fourth of the seven skins or membranes with which an embryo is covered); (*as*), m. a kind of leprosy with large red spots; N. of a man [cf. *tāmrāyaṇa*]; N. of an island [cf. *tāmra-dvīpa*]; (*ā*), f., N. of several plants, viz. = *mañjishṭhā*, Rubia Munjista, = *rakta-guñjā*, Abrus Precatorius, = *saiṅhalī*; N. of a daughter of Daksha, one of the wives of Kaśyapa, and mother of various birds; N. of a river; (*am*), n. a dark or coppery red; copper; a kind of sandal, represented as of a dark-red colour and smelling like a lotus; Ved. form, figure; (*as*, *ī*, *am*), made of copper; (*ī*), f. a copper or metallic cup of prescribed capacity and perforated by a small hole at the bottom, (when placed in a vessel of water it answers the purpose of a clepsydra, and the water gradually filling it marks the time that has elapsed); [cf. Hib. *umha*, 'copper.'] — *Tāmra-kaṇṭaka*, *as* or *am*, m. or n. (?), a kind of Acacia. — *Tāmra-karṇī*, f., N. of the female of one of the elephants of the quarters called Añjana; also of the elephant Śesha. — *Tāmra-kāra*, *as*, m. a brazier, a copper-smith. — *Tāmra-kīṭi*, *is*, m. a small worm of a red colour; [cf. *tāmra-kṛimi*.] — *Tāmra-kuṭṭa*, *as*, *ī*, m. f. a brazier or copper-smith. — *Tāmra-kuṭṭaka*, *as*, m. = the last; tobacco(?). — *Tāmra-kuṇḍa*, *am*, n. a copper bason or other vessel; probably N. of a place. — *Tāmra-kūṭa*, *as*, *am*, m. n. a kind of plant, tobacco (?). — *Tāmra-kṛimi*, *is*, m. the lady-bird; cochineal. — *Tāmra-garbha*, *am*, n. blue vitriol or sulphate of copper. — *Tāmra-chakshus*, *us*, m. a kind of pigeon. — *Tāmra-chūḍa*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, red-crested; (*as*), m. a cock [cf. *tāmra-śikhin*]; a kind of plant (*kukkura-dru*); a particular position of the hand [cf. *tāmrachūḍaka*]; N. of a Pari-vrājaka; (*ā*), f., N. of one of the Mātṛis attending on Skanda. — *Tāmrachūḍaka*, *as*, m. (scil. *hasta*), a kind of theatrical gesticulation or motion of the hands. — *Tāmrachūḍa-bhairava*, *as*, m. a peculiar form of Bhairava. — *Tāmrachūḍādi-kathana* (°*ḍa-ād*°), *am*, n. 'explanation of the Tāmra-chūḍa gesticulation &c.,' N. of a section of the Mantra-mahodadhi by Mahī-dhara. — *Tāmrajāksha* (°*ja-ak*°), *as*, m., N. of a son of Kṛishṇa and Satya-bhāmā. — *Tāmra-tanu*, *us*, *us*, *u*, having a ruddy or fair complexion, copper-coloured. — *Tāmra-tuṇḍa*, *as*, m. a sort of monkey. — *Tāmra-trapuja*, brass. — *Tāmra-tva*, *am*, n. dark-red or copper colour, redness. — *Tāmra-dugdhā*, f. a species of plant, = *goraksha-dugdhā*. — *Tāmra-dru*, *us*, m. red sandal-wood. — *Tāmra-dvīpa*, *as*, m. the island Ceylon. — *Tāmra-dhātu*, *us*, m. red chalk. — *Tāmra-dhūmra*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, Ved. dark-red, coppery red. — *Tāmra-dhvaja*, *as*, m., N. of a man. — *Tāmra-netra*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, red-eyed. — *Tāmra-pakshā*, f., N. of a daughter of Kṛishṇa. — *Tāmra-pakshin*, *ī*, m., N. of a son of Kṛishṇa. — *Tāmra-paṭṭa*, *as*, m. a copper plate on which Hindū grants of land &c. are frequently inscribed; [cf. *tāmra-śāsana*.] — *Tāmra-pattra*, *am*, n. a copper plate; (*as*), m. a kind of pot-herb, = *jīva-śāka*. — *Tāmra-pattraka*, N. of the two plants Bauhinia Tomentosa and Capparis Aphylla. — *Tāmra-parṇa*, *am*, n., N. of a district renowned for a temple of Śiva, the ancient Taprobane; Ceylon; (*ī*), f. the plant Rubia Munjista (*mañjishṭhā*); a kind of pond or lake; N. of a river rising in Malaya and of the district in its vicinity, (the river is celebrated for its pearls); N. of a town in Ceylon, after which the whole island is by some called Tāmra-parṇī; [cf. *tāmra-dvīpa*.] — *Tāmraparṇīya*, *as*, m. (fr. the last), an inhabitant of