धत्तूर *dhattūra, as,* m. or *dhattūraka, as, ā,* m. f. the white thorn-apple, Datura Alba; [cf. *dhustūra.*]

धन् 1. *dhan,* cl. 1. P. *dhanati,* &c., to sound; [cf. rt. 2. *dhvan* and *dhaṇ.*]

धन् 2. *dhan* (related to rt. *dhanv*), cl. 3. P. *dadhanti,* &c., Ved. to cause to move or run, to put in motion; to bear fruit, produce crops of grain, &c.: Caus. P. A. *dhanayati, -te, -yitum,* to cause to move or run, to put in motion; to move, run.

Dhana, am, n. (connected with 2. *dhan,* but said to be fr. rt. 1. *dhā*), the reward given to a victor in a combat, spoil taken from an enemy, booty, prey; a gift; the prize or thing won in a game, (*dhanam bhṛi,* to carry off the prize, to carry off booty); a contest or struggle for any prize, a match; anything valuable; property of any description, wealth, treasure, riches, money, gold, chattels, wealth in cattle or herds, abounding in anything, possessions in general [cf. *strī-dh°, dhānya-dh°, vidyā-dh°*]; a valued object, an object of affection or endearment, capital (opposed to *vriddhi,* interest); surplus, residue, the affirmative quantity or plus (in arithmetic, opposed to *ṛiṇa, kshaya, vyaya, hāni*); (in astrology) N. of the second mansion; [cf. probably Gr. *εὐ-θενής.*] — *Dhana-kāma* or *dhana-kāmya, as, ā, am,* desirous of money, avaricious, covetous. — *Dhana-keli, is, is, i,* sporting with riches or treasures; (*as*), m. an epithet of Kuvera. — *Dhana-krītī* (according to some also *dhana-krītā*), f. a woman bought with money. — *Dhana-kshaya, as,* m. loss of money or property; 'one who has lost his money,' N. of a man. — *Dhana-garva, as,* m. 'one who has pride in riches, purse-proud,' N. of a man. — *Dhana-garvita, as, ā, am,* proud of riches, purse-proud. — *Dhana-gupta, as, ā, am* (for *gupta-dhana*), one who guards his property carefully; (*as*), m., N. of a merchant's son. — *Dhanagupta-tā,* f. careful guarding of property. — *Dhana-ćūḍhū, ūs,* m. the numidian crane (said to = *kareṭavyā,* but the name suggests an analogy to the Dhaneśa of the spoken dialects or the Indian Buceros). — *Dhana-ćyuta, as, ā, am,* fallen from affluence, reduced to poverty, poor. — *Dhana-jāta, as, ā, am,* arising from wealth, produced by wealth; (*ānī*), n. pl. all kinds of valuable objects or possessions. — *Dhana-jit, t, t, t,* Ved. conquering booty, victorious in a fight; acquiring treasures; (*t*), m., N. of an Ekāha. — *Dhanañjaya, as, ā, am,* Ved. conquering booty, victorious in battle; wealth-acquiring; (*as*), m. an epithet of Soma; a N. of fire; a particular vital air which is supposed to nourish the body; the plant Plumbago Zeylanica; N. of a Brāhman; an epithet of Arjuna, third son of Pāṇḍu; the plant Terminalia Arjuna; N. of a serpent-demon; of a Vyāsa; of a king of Kaliṅga; of a king of Kausthala-pura; of a merchant; of a lexicographer; of the author of the Dharma-pradīpa; (*ās*), m. pl. the descendants of the Brāhman Dhanañ-jaya. — *Dhanañjaya-nighaṇṭu, us,* m. 'the vocabulary of Dhanañ-jaya,' N. of a dictionary mentioned in the commentary Prauḍha-manoramā by Bhaṭṭojī-dīkshita. — *Dhanañjaya-vijaya, as,* m. 'the victory of Dhanañ-jaya (or Arjuna),' N. of a drama. — *Dhanañjaya-saṅgraha, as,* m., N. of a work mentioned in the Saṃskāra-tattva by Raghunandana. — *Dhana-tama, am,* n., scil. *dāyam,* an exceedingly rich donation. — *Dhana-tṛishṇā,* f. thirst for riches, covetousness. — *Dhana-tyaj, k, k, k,* resigning wealth. — *Dhana-da, as, ā, am,* giving money or property, granting wealth, munificent, wealth-yielding, liberal, tributary; (*as*), m. an epithet of Kuvera, god of riches; N. of a Guhyaka or a being attending on Kuvera; N. of a mountain; the plant Barringtonia Acutangula (= *hijjala*); (*ā*), f., N. of one of the Mātṛis attending on Skanda; of a Tantra deity; [cf. *dhana-dā.