a cloud. — *Jala-mūrti, is,* m. Śiva, of whom one form is water, (implying his presence in all matter.) — *Jala-mūrtikā,* f. hail (a form of water). — *Jala-moda, am,* n. 'delighting in water,' the fragrant root of Andropogon Muricatus, = *uśīra.* — *Jalambala* (?), *am,* n. a stream; collyrium. — *Jala-yantra, am,* n. a water-engine, a machine for raising water &c., any contrivance connected with that element; a water-clock, a clepsydra. — *Jala-yantraka, am,* n. a machine for raising water &c. — *Jalayantra-gṛiha* or *jalayantra-niketana* or *jalayantra-mandira, am,* n. a house or fabric erected in the midst of water; subterranean apartments constructed in the bank of a river to serve as a retreat in the hot season, a summer-house &c. — *Jala-yātrā,* f. a voyage. — *Jala-yāna, am,* n. 'a water vehicle,' a ship. — *Jala-ranka, as,* m. or *jala-rañja, as,* m. a species of Vaka or crane (Ardea Nivea). — *Jala-ranku, us,* m. a kind of gallinule. — *Jala-raṇḍa, as,* m. a whirlpool; a drop, drizzle, thin sprinkling of water; a snake; [cf. *jala-ruṇḍa.*] — *Jala-rasa, as,* m. sea-salt. — *Jala-rākshasī,* f. 'the water Rākshasī,' also called Su-rasā, a female demon described in Rāmāyaṇa V. 6. as the mother of the Nāgas; she placed herself in the way of Hanumat in his flight across the straits between the continent and Ceylon, and in order to prevent his crossing attempted to swallow him bodily. He escaped by reducing himself to the size of a thumb, darting through her huge body and coming out at her right ear. — *Jala-rāśi, is,* m. a sheet of water, a quantity of water; the ocean. — *Jala-ruṇḍa, as,* m. = *jala-raṇḍa.* — *Jala-ruh, ṭ,* m. 'growing in water,' a lotus (Nelumbium). — *Jala-ruha, as,* m. an aquatic animal; (*am*), n. the lotus (Nelumbium). — *Jala-rūpa, as,* m. the fish of Kāma-deva, = *makara.* — *Jala-latā,* f. 'water-creeper,' a wave, a billow. — *Jala-lava-muć, k, k, k,* discharging drops of water. — *Jala-lohita, as,* m. a Rākshasa (having water for blood). — *Jala-vat, ān, atī, at,* abounding in water. — *Jala-varaṇa, as,* m. a watery pustule. — *Jala-valkala, am,* n., N. of the aquatic plant Pistia Stratiotes. — *Jala-vallī,* f. the water-nut, Trapa Bispinosa. — *Jala-vādita, am,* n. water-music, a kind of music in which water is used. — *Jala-vādya, am,* n. a kind of musical instrument in which water is used. — *Jala-vāyasa, as,* m. 'a water-crow,' the diver bird. — *Jala-vālaka,* cf. *jala-bālaka.* — *Jala-vāsa, as,* m. residence in water; (*as, ā, am*), living or residing in water; (*as*), m. a kind of root, = *vishṇu-kanda;* (*am*), n. the root of Andropogon Muricatus, = *uśīra.* — *Jala-vāha, as, ā, am,* carrying water; (*as*), m. a water-bearer, a cloud. — *Jala-vāhaka, as,* m. a water-bearer or carrier. — *Jala-vāhana, as,* m. a water-carrier; N. of a physician, = Śākya-muni in a former birth; (*am*), n. flowing of water; (ī), f. a water-course, aqueduct. — *Jala-viḍāla, as,* m. an otter. — *Jala-vindu, us,* m. a drop of water; N. of a Tīrtha. — *Jalavinduja,* f. a kind of sugar. — *Jala-vilva, as,* m. the plant Pistia Stratiotes; a tortoise; a crab; a quadrangular pond. — *Jala-vishuva, am,* n. the autumnal equinox, the moment of the sun's entering Libra; a kind of circle or cycle. — *Jala-vihangama, as,* m. a water-fowl. — *Jala-vīrya, as,* m., N. of a son of Bharata. — *Jala-vṛiśćika, as,* m. 'water-scorpion,' a prawn or shrimp. — *Jala-vetasa, as,* m. a kind of cane, = *vānīra.* — *Jala-vyatha* or *jala-vyadha, as,* m. a kind of fish, Esox Cancila. — *Jala-vyāla, as,* m. a water-snake; a marine monster. — *Jala-śaya* or *jala-śayana, as,* or *jala-śāyin, ī,* m. an epithet of Vishṇu, who is supposed to sleep, reposing on his serpent-couch above the waters, during the four months of the periodical rains; also during the intervals of the submersion of the world; [cf. *jale-śaya.