Ceylon, especially a Buddhist. — *Tāmra-pallava*, *as*, m. the Aśoka tree. — *Tāmra-pākin*, *ī*, m. the tree Thespesia Populneoides and Hibiscus Populneoides. — *Tāmra-pātra*, *am*, n. a copper vessel. — *Tāmra-pādī*, f. a kind of plant related to the Mimosa Pudica, = *hansa-padī*. — *Tāmra-pushpa*, *am*, n. a copper-coloured or red flower; (*as*), m. the plant Bauhinia Variegata or a kind of ebony (*rakta-kāñchana*); another plant, Kæmpferia Rotunda (*bhūmi-champaka*); (*ī*), f., N. of several plants having red flowers, viz. Bignonia Suaveolens, Grislea Tomentosa, Ipomœa Turpethum (*tri-vṛit*); [cf. *tāmra-pushpikā*.] — *Tāmra-pushpaka*, *as*, m. Bauhinia Variegata or a kind of ebony; (*ikā*), f., N. of several plants, viz. = Bignonia Suaveolens, Grislea Tomentosa, also = Marāṭhī *rakta-niśottarā*. — *Tāmra-phala*, *as*, m. the tree Alangium Hexapetalum. — *Tāmra-phalaka*, *am*, n. a copper plate. — *Tāmra-maya*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, consisting of copper, coppery. — *Tāmra-māraṇa*, *am*, n. the decomposition of copper and its application as a remedy. — *Tāmra-mukha*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, copper-faced, fair-complexioned; (*as*), m. a European. — *Tāmra-mūlā* and *ī*, f., N. of several plants, Rubia Munjista, Alhagi Maurorum, Mimosa Pudica. — *Tāmra-mṛiga*, *as*, m. the red deer. — *Tāmra-rasāyanī*, f. a species of plant with a milky juice, = *tāmra-dugdhā*. — *Tāmra-lipta*, *ās*, m. pl., N. of a people near the western mouth of the Ganges; (*as*), m., N. of a Ṛishi; (*ā* or *ī*), f., N. of the capital of the Tāmra-liptas; [cf. *tāmraliptī*.] — *Tāmraliptaka*, *ās*, m. pl., N. of a people near the western mouth of the Ganges; (*ikā*), f., N. of the capital of this people, = *tāmra-liptā*. — *Tāmra-varṇa*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, copper-coloured, dark-red; (*as*), m. a kind of grass, = *pallivāha*; N. of one of the nine divisions of Bhārata-varsha; (*ā*), f. the China rose; (*ī*), f. the blossom of sesamum. — *Tāmra-varṇaka*, *as*, m. = *tāmra-varṇa*. — *Tāmra-vallī*, f. the plant Rubia Munjista; a medicinal plant used as an emollient in affections of the mouth and fauces: also called *tamālī*, *tālī*, *sūkshma-vallī*, &c. — *Tāmra-vija*, *as*, m. a kind of vetch, Dolichos Uniflorus (*kulattha*). — *Tāmra-vṛiksha*, *as*, m. the plant Dolichos Uniflorus; a red sort of sandal-wood. — *Tāmra-vṛinta*, *as*, m. the plant Dolichos Uniflorus; (*ā*), f. another kind of Dolichos. — *Tāmra-śāṭīya*, *ās*, m. pl. 'having red vestments,' N. of a Buddhist school. — *Tāmra-śāsana*, *am*, n. an edict or grant &c. inscribed on copper; [cf. *tāmra-paṭṭa*.] — *Tāmra-śikhin*, *ī*, m. 'having a red crest,' a cock; [cf. *tāmra-chūḍa*.] — *Tāmra-sāgara*, *as*, m., N. of an ocean. — *Tāmra-sāra*, *am*, n. a red kind of sandal, Pterospermum Santolinum. — *Tāmra-sāraka*, *as*, m. a sort of Khadira with red flowers; (*am*), n. red sandal-wood. — *Tāmra-sena*, *as*, m., N. of a king. — *Tāmrāksha* (°*ra-ak*°), *as*, *ī*, *am*, red-eyed; (*as*), m. a crow; the Indian cuckoo. — *Tāmrākhya* (°*ra-ākh*°), *as*, *ā*, *am*, N. of a kind of pearl, so called either because reddish in colour or because found in the river Tāmra-parṇī. — *Tāmrābha* (°*ra-ābh*°), *am*, n. red saunders. — *Tāmrārī* (°*ra-ari*), *is*, m. 'the copper-coloured enemy,' N. of a hostile people. — *Tāmrāruṇa* (°*ra-ar*°), *as*, m. a coppery red dawn; (*ā*), f., N. of a river; (*am*), n., N. of a Tīrtha. — *Tāmrārdha* (°*ra-ar*°), *am*, n. mixed or bell-metal. — *Tāmrā-vatī*, f., N. of a river. — *Tāmropajīvin* (°*ra-up*°), *ī*, m. a copper-smith. — *Tāmroshṭha* and *tāmraushṭha* (°*ra-osh*°), *au*, m. du. red lips; (*as*, *ā*, *am*), having red lips; (*as*), m., N. of a Yaksha.

