darkness of fear. — *Dara-manthara, as, ā, am,* a little slow. — *Dara-mukulita, as, ā, am,* a little budded. — *Dara-vidalita, as, ā, am,* slightly burst or opened. — *Dara-vrīḍā,* f. slight shame. — *Dara-ślatha, as, ā, am,* a little loose. — *Darī-bhū, ūs,* f. a cavern, a hollow. — *Darī-bhṛit, t,* m. 'having caves,' a mountain. — *Darī-mukha, am,* n. a mouth like a cave; a cave like a mouth; the opening of a cave; (*as, ī, am*), having a mouth as large as a cave; (*as*), m., N. of a monkey. — *Darī-vat, ān, atī, at,* containing caves, cavernous, abounding in caves. — *Darendra* (°*ra-in*°), *as,* m. Vishṇu's conch.

Daraṇa, am, n. the act of cleaving, rending, splitting, tearing, breaking; breaking off, falling away.

Daraṇi, is, is, m. f. breaking; an eddy; a current; breakers, surf.

Daratha, as, m. a cavity, cave; running away, taking flight; spreading over the country for forage.

Darad, t, m., N. of a people; (*t*), f. the heart; a bank, mound; a mountain; a precipice; terror, fear.

Darada, ās, m. pl. a country bordering on Kaśmīr, the mountains about Kaśmīr and above Peshāwar; the inhabitants of this country; (*as*), m. the king or chief of the Daradas; (*as*), m. fear, terror; (*am*), n. red lead.

Dari, is, is, i, splitting, rending, opening [cf. *go-d*°]; (*is*), m., N. of a Nāga; (*is*), f. a cave. (For *darī* see under *dara.*)

Darita, as, ā, am, frightened, terrified, timid; torn, rent, divided.

Dartṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, or *dartnu, us, us, u,* Ved. a breaker, render, splitting, breaking, one who splits, breaks, or opens.

Dardara, as, ā, am, cracked, broken, burst, flawed, slightly broken; (*as*), m. a mountain ('containing caves'); N. of a mountain (also *dardura*); a kind of drum. — *Dardarāmra* (°*ra-ām*°), *as,* m. a sort of sauce or condiment (= *mīnāmṛiṇa*).

Dardarīka, as, m. a frog; a cloud; a kind of musical instrument; (*am*), n. any musical instrument; [cf. *darvarīka.*]

Dardura, as, m. (perhaps an onomatopoetic word), a frog [cf. *dārdura* and *dārdurika*]; a sort of musical instrument, a pipe or flute; the sound of a drum; a cloud; a sort of rice; a mountain; N. of a mountain in the south (sometimes associated with the mountain Malaya); N. of a man; of a gamester; (*ā* or *ī*), f. a N. of Durgā; (*am*), n. an assemblage of villages, a district, a province. — *Dardura-ćchadā,* f. or *dardura-parṇī,* f., N. of a plant, = *brāhmī.* — *Dardura-puṭa, as,* m. the mouth or extremity of a pipe.

Darduraka, as, m., N. of a gamester; [cf. *darodara* and *durodara.*]

Dardū, ūs, or *dardru, us,* or *dardrū, ūs,* m. (according to some fr. *daridrā*), = *dadru,* cutaneous and herpetic eruptions, especially a kind of leprosy. — *Dardru-ghna, as,* m. = *dadru-ghna,* the shrub Cassia Tora; Psoralea Corylifolia. — *Dardru-nāśinī,* f. a kind of insect, = *tailinī.* — *Dardru-rogin* or *dardrū-rogin, ī, iṇī, i,* afflicted with cutaneous eruptions, herpetic.

Dardruṇa or *dardrūṇa, as, ā, am,* having cutaneous eruptions, herpetic.

दरिद्रा *daridrā* (reduplicated form of rt. 1. *drā; according to some, an old Intens. form; perhaps connected with rt. dṛī*), cl. 2. P. *daridrāti* (*daridrivas, daridritas,* 3rd pl. *daridrati*), *daridrāñ-ćakāra* or *dadaridrau, daridrishyati, adaridrīt* and *adaridrāsīt, daridritum,* to be poor or needy, to be in distress.

Daridra, as, ā, am, poor, needy, indigent, distressed, a poor person, beggar; (Ved.) unsteady, roving, strolling. — *Daridra-tā,* f. or *daridra-tva, am,* n. poverty, indigence, penury. — *Daridra-nindā,* f., N. of the twenty-fifth chapter of the Śārṅgadhara-paddhati.

Daridrāṇa, am, n. the state of being poor, poverty.

