jyotsnī and *ghoshātakī*. — *Jyotsnā-kālī*, f., N. of a daughter of the moon and wife of Pushkara who was a son of Varuṇa. — *Jyotsnā-priya, as*, m. 'a friend of the moonlight,' the bird Chakora or Greek partridge. — *Jyotsnā-vat, ān, atī, at*, illuminated by the moon, shining, brilliant. — *Jyotsnā-vṛiksha, as*, m. the tree or tripod of a lamp, a lamp-stand, candlestick. — *Jyotsneśa* (°*nā-īśa*), *as*, m. 'lord or husband of the moonlight,' the moon.

Jyotsnikā, f., N. of a plant, = *koshātakī*.

Jyotsnī, f. a moonlight night; a small cucumber, Trichosanthes Dioeca; a kind of perfume, = *reṇukā*; (a wrong form for *jyautsnī*.)

Jyautisha, am, n., N. of a Sāman.

Jyautishika, as, m. one who knows the Jyotisha, an astronomer, astrologer.

Jyautsna, as, ī, am, luminous especially with moonlight; (*as*), m. the time of moonlight, the light half of a month; (*ī*), f. a full moon night; N. of a plant, = *paṭolikā*.

Jyautsnikā, f. a moonlight night; (perhaps an incorrect form for *jyotsnikā*.)

ज्यो *jyo*, cl. 1. A. *jyavate*, &c., to advise, instruct, order; observe a vow or any religious obligation.

ज्योक् *jyok*, ind. long, for a long time, for a long while; *jyoktamām*, superl. ind. for the longest time, longest. — *Jyog-jīvātu, us*, f. long life; *jyok kṛi*, to be long about anything, delay.

ज्योडि *jyoḍi*, in names of plants. Cf. *kara-jyoḍi* and *hasta-j°*.

ज्योतयमानक *jyotayamānaka, as, ikā, am*, Ved. shining (?).

ज्योतिक *jyotika, as*, m., N. of a Nāga; (perhaps a wrong reading for *jyotishka*.)

ज्योतिस् *jyotis*, &c. See p. 353, col. 2.

ज्यौ *jyau, aus*, m. (a word borrowed fr. the Gr. Ζεύς), the planet Jupiter.

ज्रि 1. *jri*, cl. 1. P. *jrayati*, &c., to overpower, conquer; to go.

Jraya. Cf. *pṛithu-jraya*.

Jruyas, as, n., Ved. a plain, expanse, space; (Sāy.) speed; splendor; overpowering; [cf. Zend *zarajo*.]

Jrayasāna, as, ā, am, Ved. spreading, expanding, occupying space; (Sāy.) going.

2. *jri, is, is, i*, in *uru-jri*, q. v.

ज्रि 3. *jri* or *jrī* [cf. rt. 1. *jṛī*], cl. 1. 10. 9. P. *jrayati, jrāyayati, jriṇāti*, &c., to grow old, to be or become old or decayed.

ज्वर् *jvar*, cl. 1. P. *jvarati, jajvāra, jvarishyati, ajvārīt, jvaritum*, to be feverish, to be hot with fever or passion, to be diseased &c.: Caus. P. *jvarayati, -yitum*, to make feverish: Desid. *jijvarishati*: Intens. *jājvaryate, jājūrti*; [cf. Lat. *æ-ger*; Hib. *gurt*, 'pain, trouble, fierceness;' Germ. *schwer*; Old Germ. *swâr, swâri*; Germ. *quâlen*†].

Jūrṇa, as, ā, am. See rt. 1. *jur*, p. 349, col. 3.

Jvara, as, m. fever of different kinds (called after the different doshas or humors of the body which are supposed to be affected by them; fever is called the leader and king of all diseases); fever of the soul, mental pain, affliction, grief, trouble, sorrow, distress; (*ā*), f. fever; (*as, ā, am*), heated, raging (with fever, passion, &c.), excited, inflamed. — *Jvara-ghna, as, ī, am*, febrifuge, anti-febrile, dispelling fever or ague; (*as*), m. or according to some (*ī*), f. the plant Cocculus Cordifolius, = *guḍūcī*; the plant Chenopodium Album, = *vāstūka*. — *Jvara-cikitsā*, f. medical treatment of fever. — *Jvara-nāśaka, as, ā, am*, febrifuge. — *Jvara-nirṇaya, as*, m., N. of a medical work. — *Jvara-pratīkāra, as*, m. cure of fever. — *Jvara-hantṛi, tā, trī, tṛi*, febrifuge; (*trī*), f. the plant Rubia Munjista. — *Jvarāgni* (°*ra-ag*°), *is*, m. feverish heat, the hot paroxysm in fever. — *Jvarāṅkuśa* (°*ra-aṅ*°), *as*, m. a febrifuge; the plant Andropogon Jvarancusa; title of a work on medicine. — *Jvarāṅgī* (°*ra-aṅ*°), f., N. of a plant, = *bhadra-dantikā*. — *Jvarāntaka* (°*ra-an*°), *as, ā, am*, febrifuge, dispelling fever; (*as*), m. the plant Cathartocarpus Fistula; a kind of Nimba growing in Nepal. — *Jvarānvita* (°*ra-an*°), *as, ā, am*, suffering from fever or ague. — *Jvarāpaha* (°*ra-ap*°), *as, ā, am*, febrifuge; (*ā*), f. a febrifuge, the plant Medicago Esculenta, = *villa-pattrī* (?).