Tāmraka, *am*, n. copper; (*ikā*), f. = *tāmrī*, the plant Abrus Precatorius, = *guñjā*.

Tāmrāyaṇa, *as*, m., N. of a pupil of Yājñavalkya; (also read *tāmrāyaṇi*.)

Tāmrika, *as*, *ī*, *am*, coppery, made of copper, &c.; (*as*), m. a brazier, a copper-smith; (for *tāmrikā* see *tāmraka*.)

Tāmriman, *ā*, m. redness, dark-red, copper colour, the colour of copper.

Tāmrī-kri, cl. 8. P. A. *-karoti*, *-kurute*, *-kartum*, to die red or a dark-red or coppery.

Tāmrya, *am*, n. a dark-red colour, redness.

तामाकु *tāmrāku*, *us*, m., N. of an Upadvīpa.

ताय् *tāy* [cf. rt. 3. *tan*, *trai*, *tay*], cl. 1. A. *tāyate*, *tatāye*, *tāyishyate*, *atāyi* and *atāyishṭa*, *tāyitum*, to spread, extend, proceed in a continuous stream or line; to cherish, protect.

Tāyana, *am*, n. proceeding or succeeding well; increase, growth.

ताय *tāya*, ? in Gaṇa to Pāṇ. VI. 1, 203.

तायादर *tāyādara*, ? Atharva-veda VI. 72, 2.

तायिक *tāyika*, *ās*, m. pl., N. of a country; the inhabitants of this country, = *tarjika*.

तायु *tāyu*, *us*, m. [cf. *stāyu*; Gr. τητάω], Ved. a thief.