*] — *Dhana-daṇḍa, as,* m. fine, amercement. — *Dhanada-tīrtha, am,* n., N. of a Tīrtha mentioned in the Revā-māhātmya. — *Dhana-datta, as,* m. 'wealth-given,' N. of several persons. — *Dhanada-deva, as,* m. = *dhana-deva,* N. of a poet. — *Dhana-darpa, as,* m. pride of wealth. — *Dhanada-stotra, am,* n. 'praise of the liberal,' N. of a small work. — *Dhana-dā, ās, ās, am,* Ved. giving rewards, granting spoil; granting riches or treasures; [cf. *dhana-da.*] — *Dhanadākshī* (*°da-akshi*), f. a kind of tree, = *kuverākshī, latā-karaṇja.* — *Dhanadānuja* (*°da-an°*), *as,* m. the younger brother of Kuvera, an epithet of Rāvaṇa. — *Dhanadā-pūjā-yantra, am,* n., N. of a mystical diagram given in the Tantra-sāra. — *Dhanadā-mantra, ās,* m. pl., N. of a particular prayer mentioned in the Tantra-sāra. — *Dhana-dāyin, i, inī, i,* granting treasures; (*ī*), m. an epithet of Agni. — *Dhanadāvāsa* (*°da-āv°*), *as,* m. the residence of Kuvera, epithet of the mountain Kailāsa. — *Dhana-deva, as,* m., N. of a man, = *dhanada-deva,* N. of a poet. — *Dhanadeśvara* (*°da-īś°*), *as,* m. 'lord of wealth-givers,' an epithet of Kuvera. — *Dhanadeśvara-tīrtha, am,* n., N. of a place of pilgrimage. — *Dhana-dhānī,* f. a receptacle for valuable articles, a treasury, storehouse. — *Dhana-dhānya, am,* n., N. of a spell for restraining certain magical weapons. — *Dhanadhānyādhika* (*°ya-adh°*), *as, ā, am,* rich in money and grain. — *Dhanan-dadā,* f. 'granting treasures,' one of the Śaktis or female personifications of divine power peculiar to the Buddhas. — *Dhana-pati, is,* m. 'the lord of riches or treasures,' epithet of Indra, and especially of Kuvera. — *Dhana-pāla, as,* m., Ved. a guardian of treasure, a treasurer; N. of a merchant; of a poet; of a lexicographer. — *Dhana-piśāćikā* or *dhana-piśāćī,* f. avarice, thirst for wealth. — *Dhana-priya, as, ā, am,* fond of wealth; (*ā*), f. the plant Ardisia Solanacea (= *kāka-jambū*). — *Dhana-bhaksha, as,* m., Ved. enjoying a reward, enjoyment of booty or wealth; (Sāy.) desirous of distributing wealth or possessing wealth (in cattle &c.). — *Dhana-mada, as, ā, am,* proud, inflated with the pride of wealth, purse-proud; (*as*), m. pride or intoxication of wealth. — *Dhana-mitra, as,* m. 'having wealth as a friend,' N. of a merchant. — *Dhana-mūla, am,* n. principal, capital; (*as, ā, am*), proceeding from wealth, founded on wealth. — *Dhana-mohana, as,* m., N. of a merchant's son. — *Dhanarća* (*°na-rića?*), *as, ā, am,* Ved. perhaps incorrectly for *dhanarja* (*°na-ṛija*), striving after a reward (?). — *Dhanarṇa* (*°na-ṛiṇa*), *am,* n. positive and negative quantities (in mathematics). — *Dhana-lubdha, as, ā, am,* or *dhana-lobhin, i, inī, i,* 'greedy of wealth,' avaricious, covetous, miserly, mercenary. — *Dhana-lobha, as,* m. 'desire of wealth,' covetousness, avarice. — *Dhana-vat, ān, atī, at,* wealthy, opulent, rich; (*atī*), f. the constellation Dhaniṣhṭhā; N. of a merchant's daughter; [cf. probably Lat. *dives.*] — *Dhana-vibhāga, as,* m. distribution of property. — *Dhana-vriddhi, is,* f. increase of property. — *Dhana-vyaya, as,* m. 