द्यो *dyo.* See p. 438, col. 2.

द्योत *dyota, dyotita,* &c. See p. 438, cols. 2, 3.

द्यौष्पितृ *dyaush-pitṛi.* See 3. *div,* p. 413.

द्रकट *drakaṭa* or *dragaḍa, as,* m. a kettle-drum with which sleepers are awakened.

द्रङ्क्षण *drankshaṇa, am,* n. a measure or weight, = *tolaka.*

द्रङ्ग *dranga, as, ā,* m. f. a town, city; [cf. *udranga* and *tranga.*]

द्रढय *draḍhaya* (fr. *dṛiḍha*), Nom. P. *draḍhayati, -yitum,* to make firm, fasten, tighten; confirm, corroborate, affirm, assert; [cf. *dṛiḍhaya.*]

Draḍhika, as, m., N. of a man.

Draḍhiman, ā, m. firmness, hardness; heaviness; affirmation, assertion.

Draḍhishṭha, as, ā, am, (superl.) very hard, hardest, firmest, tightest.

Draḍhīyas, ān, asī, as, (compar.) harder, firmer, hardest.

द्रधस् *dradhas, as,* n., Ved. a garment (?).

द्रप्स *drapsa, as, ā, am* (fr. rt. 2. *dru* or rt. 2. *drā?*), dripping, falling in drops, flowing as liquid; (*as*), m. (according to some only used as a subst.), a drop (as of Soma &c.); a drop of fire, i. e. a spark, (the moon is considered in the Veda as a bright drop; cf. *indu*); diluted sour milk, thin coagulated milk, diluted curds; [cf. *trapsya*; Angl. Sax. *dropa;* Old Germ. *trofo, trauf, traufi.*] — *Drapsa-vat, ān, atī, at,* Ved. sprinkled with drops, besprinkled.

Drapsin, ī, inī, i, Ved. dripping, falling in drops, flowing thickly; distilling; gushing (as rain &c.).

Drapsya, am, n. thin coagulated milk, diluted sour milk, diluted curds.

द्रबुद्ध *drabuddha, as* or *am,* m. or n. (?), a particular high number.

द्रम् *dram,* cl. 1. P. *dramati, dadrāma, dramishyati, dramitum,* to run, go, move, run about: Caus. *dramayati, -yitum:* Desid. *didramishati:* Intens. *dandramyate* or *dandranti,* to run to and fro; [cf. rt. 2. *dru;* Gr. *δρέμ-ω, ἔ-δραμ-ο-ν, δέ-δρομ-α, δρόμος.*]

द्रमिट *dramiṭa* or *dramita, as,* m., N. of a serpent-king.

द्रमिल *dramila, as,* m., N. of a country; of a lexicographer [cf. *drimila*]; (*ās*), m. pl., N. of a school.

द्रम्म *dramma* (fr. Gr. *δραχμή*), a drachma.

द्रव *drava, as, ā, am* (fr. rt. 2. *dru*), running (as a horse); flowing, fluid; dropping, dripping, distilling, oozing; liquid; fused, liquefied, melted; (*as*), m. going, motion, quick motion, walking about; flight, retreat; play, sport, amusement; the act of dropping, distilling, trickling, exudation; fusion, fluid condition of a substance, liquefaction, fluidity; a liquid substance; juice, essence; decoction. — *Drava-ja, as,* m. a treacle. — *Drava-tā,* f. or *drava-tva,* or *dravatvaka, am,* n. fluidity, fusibility, fusion, natural or artificial fluid condition of a substance, wetness, distillation; ductility. — *Drava-dravya, am,* n. a fluid substance. — *Drava-rasā,* f. 'having fluid essence,' lac; gum; extract. — *Dravādhāra* (°*va-ādh*°), *as,* m. 'fluid-holder,' a small vessel or receiver. — *Dravī-karaṇa, am,* n. liquefying, melting. — *Dravī-kṛi,* cl. 8. P. *-karoti, -kartum,* to liquefy, dissolve, melt. — *Dravī-kṛita, as, ā, am,* liquefied, melted. — *Dravī-bhū,* cl. 1. P. *-bhavati, -bhavitum,* to become fluid. — *Dravī-bhūta, as, ā, am,* become fluid, liquefied, melted, fused. — *Dravetara* (°*va-it*°), *as, ā, am,* other than fluid, hard, solid, congealed. — *Dravottara* (°*va-ut*°), *as, ā, am,* chiefly fluid, very fluid.

Dravaka, as, ā, am, running.

Dravaṇa, as, ā, am, running, going; flowing, dropping, exuding; heat.