Daridrāyaka, as, ā or *ikā, am,* poor, needy.

Daridrita, as, ā, am, impoverished, distressed.

Daridritṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, poor, distressed, needy.

दरोदर *darodara, as,* m. = *durodara,* a gamester [cf. *dardura* and *darduraka*]; a stake at play; (*am*), n. gambling, playing at dice; a die, dice.

दर्दर *dardara, dardarīka, dardura.* See last col.

दर्प *darpa, as,* m. (fr. rt. 3. *dṛip* or 2. *dṛip;* according to some, also *am,* n.), pride, arrogance, haughtiness, insolence, rashness, temerity; vanity, conceit; sullenness, sulkiness; Pride &c. personified as a son of Śrī, or of A-dharma and Śrī, or of Dharma and Lakshmī, or of Unnati; heat; musk; [cf. *ati-d*° and *sa-d*°.] — *Darpa-ćchid, t, t, t,* destroying pride, humbling. — *Darpa-da, as,* m., N. of Śiva. — *Darpa-dhmāta, as, ā, am,* puffed up or swelling with pride. — *Darpa-nārāyaṇa, as,* m., N. of a king. — *Darpa-pattraka, as,* m. a kind of grass; [cf. *darbha-pattra.*] — *Darpa-pūrṇa, as, ā, am,* full of pride. — *Darpa-sāra, as,* m., N. of a man. — *Darpa-ha* or *darpa-hara, as, ā, am,* pride-destroying, humbling, humiliating. — *Darpa-han, ā,* m., N. of Śiva. — *Darpārambha* (°*pa-ār*°), *as,* m. beginning of pride, incipient pride, conceit. — *Darpopaśānti* (°*pa-up*°), *is,* f. allaying pride, conciliating or subduing arrogance.

Darpaka, as, ā, am, making proud, inflaming, exciting, an inflamer; (*as*), m. a N. of Kāma-deva, god of love.

Darpaṇa, as, m. 'causing vanity or pride,' a looking-glass, mirror, (sometimes occurring at the end of comp. or titles of books, e. g. *karṇa-d*°, *jñāna-d*°, *sāhitya-d*°, q. v.); a N. of Śiva [cf. *darpa-da*]; N. of a mountain inhabited by Kuvera and of a river rising there; (*am*), n. the eye; kindling, inflaming.

Darpita, as, ā, am, made proud, arrogant; inflamed. — *Darpita-pura, am,* n., N. of a town.

Darpin, ī, iṇī, i, proud, arrogant, insolent.

दर्भ *darbha, as,* m. (fr. rt. 1. *dṛibh;* said to be fr. rt. *dṛī*), a bundle of grass, tuft or bunch of grass; N. of various kinds of grass used at sacrificial ceremonies, especially of the Kuśa grass, Poa Cynosuroides; Saccharum Spontaneum; Saccharum Cylindricum; (the first kind or Kuśa grass was held very sacred; it was used to strew the ground in preparing for a sacrifice, the officiating Brāhmans being purified by sitting on it; under the name Darbha it was even addressed as a deity; its various sanctifying qualities are described in Manu II. 43, III. 208, IV. 36, &c.; cf. *kuśa, kāśa, muñja, valva-ja, śara*); N. of a man; [cf. Old Germ. *zurba, zurft;* Mod. Germ. *torf;* Eng. *turf.*] — *Darbha-kusuma, as,* m. a kind of insect (= *darbha-pushpa*). — *Darbha-ćīra, am,* n. a dress of Kuśa grass. — *Darbha-taruṇaka, am,* n., Ved. a young shoot of Kuśa grass. — *Darbha-pattra, as,* m. a kind of grass, Saccharum Spontaneum (= *kāśa*). — *Darbha-puñjīla* = *darbha-piñjūla, am,* n., Ved. a bunch or bundle of Kuśa grass. — *Darbha-pushpa, as,* m. a kind of serpent; a kind of insect, 'similar to the Darbha flower;' [cf. *darbha-kusuma.*] — *Darbha-maya, as, ī, am,* made of Kuśa or Darbha grass. — *Darbha-mushṭi, is,* m. f. a handful of Kuśa grass. — *Darbha-saṃstara, as,* m. a bed of Darbha grass. — *Darbha-stamba, as,* m. a cluster or bunch of Kuśa grass. — *Darbhāhvaya* (°*bha-āh*°), *as,* m. a kind of grass; [cf. *muñja.*]

Darbhara, as, m. (?), a kind of bird, = *lāvā,* Perdix Chinensis.

