 1 $\frac{5}{16}$ grains troy or the artificial weight called by this name, weighing about 2 $\frac{3}{16}$ grains; = $\frac{1}{5}$ Ādya-māshaka, = $\frac{1}{4}$ Māshaka, = 3 or 2 barley-corns, = 4 grains of rice, = 2 grains of wheat; (with physicians 7 Guñjās = 1 Māsha, with lawyers 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ Guñjās); a kind of plant with a poisonous root; a tavern; reflection, meditation. — *Guñja-kṛit, t,* m. 'making a humming,' a large black bee.

Guñjat, an, antī, at, buzzing, humming, making a low murmuring sound.

Guñjana, am, n. sounding low and deep, as buzzing, murmuring, &c.

Guñjikā, f. the seed of the plant Abrus Precatorius; [cf. *guñjā.*]

Guñjita, as, ā, am, uttered in a low tone, murmured, &c.; (*am*), n. sounding, murmuring, buzzing.

गुज्जरी *gujjarī,* f. one of the Rāgiṇīs; (for *gurjarī,* q. v.)

गुटिका *guṭikā,* f. a pill, a bolus, any small globe or ball; a small pustule; the cocoon of the silk-worm; a pill; a pearl; [cf. *guḍikā, gulikā, gulī, guḍa.*] — *Guṭikāñjana* (°*kā-añ*°), *am,* n. collyrium formed like a globe or ball. — *Guṭikā-mukha, as, ī, am,* furnished with a rounded orifice.

गुड *guḍ,* cl. 6. P. *guḍati,* to defend, guard, preserve; [cf. *ghuḍ* and *guṇḍ.*]

Guḍa, as, m. (said to be from the last), a globe or ball; a ball for playing with; a bit, a mouthful,