*] — *Jalaśāyi-tīrtha, am,* n., N. of a Tīrtha. — *Jala-śukti, is,* f. a bivalve shell. — *Jala-śući, is, is, i,* cleansed by water, bathed, washed. — *Jala-śūka, am,* n. the plant Blyxa Octandra, a green moss-like substance growing on the surface of stagnant water, duckweed. — *Jala-śūkara, as,* m. a crocodile ('water-hog'). — *Jala-śosha, as,* m. drying up of water, drought. — *Jala-saṃsarga, as,* m. mixing with water, dilution. — *Jala-sandha, as,* m., N. of a prince, a son of Dhṛita-rāshṭra. — *Jala-samudra, as,* m. the sea of fresh water. — *Jala-samparka, as,* m. mixture or dilution with water. — *Jala-sarpiṇī,* f. 'water-glider,' a leech. — *Jala-sāt,* ind. to the state of water (e. g. *jalasāt kṛi,* to reduce to water; *jalasāl sampadyate,* it is turned into water). — *Jala-sikta, as, ā, am,* sprinkled with water, wetted. — *Jala-sūći, is,* m. the Gangetic porpoise, Delphinus Gangeticus; a crow; a fish, a small sort of pike, Esox Cancila; a leech; a water-nut, Trapa Bispinosa. — *Jala-seka, as,* m. sprinkling with water. — *Jala-stha, as, ā, am,* standing or abiding or situated in water; (*ā*), f. a kind of grass, = *gaṇḍa-dūrvā.* — *Jala-sthāna, am,* n. or *jala-sthāya, as,* m. a reservoir, a pond, a lake. — *Jala-ha, am,* n. a small water (or summer) house; [cf. *jalayantra-gṛiha.*] — *Jala-haraṇa, am,* n. a metre consisting of 4 × 32 syllabic instants. — *Jala-hastin, ī,* m. a water-elephant; hippopotamus (?). — *Jala-hāra, as, ī,* m. f. a water-carrier. — *Jala-hāriṇī,* f. a water-course, drain, a channel for water. — *Jala-hāsa* or *jala-hāsaka, as,* m. cuttle-fish bone, considered as the indurated foam of the sea. — *Jala-hrada, as,* m., N. of a man. — *Jalākara* (*°la-ā°*), *as,* m. a source of water, a spring, a fountain. — *Jalākā,* f. = *jalaukā,* a leech. — *Jalākāṅksha* (*°la-ā°*), *as,* m. = *jalakāṅksha,* an elephant. — *Jalākshī* (*°la-ak°*), f. an aquatic plant, Commelina Salicifolia. — *Jalākhu* (*°la-ākhu*), *us,* m. 'water-mole,' an otter. — *Jalāñćala* (*°la-añ°*), *am,* n. a spring, well; natural water-course; the plant Blyxa Octandra. — *Jalāñjali* (*°la-añ°*), *is,* f. a handful of water, or water held in the palms of the hand, as presented to the manes of a dead person &c. — *Jalāṭana* (*°la-aṭ°*), *as,* m. 'water-goer,' a heron; (ī), f. a leech. — *Jalāḍhya* (*°la-āḍh°*), *as, ā, am,* watery, marshy. — *Jalāṇuka* (*°la-aṇ°*), *am,* n. the fry of fish. — *Jalāṇṭaka, as,* m. a shark or (according to some) a large alligator &c. — *Jalāṇḍaka* (*°la-aṇ°*), *am,* n. the fry of fish. — *Jalātmikā* (*°la-āt°*), f. a leech; a well (in the latter sense a various reading for *jalāmbikā*). — *Jalātyaya* (*°la-at°*), *as,* m. the passing away of the water (or clouds), autumn. — *Jalādarśa* (*°la-ād°*), *as,* m. a watery mirror, water reflecting any object like a mirror. — *Jalādhāra* (*°la-ādh°*), *as,* m. a pond, a lake, a reservoir, any receptacle of water. — *Jalādhidaivata* (*°la-adh°*), *am,* n., scil. *bha* or *nakshatra,* the constellation Ashāḍhā (having the water as its deity; cf. *jala-deva*); (*as*), m. an epithet of Varuṇa (?). — *Jalādhipa* (*°la-adh°*), *as,* or *jalādhipati* (*°la-adh°*), *is,* or *jalādhyaksha* (*°la-adh°*), *as,* m. an epithet of Varuṇa, lord of the waters. — *Jalānusāra* (*°la-an°*), *as,* m. going or acting like water. — *Jalāntaka* (*°la-an°*), *as,* m., N. of a son of Kṛishṇa by Satya-bhāmā; (*as, ā, am*), having water in the interior (*anta*); containing water. — *Jalāpasparśana* (*°la-ap°*), *am,* n. touching water, use of water. — *Jalābhisheka* (*°la-abh°*), *as,* m. sprinkling with water. — *Jalāmbara* (*°la-am°*), *as,* m., N. of a man, = Rāhala-bhadra in a former birth. — *Jalāmbikā* (*°la-am°*), f. a well; [cf. *jalātmikā.