'the spending of money,' expenditure, extravagance. — *Dhana-sañćaya, as,* m. collection of riches. — *Dhanasañćayin, i, inī, i,* rich; one who has amassed wealth; (*ī*), m. a rich man. — *Dhana-sani, is, is, i,* Ved. granting a reward, giving riches. — *Dhana-sampatti, is,* f. accumulation of wealth. — *Dhana-sā, ās, ās, am,* Ved. granting a reward, distributing gifts or treasures; acquiring or conquering booty. — *Dhana-sāti, is,* f., Ved. acquisition of wealth or treasure. — *Dhana-sū, ūs,* m. 'producing wealth,' the fork-tailed shrike. — *Dhana-stha, as, ā, am,* 'living in wealth,' rich, wealthy. — *Dhana-sthāna, am,* n. a receptacle for riches, a treasury. — *Dhanasthānādhikārin* (*°na-adh°*), *i,* m. the superintendant of a treasury, a treasurer. — *Dhana-spṛit, t,* m., Ved. carrying away or conquering booty; (Sāy.) gratifying with wealth; epithet of Agni; of Indra. — *Dhana-hara, as, ā* or *ī, am,* carrying off wealth, stealing property, a thief; receiving property, inheriting, an heir; (*ī*), f. a kind of perfume commonly called Chora. — *Dhana-harin* or *dhana-hārin, i, inī, i,* stealing property, a thief; inheriting property, an heir. — *Dhana-hīna, as, ā, am,* deprived of wealth; reduced to poverty, poor. — *Dhana-hṛit, t, t, t,* a stealer of property, a thief; (*t*), m. f. n. (?), a kind of bulbous plant (= *ćaṇḍāla-kanda*). — *Dhanāgama* (*°na-āg°*), *as,* m. accession of wealth, gain. — *Dhanāḍhya* (*°na-āḍh°*), *as, ā, am,* opulent, wealthy. — *Dhanādāna* (*°na-ād°*), *am,* n. acceptance of money. — *Dhanādhana-nibandhana* (*°na-adh°*), *as, ā, am,* contingent on the possession or non-possession of wealth. — *Dhanādhāra* (*°na-ādh°*), *as,* m. a treasury, storehouse. — *Dhanādhikāra* (*°na-adh°*), *as,* m. title or right to property. — *Dhanādhikārin* (*°na-adh°*), *ī, inī,* m. f. an heir, an heiress, one who has a right or title to property; (*ī*), m. a treasurer; a collector. — *Dhanādhikṛita* (*°na-adh°*), *as,* m. 'any one placed over treasures,' a treasurer. — *Dhanādhigoptṛi* (*°na-adh°*), *tā,* m. 'the guardian of treasure,' an epithet of Kuvera. — *Dhanādhipa, as,* or *dhanādhipati* (*°na-adh°*), *is,* m. 'the lord of treasure,' an epithet of Kuvera; a treasurer. — *Dhanādhipatya* (*°na-adh°*), *am,* n. the dominion or superintendance over treasure. — *Dhanādhyaksha* (*°na-adh°*), *as,* m. an overseer of treasure, a treasurer; an epithet of Kuvera; of Śiva; [cf. *koshādhyaksha.*] — *Dhanāndha* (*°na-an°*), *as, ā, am,* blinded by riches. — *Dhanāpahāra* (*°na-ap°*), *as,* m. 'taking away of property,' fine, amercement; plunder. — *Dhanāyus* (*°na-āy°*), *us,* m., N. of a son of Dṛiḍhāyus. — *Dhanārgha* (*°na-ar°*), *as, ā, am,* Ved. deserving a reward, worthy of wealth. — *Dhanārćita* (*°na-ar°*), *as, ā, am,* wealthy, opulent. — *Dhanārjana* (*°na-ar°*), *am,* n. acquisition of property or of wealth. — *Dhanārthin* (*°na-ar°*), *i, inī, i,* desiring wealth, wealth-seeking, a seeker of riches, covetous, miserly. — *Dhanāśā* (*°na-āśā*), f. longing after wealth, desire of riches. — *Dhaneśa* (*°na-īśa*), *as,* m. the lord of treasure, a rich man; an epithet of Kuvera; N. of the teacher of Vopa-deva. — *Dhaneśvara* (*°na-īś°*), *as,* m. 'lord of treasure,' an epithet of Kuvera; N. of a Brāhman; of a teacher of Vopa-deva; (*ī*), f. a female possessor of riches; the wife of Kuvera. — *Dhanaiśvarya* (*°na-aiś°*), *am,* n. the dominion over treasure. — *Dhanaishin* (*°na-eśh°*), *i, inī, i,* longing for riches, wishing or claiming property; (*ī*), m. a creditor who claims his money. — *Dhanopaćaya* (*°na-up°*), *as,* m. accumulation of wealth. — *Dhanoshman* (*°na-ush°* or *-ūsh°*), *ā,* m. burning desire for wealth or treasure.