Dravat, an, antī, at, running, flowing, going; trickling, oozing; (*antī*), f. a river in general; the plant Anthericum Tuberosum; (*at*), ind. quickly, speedily. — *Dravać-cakra, as, ā, am* (for *dravat-cakra*), having rapid wheels. — *Dravat-pattrī,* f. a kind of plant (= *śimṛiḍī*). — *Dravat-pāṇi, ayas,* m. pl., Ved. 'swift of foot,' epithet of the horses of the Aśvins; (*ī*), m. du. 'possessed of quick-footed horses,' (Sāy.) 'having nimble hands (to seize the oblation),' epithet of the Aśvins. — *Dravad-aśva, as, ā, am,* Ved. drawn by swift horses (as a carriage).

Dravatya, Nom. P. *dravatyati,* &c., to become fluid.

Dravamāṇa, as, ā, am, flowing, fluid, melted.

Dravara, as, ā, am, Ved. running quickly.

Dravasya (fr. an unused *dravas*), Nom. P. *dravasyati, -yitum,* to harass one's self, take great pains; to attend upon or serve any person.

Dravi, is, m., Ved. a smelter, one who melts metal.

Draviṇa, am, n. (thought by some to be connected with 4. *dru*), any valuable possession, property, substance, goods, wealth, gold, money; thing, matter, material; that of which anything consists; substantiality; strength, power; N. of a Sāman; (*as*), m., N. of a son of Vasu Dhara (or Dhava); of a son of Pṛithu; of a mountain; (*ās*), m. pl. wealth (in Bhāg.-Purāṇa V. 14, 12); the inhabitants of a Varsha in Krauñća-dvīpa. — *Draviṇa-nāśana, as,* m. 'destroying vigour,' the plant Hyperanthera Moringa (= *śobhāñjana*). — *Draviṇa-vat, ān, atī, at,* possessing goods or property, rich; strong, powerful. — *Draviṇādhipati* (°*ṇa-adh*°), *is,* m. or *draviṇeśvara* (°*ṇa-īś*°), *as,* m. 'lord of wealth,' an epithet of Kuvera.

Draviṇaka, as, m., N. of a son of Vasu Agni; [cf. *draviṇa.*]

Draviṇas, as, n., Ved. property, possession, goods, substance; (*ās*), m., N. of a son of Pṛithu; (according to Sāy. on Ṛig-veda III. 7, 10, *draviṇas* is for *draviṇa,* and means 'moving, ever moving,' as applied to Agni.) — *Draviṇas-vat, ān, atī, at,* Ved. possessed of goods or wealth, procuring wealth. — *Draviṇo-da, as, ā, am,* or *draviṇo-dā, ās, ās, am,* or *draviṇo-das,* granting wealth or any desired good; (*as* or *ās*), m. an epithet of Agni; of Tvashṭṛi. — *Draviṇo-vid, t, t, t,* Ved. = *draviṇo-da.*

Draviṇasyu, us, us, u, Ved. desiring goods or wealth; (Sāy.) desiring sacrificial offerings; (*us*), m. an epithet of Agni.

Dravitṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, Ved. a runner, running.

Dravitnu, us, us, u, Ved. running, making haste.

