am, n. 'the Tîrtha of the lord of Dîptika or Dîptikā (?),' N. of a Tîrtha mentioned in the Śiva-Purāṇa.

Dîpya, as, ā, am, to be kindled or inflamed, inflammable; to be stimulated; promotiog digestion, digestive; (*as*), m. the plants Celosia Cristata, Ptychotis Ajowan; cumin-seed; (*am*), n. white cumin-seed.

Dîpyaka, as, am, m. n. (?), N. of several plants, cumin, Ptychotis Ajowan, Celosia Cristata, Apium Involucratum; (*as*), m. a figure of rhetoric; [cf. *dîpaka*.]

Dîpyamāna, as, ā, am, shining, blazing, glowing, radiant.

Dîpra, as, ā, am, shining, brilliant, radiant, luminous, irradiating; (*as*), m. fire. — *Dîprāstradhara* (°*ra-as*°), *as, ā, am*, armed with shining weapons, well accoutred.

दीर्घ *dîrgha, as, ā, am* (fr. rt. *dṛih*, originally *dargh*; compar. *drāghîyas* or *dîrgha-tara*; superl. *drāghishṭha* or *dîrgha-tama*), long (as space or time), reaching far, lasting long; long (as the quantity of a vowel); lofty, high, tall; deep; (*as*), m. a long vowel; a camel; N. of several plants, = Saccharum Sara (= *śara*) or a similar kind of grass (= *utkaṭa*), = *rāma-śara*; Shorea Robusta (= *latā-śāla*); the fifth, sixth, seventh, and eighth sign of the zodiac; a mystical N. of the letter *a*; N. of a prince of Magadha; (*ā*), f. a long lake or oblong tank [cf. *dîrghikā*]; a plant related to the Hemionitis Cordifolia (= *dîrgha-pattrā*); a mystical N. of the letter *ṇ*; (*am*), n., N. of a Sāman; (*am*), ind. for a long time, long; far; deeply; [cf. Zend *darěgha*: Gr. δολιχός, ἐν-δελεχής: Russ. *dolog*, 'long;' *dolga* = *dîrghā*: Lith. *ilga-s, d* being dropped; *isz-drykens, isz-drykėlis*, 'grown long:' perhaps Lat. *longus*; Germ. *lang*.] — *Dîrgha-kaṇā*, f. white cumin. — *Dîrgha-kaṇṭaka* or *dîrgha-kaṇṭa, as*, m. 'long-thorned,' N. of a plant (= *varvûra*). — *Dîrgha-kaṇṭha, as*, m. 'long-necked,' N. of a Dānava; (variously read *dîrgha-bāhu*.) — *Dîrghakaṇṭhaka, as*, m. 'long-necked,' a sort of crane, the Vaka, Ardea Nivea. — *Dîrgha-kandaka, am*, n. 'having long bulbs,' a kind of radish (= *mūlaka*); (*ikā*), f. Curculigo Orchioides (= *mushalî*). — *Dîrgha-kandhara, as*, m. 'long-necked,' a sort of crane, Ardea Nivea. — *Dîrgha-karṇa, as*, m. 'long-ear,' N. of a cat. — *Dîrgha-kāṇḍa, as*, m. 'having long joints,' N. of a kind of grass, Scirpus Kysoor (= *kaśeru*); (*ā*), f. a parasitical plant (= *pātāla-garudî*). — *Dîrgha-kāya, as, ā, am*, having a long body, tall. — *Dîrgha-kāla, am*, n. a long time, a long period. — *Dîrghakālajîvin, î, inî, i*, long-lived. — *Dîrgha-kāshṭha, am*, n. a long piece of timber, a spar, a beam. — *Dîrghakîla, as*, m. or *dîrghakîlaka, as*, m. 'having a long stem,' the tree Alangium Hexapetalum (= *aṅkoṭa*). — *Dîrgha-kûraka, am*, n. 'long rice,' a kind of rice (= *râjânna*). — *Dîrgha-keśa, as, ā, am*, long-haired; (*as*), m. a bear; (*ās*), m. pl., N. of a people to the north-east of Madhya-deśa. — *Dîrgha-koshā* or *dîrgha-koshî* or *dîrgha-koshikā* or *dîrgha-koshikā*, f. a kind of muscle shell, a cockle. — *Dîrgha-gati, is*, m. 