Dhanaka, as, m. avarice, covetousness, desire for riches; N. of a Yādava, son of Dur-dama or Dur-mada; of another man.

Dhanāya, Nom. P. *dhanāyati,* &c., to wish for wealth, long for riches, be desirous of anything (with gen.).

Dhanāyā, f. the desire of obtaining riches, covetousness.

Dhanika, as, ā, am, rich, wealthy, opulent; pious, virtuous, excellent; (*as*), m. a wealthy man; a money-lender, a creditor, owner; a husband; coriander; N. of a poet; (*ikā*), f. a virtuous or excellent woman; a wife, young woman; a tree, see *priyaṅgu.*

Dhanin, i, inī, i, possessing wealth or treasures, opulent, wealthy, rich, well off; (*ī*), m. a rich man; a creditor; the possessor of anything; N. of a messenger of the Kapas, Mahā-bh. Anuśāsana-p. 7333.

Dhaniṣhṭha, as, ā, am, very rich; (superl. of 2. *dhan*), Ved. very swift; (*ā*), f. the more modern N. of the Nakshatra Śraviṣhṭhā or twenty-third lunar mansion, (it comprises four stars, apparently *α, β, γ,* and *δ* Delphini, and is figured by a drum or tabor.)

Dhanīkā, f. = *dhanikā,* f. a young woman.

Dhanīya, Nom. P. *dhanīyati,* &c., to wish for riches.

Dhanīyaka or *dhaneyaka, am,* n. coriander seed, = *dhanyāka.*

1. *dhanū, ūs,* m. a store of grain. (For 2. *dhanū* see p. 448, col. 1.)

Dhaneyu, us, m., N. of a son of Raudrāśva.

Dhanya, as, ā, am, bringing wealth, bestowing