1. *dravya, am,* n. (thought by some to be connected with 4. *dru*), a substance, thing, object; the ingredients or materials of anything; medicinal substance or drug; the receptacle or substratum of properties &c., elementary substance (nine kinds of which are reckoned in the Nyāya philosophy, viz. *pṛithivī,* earth; *ap,* water; *tejas,* fire; *vāyu,* air; *ākāśa,* ether; *kāla,* time; *diś,* space; *ātman,* soul; and *manas,* mind: the Jainas recognize only six, viz. *jīva, dharma, a-dharma, pudgala, kāla,* and *ākāśa*); an object possessed, a possession, wealth, property, goods, wares, chattels, money; a fit object; (according to lexicographers *dravya* may also mean) bell-metal, brass; ointment; anointing, plastering; spirituous liquor; modesty, propriety; a stake, wager. — *Dravya-guṇa, as,* m. a class of similar substances (in medicine &c.). — *Dravya-guṇa, as,* m. 'the quality of medicinal substances,' N. of a chapter of the Purāṇa-sarva-sva by Halāyudha. — *Dravya-tas,* ind. in substance, according to substance, &c. — *Dravya-tva, am,* n. substantiality, substance. — *Dravyadvaita, am,* n. duality of substance, instrumental cause (?). — *Dravya-niśćaya, as,* m. 'enquiry into the (elementary) substances,' N. of a chapter of Bhaṭṭotpala's commentary to Varāha-mihira's Bṛihat-saṃhitā. — *Dravya-parigraha, as,* m. the possession of property or wealth. — *Dravya-pūjā,* f. 'adoration of substance,' N. of a chapter of the Purāṇa-sarva-sva. — *Dravya-prakarsha, as,* m. the excellence of a matter. — *Dravya-prakṛiti, is,* f. the nature of a matter. — *Dravya-prayojana, am,* n. use or employment of any article. — *Dravya-maya, as, ī, am,* material, substantial; having or holding any substance; consisting of wealth. — *Dravya-yajña, as,* m. offering oblations, material sacrifice, &c. — *Dravya-vat, ān, atī, at,* having property, possessed of substance, rich, wealthy; inherent in the substance. — *Dravya-vardhana, as,* m. 'wealth-increaser,' N. of an author of a work on augury. — *Dravya-vāćaka,* a substantive. — *Dravya-vriddhi, is,* f. increase of wealth. — *Dravya-śuddhi, is,* f. cleansing of soiled or defiled articles, purification of inanimate objects; N. of a work. — *Dravyaśuddhi-dīpikā,* f., N. of a commentary on the Dravya-śuddhi by Purushottama. — *Dravya-saṃskāra, as,* m. consecration of articles for sacrifice, purification or cleansing of soiled or defiled articles. — *Dravya-sañćaya, as,* m. accumulation of property, a store of worldly goods. — *Dravya-sāra-saṅgraha, as,* m. 'collection of the essence of substances,' N. of a philosophical work. — *Dravya-siddhi, is,* f. acquirement of property or wealth; effecting an object by means of wealth. — *Dravya-hasta, as, ā, am,* holding anything in the hand. — *Dravyātmaka* (°*ya-āt*°), *as, ā, am,* substantial, containing a substance. — *Dravyātma-kāryasiddhi, is,* f. effecting one's object by means of wealth. — *Dravyāntara* (°*ya-an*°), *am,* n. another thing. — *Dravyārjana* (°*ya-ar*°), *am,* n. acquiring property, gain or acquisition of wealth. — *Dravyaugha* (°*ya-ogha*), *as,* m. a stream of wealth, abundance of property.

Dravyaka, as, m. = *dravya-vāhaka,* a carrier or taker of anything.

द्रविड *draviḍa, as,* m., N. of a people and district on the east coast of the Dekhan, (the people are regarded as degraded Kshatriyas; the name is said to be derived from Draviḍa son of Vṛishabha-svāmin); (*ī*), f., N. of a Rāgiṇī.

द्रव्य 2. *dravya, as, ā, am* (fr. 4. *dru*), derived from or relating to a tree; (*am*), n. lac, the animal dye; extract, gum, resin. (For 1. *dravya* see col. 2.)

द्रष्टव्य *drashṭavya, as, ā, am* (fr. rt. 1. *dṛiś*), to be seen, visible, apparent; to be perceived or recognized, perceptible; to be understood; to be examined or investigated; to be regarded or considered as.

Drashṭu-kāma, as, ā, am (*drashṭu* for *drashṭum,* inf. of rt. 1. *dṛiś*), wishing to see, desirous of seeing.

Drashṭu-manas, ās, ās, as, having a mind to see, wishing to see.

Drashṭu-śakya, as, ā, am, able to be seen.

Drashṭṛi, ṭā, ṭrī, ṭṛi, a seer, spectator; one who examines or investigates or decides in a court of law, a judge; appearing, any person or thing that appears. — *Drashṭṛi-tva, am,* n. the faculty of seeing.

द्रह *draha, as,* m. a deep lake.

द्रह्यत् *drahyat* (fr. rt. *dṛih*), ind., Ved. firmly, strongly.

द्रा 1. *drā* or *drai,* q. v., cl. 4. 2. P. *drāyati, drāti,* &c., to sleep.

द्रा 2. *drā* (connected with rts. 2. *dru* and *dram*), cl. 2. P. *drāti, dadrau, drāsyati, drātum,* to run, make haste; run away, fly; to be ashamed or spoiled: Caus. P. *drāpayati, -yitum, adidrapat,* to cause to run: Intens. *dādrāyate, dādrāti, dādreti;* Old Intens. *daridrāti,* see *daridrā;* [cf. rt. 2. *dru,* rt. *dram:* Gr. *ἀπο-δρᾶ-ναι, δι-δρά-σκ-ω, δρα-σ-μό-ς, ἄ-δρα-σ-το-ς; δρᾱ-π-έτη-ς* fr. Caus. *drā-p-aya-ti.*]

Drāk, ind. (fr. rt. 2. *drā* + *añć*), quickly, speedily, instantly, immediately, shortly, soon. — *Drāg-bhṛitaka, am,* n. water just drawn from the well.

Drāṇa, as, ā, am, flown, run away.

द्राक्षा *drākshā,* f. a vine, grape; (*as, ī,*