*] — *Jalāmbu-garbhā* (*°la-am°*), f., N. of a woman, = Gopā in a former birth. — *Jalāyukā* (*°la-āyu*) or 1. *jalālukā* or *jalālokā* or *jalāvukā* or *jalāsukā,* f. a leech (living in water). — *Jalārka* (*°la-ar°*), *as,* m. the sun reflected in water. — *Jalārṇava* (*°la-ar°*), *as,* m. the rainy season; the sea of fresh water. — *Jalārthin* (*°la-ar°*), *ī, inī, i,* desirous of water, thirsty. — *Jalārdra* (*°la-ār°*), *as, ā, am,* wet, charged with aqueous moisture; (*as, ā*), m. f. wet cloth or clothes. — *Jalālu* (*°la-ālu*), *us,* m. a kind of bulbous plant. — *Jalāvatāra* (*°la-av°*), *as,* m. a landing-place at a river's side. — *Jalāvarta* (*°la-āv°*), *as,* m. 'the turning round of water,' an eddy, a whirlpool. — *Jalāvila* (*°la-āv°*), *as, ā, am,* stained or soiled with water. — *Jalāśaya* (*°la-āś°*), *as, ā, am,* resting or lying in water; stupid, dull, apathetic, cold; (*as*), m. a pond, a tank, a lake, a reservoir or any piece of water; a fish; the water-nut, Trapa Bispinosa; (*ā*), f. a kind of plant, = *guṇḍālā;* (*am*), n. the root of Andropogon Muricatus. — *Jalāśayāntara* (*°ya-an°*), *am,* n. another lake. — *Jalāśayotsarga-tattva* (*°ya-ut°*), *am,* n. a part of the Smṛiti-tattva. — *Jalāśayotsarga-vidhi, is,* m. title of a work by Kamalākara-bhaṭṭa. — *Jalāśāyin* (*°la-āś°*), *ī, inī, i,* lying or sleeping in water as a penance. — *Jalāśraya* (*°la-āś°*), *as,* m. a piece of water, a pond, a lake; a water-house; (*ā*), f. a kind of crane; a kind of grass. — *Jalā-shaṭ* or *jalā-saḥ, -shāṭ, ṭ, ṭ,* subduing water. — *Jalāshṭhīlā* (*°la-ash°*) or ī, f. a large square pond. — *Jalā-sāha, as, ā, am,* = *jalā-shah.* — *Jalāsukā,* f., see *jalāyukā.* — *Jalāhvaya* (*°la-āh°*), *am,* n. a lotus (Nelumbium). — *Jale-ćara, as, ī, am,* living or going in water; (*as*), m. an aquatic animal; a fish; any kind of water-fowl. — *Jaleććhayā,* f. the plant Heliotropium Indicum; [cf. *hasti-śuṇḍā.*] — *Jale-jāta, am,* n. a lotus (Nelumbium). — *Jalendra* (*°la-in°*), *as,* m. 'chief of waters,' the sea; the ocean of fresh water; Varuṇa, the regent of the waters; N. of a Jina or Jaina saint. — *Jalendhana* (*°la-in°*), *am,* n. submarine fire. — *Jalebha* (*°la-ibha*), *as,* m. a water-elephant; [cf. *jala-hastin.*] — *Jale-ruha, as,* m., N. of a king of Orissa; (*ā*), f., N. of a plant, = *kuṭumbinī.* — *Jale-vāha, as,* m. a diver (by caste or business). — *Jaleśa* (*°la-īśa*), *as,* m. the sea, ocean; lord of the waters, i. e. Varuṇa. — *Jale-śaya, as, ā, am,* resting or abiding in water; (*as*), m. an epithet of Vishṇu; a fish. — *Jaleśvara* (*°la-īś°*), *as,* m. 'lord of waters,' the sea, the ocean; the deity of the waters, i. e. Varuṇa; N. of a sanctuary. — *Jaloka, as,* m., N. of a king of Kaśmīra; (*ā*), f. a leech; see *jalaukas.* — *Jalokikā,* f. a leech; see *jalaukas.* — *Jaloććhvāsa* (*°la-uć°*), *as,* m. a drain or channel made for carrying off an excess of water, or a similar channel made naturally by the overflow of a river &c. — *Jalodara* (*°la-ud°*), *am,* n. 'water-belly,' dropsy. — *Jaloddhata-gati* (*°la-ud°*), *is,* f., N. of a metre consisting of four lines of twelve syllables each. — *Jalodbhava* (*°la-ud°*), *as, ā, am,* born or produced in water, aquatic, marine; (*as*), m. 'origin of the waters,' N. of a place; an aquatic animal; N. of a water-demon slain by Kaśyapa; (*ā*), f., N. of a plant, = *laghu-brāhmī,* benzoin. — *Jalodbhūta* (*°la-ud°*), *as, ā, am,* born in or produced from water; (*ā*), f., N. of a plant, = *guṇḍālā.* — *Jalonnāda* (*°la-un°*), *as,* m., N. of one of the attendants of Śiva. — *Jaloragī* (*°la-ur°*), f. 'water-snake,' a leech. — *Jalauka, as,* m. a leech; (*ā*), f. a leech; [cf. the next.] — *Jalaukas* (*°la-ok°*), *ās, ās, as,* living in water, an inhabitant of the water, an aquatic animal; (*ās*), m., N. of a king of Kaśmīra; (*ās*), f. a leech (said to be used in plur. only). — *Jalaukasa, as, ā, am,* m. f. n. a leech. — *Jalaugha* (*°la-ogha*), *as,* m. a quantity of water.