Darbhi, is, m. or *darbhin, ī,* m., N. of a man.

दर्भट *darbhaṭa, am,* n. a private apartment or house, a retired room; [cf. *dārvaṭa.*]

Darvaṭa, as, m. a door-keeper, warder, village constable, police officer; [cf. *garvāṭa.*]

दर्भ *darma, as,* or *darman, ā,* m. (fr. rt. *dṛī*), Ved. a destroyer, demolisher; a tearer.

दर्यक *daryaka, as,* m., N. of a man.

दर्व *darva, as,* m. (said to be fr. rt. *dṛī*), a ladle, spoon (at the end of comp., e. g. *pūrṇa-d*°, q. v.); the hood of a snake [cf. *darvi* below]; a Rākshasa, an imp, goblin; a mischievous man, a rapacious animal, &c.; (*ās*), m. pl., N. of a people [cf. *dārva*]; (*ā*), f., N. of a wife of Uśīnara; (sometimes written *darbā;* cf. *dārvan.*)

Darvi or *darbi, is,* f. (in later Sanskṛit also *darvī* or *darbī,* f.; acc. in Ved. *darvyam* or *darvīm*), a ladle, spoon; the expanded hood of a snake; (*ī*), f., N. of a country. — *Darvi-homa* or *darvī-homa, as,* m. an oblation made with a ladle; [cf. *dārvi-haumika.*] — *Darvihomīn,* relating to the preceding oblation. — *Darvī-kara, as,* m. (scil. *sarpa*), a class of snakes with expanded hoods, of which twenty-six species are enumerated. — *Darvī-saṃkramaṇa, am,* n., N. of a Tīrtha.

Darvika or *darbika, as, ā,* m. f. a ladle, a spoon; (*ā*), f. a pot-herb; a kind of collyrium; [cf. *dārvikā.*]

दर्वट *darvaṭa.* See above.

दर्वरीक *darvarīka, as,* m. a kind of musical instrument; air, wind; an epithet of Indra; [cf. *dardarīka.*]

दर्वि *darvi* or *darvī.* See above.

दर्विदा *darvidā,* f., Ved. a species of bird, (according to Mahī-dhara) = *kāshṭha-kuṭṭa,* a sort of woodpecker; (perhaps corrupted fr. *dāru-vidha;* cf. *dārvāghāṭa.*)

दर्श *darśa, as, ā, am* (fr. rt. 1. *dṛiś*), looking at, viewing, seeing, perceiving, showing, having a view, (generally at the end of comp., see *avasāna-d*°, *ādinava-d*°, *ātma-d*°, *tattva-d*°); (*as*), m. sight, view, seeing, appearance, (generally at the end of comp., see *priya-d*°, *dur-d*°); the moon when only just becoming visible, the new moon; day of new moon; the festival of new moon; half monthly sacrifice (performed at the change of the moon by persons maintaining a perpetual fire); New Moon or Day of New Moon, personified as a son of Dhātṛi and Sinīvalī. — *Darśa-pa, as, ā, am,* drinking the new moon oblation. — *Darśa-pūrṇa-māsau,* m. du. new and full moon, the days and the ceremonies which precede all other ceremonies. — *Darśa-yāga, as,* m. a sacrifice or ceremony on the day of new moon. — *Darśa-yāminī,* f. the night of new moon on which it rises hardly visible. — *Darśa-vipad, t,* m. the moon ('as having the misfortune to be hardly visible when new').

Darśaka, as, ā or *ikā, am,* seeing, looking at, a spectator; examining, searching; who or what shows or displays or explains or makes clear; (*as*), m. a door-keeper, a warder; a shower, exhibiter, discoverer, one who points out; a skilful man, one conversant with any science or art; (*ās*), m. pl., N. of a people.

Darśata, as, ā, am, Ved. visible, striking the eye, beautiful; conspicuous; (*as*), m. the sun; the moon. — *Darśata-śrī, īs, īs, i,* Ved. of conspicuous beauty.

Darśana, as, ā, am, seeing, looking, (at the end of comp., e. g. *tulya-d*°, *deva-d*°, *dharma-d*°); showing, exhibiting, demonstrating, teaching; (*ī*), f. epithet of Durgā, 'as showing the way or leading;' (*am*), n. seeing, observing, looking; sight, vision, observation; inspection, examination; perception; the being or becoming visible; the act of showing [cf. *danta-d*°]; exhibition; appearance, aspect, semblance, colour; visiting, visiting a sacred shrine, worshipping in the presence of an image; going into the presence of (e. g. *darśanaṃ kṛi,* to visit, to go into any