'making long journeys,' a camel. — *Dîrgha-gāmin, î, inî, i*, going far, flying far (as an arrow). — *Dîrgha-granthi, is*, m. 'having long knots or joints,' Scindapsus Officinalis (= *gajapippalî*). — *Dîrgha-grîva, as, ā, am*, long-necked; (*as*), m. a camel; a kind of curlew (= *nîla-krauñcha*); (*ās*), m. pl., N. of a people in the north-east of Madhya-deśa. — *Dîrgha-ghāṭika, as*, m. 'long-necked,' a camel. — *Dîrgha-cañcu, us*, m. 'long-beaked,' a kind of bird, = Marāṭhî *rukhaudā*; [cf. *dîrgha-śira*.] — *Dîrgha-caturaśra, as, ā, am*, shaped like an oblong square or parallelogram. — *Dîrgha-cchada, as, ā, am*, long-leaved; (*as*), m. the tree Tectona Grandis; sugar-cane. — *Dîrghajaṅgala, as*, m. a kind of fish (commonly *bhangāna*). — *Dîrgha-jaṅgha, as, ā, am*, long-legged, spindle-shanked; (*as*), m. a camel; a crane, Ardea Nivea; N. of a Yaksha. — *Dîrgha-jânuka, as*, m. 'long-kneed,' Ardea Sibirica. — *Dîrgha-jihva, as, ā, am*, long-tongued; (*as*), m. a snake; N. of a Dānava; (*ā*), f., N. of a Rākshasî; one of the Mātṛis attending on Skanda; (*î*), f., Ved., N. of an evil spirit. — *Dîrgha-jihvya, as, ā, am*, Ved. long-tongued. — *Dîrgha-jîva, as*, m. long life. — *Dîrghajîvi-lā*, f. longevity. — *Dîrgha-jîvin, î, inî, i*, long-lived, living long. — *Dîrgha-tanu, us, vî, u*, 'having a long body,' tall, long; (*vî*), f. 'long and narrow,' N. of a plant. — *Dîrgha-tantu, us, us, u*, Ved. forming a long thread or row. — *Dîrghatapaākhyāna, am*, n. 'the story of the long penance,' N. of a chapter of the Śiva-Purāṇa. — *Dîrghatapaḥsvarga-gamana, am*, n. 'going to heaven by long penance,' N. of a chapter of the Śiva-Purāṇa. — *Dîrgha-tapas, ās, ās, as*, performing long penances; (*ās*), m., N. of a son of Kāśya and grandfather or father of Dhanvantari; also of a Muni in Kāmpilya, epithet of the sage Gautama. — *Dîrgha-tama, as, ā, am*, the longest, farthest; (*am*), ind. for the longest time. — *Dîrgha-tamas, ās*, m., N. of a Ṛishi with the patronymic Aućathya and metronymic Māmateya, author of some hymns of the Ṛig-veda; (he was the father of Kakshîvat, and was born blind through a curse pronounced on him by Bṛihas-pati; in some Purāṇas he is described as the father of Dhanvantari, and has by Su-deshṇā, wife of Bali, five sons, viz. Aṅga, Baṅga, Kaliṅga, Puṇḍra, and Suhma); *dîrghatamaso 'rkaḥ* or *vratam*, N. of a Sāman; (*asas*), m. pl. the descendants of Dîrghatamas; [cf. *dîrgha-tapas* and *dairghatamasa*.] — *Dîrgha-tara, as, ā, am*, longer, farther. — *Dîrghataru, us*, m. 'the high tree,' the Tāl or palm tree. — *Dîrgha-tā*, f. or *dîrgha-tva, am*, n. length, longness. — *Dîrgha-timishā*, f. a kind of cucumber, Cucumis Utilissimus; [cf. *timisha*.] — *Dîrghatuṇḍā*, f. 'long-snouted,' the musk-rat. — *Dîrgha-tṛiṇa, as*, m. 'long grass,' a species of grass (= *pallivāha*). — *Dîrgha-daṇḍa, as*, m. 