तार *tāra*, *as*, *ā*, *am* (fr. rt. *tṛī*, or in the senses 'shining,' 'star,' &c., for *stāra* fr. rt. *stṛi*, to scatter rays of light, or according to others fr. rt. 2. *as*, cf. *astra*), all-pervading, all-conquering, a protector; an epithet of Rudra and Vishṇu; high (as a note in music), soprano; loud, shrill; a loud or shrill note, a high tone or note (in music); shining, radiant, radiating; clean, clear; good, excellent, well flavoured, &c.; (*as*), m. descent to a river, a bank [cf. *tīra* and *tīrtha*]; crossing, passing over, &c.; the cleamess or transparency of a pearl, a clear or beautiful pearl; the (saving) mystical syllable *om* (*praṇava*); a mystical monosyllable in the Tantras; N. of a Daitya slain by Vishṇu; N. of one of Rāma's monkey generals, who was a son of Bṛihas-pati, and whose wife is called Tārā; N. of Maṇi-rāma, a commentator on the Bhāminī-vilāsa; (*as*, *ā*, *am*), m. f. n. a star in general, a fixed star, asterism, &c. [cf. *tṛi* and *stṛi*]; (*ā*), f. a star, planet, a kind of meteor, perhaps a falling star; the pupil of the eye, (according to some also m. and n.); N. of one of the eight Siddhis in the Sāṅkhya phil.; a kind of perfume; N. of the wife of Bṛihas-pati who was carried off by Soma; of a form of Dākshāyaṇī worshipped on the mountain Kishkindha, protectress of the Gṛitsa-madas; of the wife of Buddha Amogha-siddha; of one of the Jaina Śaktis; of a female monkey in the Rāmāyaṇa, daughter of Su-sheṇa, wife of Bālin and mother of Aṅgada; N. of the wife of Tāra; (*am*), n. silver; (*as*, *am*), m. n. camphor; (*am*, *ā*), n. f. a pearl; [cf. Zend *stārĕ*; Gr. ἀστήρ, ἄστρον; Goth. *stairno*; Lat. *aster*, *astrum*, *stella* for *sterula*.] — *Tāra-ja*, *as* or *am*, m. or n. (?), a kind of mineral substance. — *Tāra-taṇḍula*, *as*, m. a kind of Sorghum (*dhavala-yāvanāla*). — *Tāra-tama*, *as-ā*, *am*, very loud. — *Tāra-tāra*, *am*, n., N. of one of the eight Siddhis in the Sāṅkhya phil.; [cf. *tāra* and *tārā*.] — *Tāra-nātha*, *as*, m. (for *tārā-n*°), N. of a renowned Tibetian who lived in the beginning of the seventeenth century and wrote a history of Buddhism. — *Tāra-nāda*, *as*, m. a loud or shrill sound or cry. — *Tāra-patana*, *am*, n. the falling of a meteor, a falling star. — *Tāra-pāla*, *as*, m., N. of a lexicographer. — *Tāra-pushpa*, *as*, m. jasmine. — *Tāra-mākshika*, *am*, n. a kind of mineral substance, = *tāra-ja*. — *Tāra-mūla* and *tāra-mūlaka*, *am*, n., N. of a place. — *Tāra-vimalā*, f. a sort of mineral said to be of the colour of silver. — *Tāra-śuddhikara*, *am*, n. ('what refines silver'), lead. — *Tāra-sāra*, *as*, m., N. of an Upanishad. — *Tāra-svara*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, having a loud or shrill sound. — *Tārā-karaṇḍa*, *am*, n., N. of a chapter in the Tantra-sāra by Kṛishṇānanda; see *kavaṇḍa*. — *Tārā-kāruṇya*, *am*, n. 'the compassion of Tārā,' N. of a chapter in the Rāmāyaṇa. — *Tārāksha* (°*rā-ak*°), *as*, *ī*, *am*, star-eyed, one whose eyes are stars; (*as*), m., N. of a Daitya, = *tārakāksha*, uncle of Dhūmrāksha and king of the Nishadhas. — *Tārā-graha*, 'star-planet,' i. e. one of the five lesser planets exclusive of the sun and moon. — *Tārā-chakra*, *am*, n., N. of a mystical circle. — *Tārā-chandra*, *as*, m., N. of a scholiast and of a king. — *Tārā-chchāya*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, reflecting the stars. — *Tārādhipa*, *as*, m. or *tārādhipati* (°*rā-adh*°), *is*, m. 'ruler of the stars,' the moon. — *Tārādhīśa* (°*rā-adh*°), *as*, m., N. of a prince. — *Tārā-pañjhaṭikā*, f., N. of a hymn written by Saṅkarāchārya. — *Tārā-pati*, *is*, m. 'lord of the stars,' the moon; a N. of Bṛihas-pati as husband of Tārā; N. of Śiva; of the monkey Bālin; of a prince. — *Tārā-patha*, *as*, m. the path of the stars, the atmosphere, the firmament, heaven or sky; N. of a country. — *Tārāpaharaṇa* (°*rā-ap*°),