Jvarita, as, ā, am, or *jvarin, ī, iṇī, i*, febrile, feverish, affected with fever.

Jvāra. See *nava-jvāra*.

ज्वल् *jval*, cl. 1. P. (ep. also A.) *jvalati, -te, jajvāla, jvalishyati, ajvālīt, jvalitum*, to burn brightly, blaze, flame, glow, shine; to burn (as a wound); to be ardent: Caus. P. *jvālayati* and *jvalayati, -yitum*, to set on fire, light, kindle, make radiant, illuminate: Desid. *jijvalishati*: Intens. *jājvalyate, jājvalti*, to flame violently, shine strongly, be brilliant; [cf. Hib. *guallaim*, 'I blacken, burn;' *gual*, 'coal, coals, fire:' Germ. *Kohle*: Old Germ. *colo*: Eng. *coal*: Lith. *swelù*: Old Germ. *wallu, walm, wâli*.]

Jvala, as, ā, am, flaming, blazing, shining, brilliant; (*as*), m. flame, blaze, light. — *Jvala-mukhī*, f., N. of a tutelary deity in the family of Lomaśa; [cf. *jvālā-mukhī*.] — *Jvalānana* (°*la-ān*°), *as, ā, am*, having the face flaming. — *Jvalā-rāsabhakāmaya, as*, m. = *jāla-gardabha*.

Jvalakā, f. a large flame or blaze.

Jvalat, an, antī, at, burning, blazing; shining, radiant, brilliant. — *Jvalan-maṇi, is, is, i*, blazing with jewels; (*is*), m. a brilliant gem.

Jvalana, as, ā, am, inflammable, combustible, flaming, shining; (*as*), m. fire; a N. of the numeral 3; corrosive alkali; the plant Plumbago Zeylanica; (*ā*), f., N. of a daughter of Takshaka and wife of Ṛiċeyu [cf. *jvālā*]; (*am*), n. burning, blazing. — *Jvalanāśman* (°*na-aś*°), *ā*, m. the sun-stone; [cf. *sūrya-kānta*.]

Jvalanīya, as, ā, am, fit to be burnt, combustible.

Jvalayat, an, antī, at, kindling, burning, illumining, blazing, radiant.

Jvalita, as, ā, am, kindled, burnt, blazing, flaming; (*tṛiṇeshu jvalitaṃ tvayā*, you have lighted a fire in the grass, i. e. you have had easy work.) — *Jvalita-nayana, as, ā, am*, fiery-eyed, looking angrily or fiercely; also *jvalita-ċakshus, jvalita-netra*, &c. — *Jvalitānana* (°*ta-ān*°), *as, ā, am*, having the face flaming.

Jvalin, ī, inī, i, burning, flaming, shining; (*inī*), f. the plant Sanseviera Zeylanica, = *mūrvā*.

Jvāla, as, ī, am, burning, blazing; (*as*), m. light, flame, a torch; (*ā*), f. a blaze, flame, illumination; burnt rice; N. of a daughter of Takshaka and wife of Ṛiksha; [cf. Hib. *gual*, 'coal.'] — *Jvālā-kharagada* and *jvālā-gardabhaka, as*, m. = *jāla-gardabha*. — *Jvālāgni* (°*la-ag*°), *is*, m. blazing fire, flame. — *Jvālā-jihva, as*, m. 'flame-tongued,' N. of fire; N. of an attendant of Skanda; of Śiva; of a Dānava. — *Jvālā-dhvaja, as*, m. 'flame-marked,' fire. — *Jvālā-mukha, as*, m. 'flame-mouthed,' a class of demons; (*ī*), f. a volcano; any place where subterranean fire or inflammable gas breaks forth, such places being held sacred by the Hindūs as indicating the presence of a form of Durgā; (a celebrated Jvālā-mukhī exists in the hills north-east of the Panjāb to which pilgrimages are made; the soil abounds with carburetted hydrogen gas which takes fire upon coming in contact with the external air. According to the legend, the flame proceeds from the fire which the wife of Śiva created and in which she burned herself. Śiva finding that this flame was about to consume the world, buried it in the hollow of the mountain. According to another legend, the tongue of Pārvatī fell at this place. There is a similar volcanic region in Chinese Tartary where fire is produced by digging into the earth.) — *Jvālā-linga, am*, n. 'flame-linga,' N. of a temple of Śiva. — *Jvālā-vaktra, as*, m. 'flame-mouthed,' N. of an attendant of Śiva. — *Jvāleśvara* (°*la-īś*°), N. of a Tīrtha.