'having a long stem,' the palm tree; the castor-oil tree, Ricinus Communis; (*î*), f. a kind of small shrub (= *go-rakshî*). — *Dîrghadaṇḍaka, as*, m. = *dîrgha-daṇḍa*, Ricinus Communis. — *Dîrghadarśi-tā*, f. or *dîrghadarśi-tva, am*, n. the faculty of seeing far, long-sightedness, far-sightedness, providence. — *Dîrghadarśin, î, inî, i*, far-seeing, long-sighted, fore-casting, provident, sagacious, wise; (*î*), m. a bear; a vulture; N. of a monkey; [cf. *dûra-darśin*.] — *Dîrghadarśi-vas, vān*, m. a far-seeing man, one who is long-sighted. — *Dîrgha-dṛishṭi, is, is, i*, far-seeing, far-sighted, provident, shrewd, deep; (*is*), m. a sagacious or penetrating man. — *Dîrgha-dru, us*, m. 'the high tree,' the palm tree. — *Dîrghadruma, as*, m. 'lofty-tree,' Bombax Heptaphyllum (= *śâlmali*). — *Dîrgha-dveshin, î, iṇî, i*, cherishing long hatred or an old grudge, implacable. — *Dîrgha-nakha, as, ā, am*, having long nails; (*as*), m., N. of a man; (*î*), f., N. of the tree Diospyros Embryopteris. — *Dîrgha-nāda, as, ā, am*, 'long-sounding,' sounding or crying to a long distance, making a long-continued noise; (*as*), m. a dog; a cock; a conch-shell. — *Dîrgha-nāla, as*, m. 'having a long stalk,' N. of several kinds of grass, = *vṛitta-guṇḍa* and *yâvanāla*; (*am*), n. = *dîrgharohishaka*. — *Dîrgha-nidrā*, f. long sleep; death. — *Dîrgha-niśvasya*, ind. sighing or having sighed deeply, having fetched a long drawn breath. — *Dîrgha-niśvāsa, as*, m. a long or deep drawn breath, a sigh. — *Dîrgha-nîtha, as*, m., N. of a man. — *Dîrgha-paksha, as*, m. 'long-winged,' the fork-tailed shrike. — *Dîrgha-paṭolikā*, f. a kind of cucurbitaceous plant ('having a long fruit'). — *Dîrghapattra, as, ā* or *î, am*, long-leaved; (*as*), m. a kind of sugar-cane; the palm tree, = *râja-palāṇḍu*, = *vishṇu-kanda*, = *hari-darbha*, = *kundara*, = *kupîlu*; (*ā*), f. a kind of plant related to the Hemionitis Cordifolia, = *hrasva-jambu*, = *gandha-pattrā*; Pandanus Odoratissimus, = *ḍoḍî*; (*î*), f. = *palāśî*, = *mahā-cañcu*. — *Dîrghapattraka, as*, m., N. of several plants, = a kind of sugar-cane, a kind of garlic (= *rakta-lasuna*); Ricinus Communis, Barringtonia Acutangula (= *hijjala*); a kind of reed (= *vetasa*), = *karîra*, Capparis Aphylla, = *jalaja-madhûka*; (*ikā*), f. Desmodium Gangeticum (= *śâla-parṇî*); Aloe Indica (= *ghṛita-kumārî*), = *palāśî*. — *Dîrgha-pad* or *dîrgha-pād, -pāt, -padî, -pat*, long-footed, long-legged; (*t*), m. a heron. — *Dîrgha-parṇa, as, ā* or *î, am*, long-leaved; (*î*), f. a species of plant related to the Hemionitis Cordifolia. — *Dîrgha-parvan, ā*, m. 'having long knots or joints,' sugar-cane. — *Dîrgha-pallava, as, ā* or *î, am*, having long shoots or tendrils; (*as*), m. Crotolaria Juncea (= *śaṇa*). — *Dîrgha-pavana, as, ā, am*, long-winded; (*as*), m. an elephant; [cf. *dîrgha-māruta*.] — *Dîrgha-pāṭha, as*, m. 'the long reading,' a peculiar manner of reading or writing the Vâjasaneyi-saṃhitā in which the letters are often doubled. — *Dîrgha-pāda, as, ā, am*, long-footed, long-legged; (*as*), m. a heron; [cf. *dîrgha-pad*.] — *Dîrgha-pādapa, as*, m. 