2. *jala,* nom. P., Ved. *jalati,* to become water.

Jalaka, am, n. a conch, a shell.

Jalāya, nom. A. *-yate, -yitum,* to become water, appear as water.

2. *jalāluka, am,* n. a lotus root; [cf. *jalāyukā.*]

Jalikā or *jalukā* or *jalūkā,* f. a leech.

Jaleyu, us, m., N. of a son of Raudrāśva.

Jalelā, f., N. of one of the Mātṛis attending on Skanda; (or perhaps for two words *jalā ilā.*)

जलालदीनाहकबरसाह m. = *jalālu 'ddīn akbar shāh.*

जलाष *jalāsha, as, ā, am,* Ved. mitigating, pacifying, appeasing, healing, comforting; (*am*), n. water; happiness, comfort. — *Jalāsha-bheshaja, as, ā, am,* Ved. possessed of healing medicines, an epithet of Rudra.

जल्प् *jalp* [cf. *jap* and *lap*], cl. 1. P. (ep. also A.) *jalpati, -te, jajalpa, jalpishyati, jalpitum,* to speak inarticulately, murmur; chatter, prattle, babble, wrangle; to speak, say; to address a person, speak with; to speak of or about (with acc.); to praise: Caus. P. *jalpayati, -yitum,* to cause to speak; [cf. Lith. *kalbu,* 'to speak;' *kalba,* 'speech:' Hib. *gaill,* 'speech.']