Jvālin, ī, inī, i, flaming, blazing; (*inī*), f. mystical name of the letter *v*.

झ

झ 1. *jha*, the ninth consonant of the Sanskṛit alphabet and the aspirate of the preceding letter. — *Jha-kāra, as*, m. the letter or sound *jh*.

झ 2. *jha, as, ā, am*, asleep, sleeping; lost, destroyed; (*as*), m. a peculiar sound; playing a tune, beating time; a sound like the splashing of water or the clashing of symbols, jingling, clanking, &c.; wind accompanied by rain; a stray, a thing lost or mislaid; a N. of a chief of the Daityas or demons; an epithet of Bṛihaspati, the preceptor of the gods; (*ā*), f. the descent of a cascade, a water-fall.

झगझगाय *jhagajhagāya*, nom. A. *jhagajhagāyate*, to sparkle, flash.

झङ्कार *jhaṅ-kāra, as*, m. or *jhaṅ-kārita, am*, n. (fr. the imitative word *jham*), a low murmuring sound, as the buzzing or humming of bees &c.

झञ्झन *jhañjhana, am*, n. (onomatopoetic), an indistinct noise like the jingling and clanking of metal ornaments, any ringing or rattling sound.

Jhañjhā, f. the noise of the wind or of falling rain; wind, wind and rain, a hurricane, a gale; a clang or sharp clanking sound, jingling; raining in large drops; a stray, anything lost. — *Jhañjhānila* (°*jhā-an*°), *as*, m. wind with rain, a high wind in the rainy season, a typhoon or the sort of tempest frequent during the south-west monsoon. — *Jhañjhā-vāta, as*, m. wind with rain, a storm, a squall.

झट् *jhaṭ*, cl. 1. P. *jhaṭati*, &c., to become matted together or entangled (as hair), to become confused or intermixed.

Jhaṭā, f. the plant Flacourtia Cataphracta.

Jhaṭi, is, m. a small tree, a shrub, a bush.

Jhāṭa, as, m. an arbour, bower, place overgrown with creepers; a wood, a thicket; cleaning sores or wounds; (*ā* or *ī*), f. jasmine, Jasminum Auriculatum.

Jhāṭala, as, m. the tree Bignonia Suaveolens.

Jhāṭikā or *jhāṭīkā*, f. = *jhāṭā* above.

झटिति *jhaṭiti*, ind. (fr. *jhaṭ*, an onomatopoetic word with *iti*; cf. *paṭiti*), quickly, speedily, instantly; at once; on the spot.

झणझण *jhaṇajhaṇa* or *jhaṇajhaṇā* (an onomatopoetic word), the jingling or tinkling of ornaments; [cf. *ċhanaċċhan* and *jhalajjhalā*.] — *Jhaṇajhaṇī-bhūta, as, ā, am*, rattling.

Jhaṇajhaṇāya, nom. A. *-yate*, &c., to jingle, tinkle.

Jhaṇajhaṇāyita, am, n. jingling, tinkling.

झणत्कार *jhaṇat-kāra* or *jhanat-kāra, as*, m. (fr. the imitative sound *jhaṇat* and *kāra*), the jingling, tinkling, or clinking of metallic ornaments.

झनज्झना *jhanajjhanā*, flapping noise.

झम् *jham*, cl. 1. P. *jhamati*, &c. = *ċham* and *jam*, to eat, consume.

झम्प *jhampa, as, ā*, m. f. a spring, a jump, jumping, springing, plunging. — *Jhampāśin* (°*pa-aś*°), *ī*, m. a kingfisher.

Jhampāka, as, m. or *jhampāru, us*, m. a monkey, an ape.

Jhampin, ī, m. 'a leaper,' an ape, a monkey.

झर *jhara, as, ā* or *ī*, m. f. a cascade, a water-fall; (*ī*), f. a river; [cf. *nir-jhara*.]

Jharat, an, antī, at, flowing or falling down; [cf. *kshar*.]

झर्च् *jharċ*, cl. 6. P. *jharćati*, or *jharćh*, cl. 6. P. *jharćhati*, or *jharjh*, cl. 6. P. *jharjhati*, to speak; to blame, menace; injure.

झर्झर *jharjhara, as, ī*, m. f. (said to be fr.