'the lofty tree,' the cocoa-nut tree; the areca-nut tree. — *Dîrgha-pṛishṭha, as, ā, am*, long-backed; (*as*), m. a snake. — *Dîrgha-prajña, as, ā, am*, having a far-seeing mind; (*as*), m., N. of a king. — *Dîrghaprayajyu, us, us, u*, Ved. persevering in offerings and sacrifices; (*ū*), m. du. epithet of Vishṇu-Varuṇa as receiving constant offerings. — *Dîrgha-prayatna, as*, m. persevering effort. — *Dîrgha-prasadman, ā, ā, a*, Ved. inhabiting an extensive district; (Sāy.) having extensive sacrificial halls, epithet of the earth. — *Dîrgha-phala, as, ā, am*, having long fruit; (*as*), m., N. of several plants, Cathartocarpus (Cassia) Fistula; Butea Frondosa; Asclepias Gigantea; (*ā*), f. = *jatukā*, a vine with reddish grapes, = *meshaśṛingî*, a kind of cucumber. — *Dîrghaphalaka, as*, m., N. of a plant, = *agastya*. — *Dîrgha-bālā*, f. 'long-tailed,' the bos grunniens; [cf. *camara* and *cāmara*.] — *Dîrgha-bāhu, us, us, u*, long-armed; (*us*), m., N. of one of the attendants on Śiva; of a Dānava, (also read *dîrgha-kaṇṭha*); of a son of Dhṛita-rāshṭra; of a son of Dilîpa and father of Raghu; of a grandson of Dilîpa. — *Dîrgha-bāhugarvita, as, ā, am*, proud of having long arms; (*as*), m., N. of a demon. — *Dîrgha-bhuja, as, ā, am*, long-armed; (*as*), m., N. of one of the attendants on Śiva. — *Dîrgha-māruta, as, î, am*, long-winded; (*as*), m. an elephant; [cf. *dîrgha-pavana*.] — *Dîrgha-mukha, as, î, am*, long-mouthed, long-beaked, long-faced; (*as*), m., N. of a Yaksha (?); (*î*), f. the musk-rat. — *Dîrgha-mûla, am*, n. 'long-root,' the root of Andropogon Muricatus; (*as, ā, am*), having long roots; (*as*), m., N. of several plants, = *moraṭa*, a kind of Vilva tree; (*ā*), f. Desmodium Gangeticum; Ichnocarpus Frutescens; (*î*), f. Alhagi Maurorum; Leea Hirta; Solanum Indicum. — *Dîrghamûlaka, am*, n. a kind of radish; (*ikā*), f. Desmodium Gangeticum. — *Dîrgha-yajña, as, ā, am*, performing a long sacrifice; (*as*), m., N. of a king of Ayodhyā. — *Dîrgha-yaśas, ās, ās, as*, Ved. renowned far and wide; having abundant food. — *Dîrgha-yātha, as*, m. (?), Ved. a long course or journey; (*as, ā, am*), having a long course. — *Dîrgha-yāma, as, ā, am*, having long watches (as the night). — *Dîrgha-rangā*, f. 'having a lasting colour,' turmeric. — *Dîrgha-rata, as*, m. 'long in copulation,' a dog; [cf. *dîrgha-surata*.] — *Dîrgha-rada, as*, m. 'long-tusked,' a hog. — *Dîrgha-rasana, as*, m. 'long-tongued,' a serpent. — *Dîrgha-rāgā*, f. = *dîrgha-rangā*. — *Dîrgha-rātram*, ind. (*rātra* for *rātri*, see Gram. 778), for a long night, for a long time or period. — *Dîrgha-rāva, as, î, am*, making a long-continued noise, yelling, howling, = *dîrgha-nāda*; (*as*), m., N. of a jackal. — *Dîrgha-rûpa, as, ā, am*, having a long form, having the form of a long vowel. — *Dîrgha-rogin, î, inî, i*, long ill, long sick. — *Dîrgha-roma, as*, m., N. of a son of Dhṛita-rāshṭra. — *Dîrgha-roman, ā, ā, a*, long-haired; (*ā*), m. a bear; N. of one of the attendants on Śiva. — *Dîrgha-rohishaka, am*, n. a kind of fragrant grass. — *Dîrgha-locana, as, ā, am*, long-eyed; (*as*), m., N. of a son of Dhṛita-rāshṭra. — *Dîrgha-lohita-yashṭikā*, f. 'having a long red stem,' red sugar-cane.