Agallocha; a species of Syonāka; = *pīta-śāla.* — *Pītaka-druma, as,* m. Curcuma Xanthorrhiza (= *hari-dru*).

Pītana, as, m. the hog-plum, Spondias Mangifera; a tree, Pentaptera Tomentosa; the waved-leaf fig-tree, Ficus Infectoria; (*am*), n. yellow orpiment; saffron; a species of pine (= *deva-dāru*).

Pītanaka, as, m. the hog-plum, Spondias Mangifera.

Pītala, as, ā, am, of a yellow colour; (*as*), m. yellow colour; (*am*), n. brass.

Pītalaka, am, n. brass.

पीति 2. *pīti, is,* f. (fr. rt. 3. *pā*; for 1. see p. 577, col. 2), Ved. protection; [cf. *nṛi-p°.*]

2. *pītha, as,* m. protection; [cf. *go-p°.*]

Pīthya, am, n. protection; [cf. *go-p°.*]

पीति 3. *pīti, is,* m. a horse.

2. *pītin, ī,* m. a horse. (For 1. *pītin* see p. 577, col. 2.)

Pīthi, is, m. a horse.

पीत्वा *pītvā.* See under 1. *pīta,* p. 577.

पीथि *pīthi, is,* m. See under 3. *pīti* above.

पीथे *pīthe,* m., N. of a chief builder (in an inscription).

पीथ्य *pīthya.* See under 2. *pīti* above.

पीन *pīna, as, ā, am* (fr. rt. *pyai*), fat, fleshy, brawny, muscular; swelling, swollen, large, corpulent, thick, plump; full, round; profuse (e. g. *pīnaḥ svedaḥ,* profuse perspiration); [cf. *pīvara;* Gr. *πῖαρόν, πῖας, πίων, πιμελή*; Lat. *pinguis;* Iceland. *feit-r,* 'fat;' Angl. Sax. *fætt;* Old Germ. *feizt* = Mod. Germ. *feist, fett.*] — *Pīna-tarala, as, ā, am,* having a large central gem. — *Pīna-tā,* f. fatness, corpulency (opposed to *kṛiśa-tā*). — *Pīna-nitambā,* f. 'having full hips,' N. of a metre, four times ————, ⏑⏑——, ———⏑⏑——. — *Pīna-vakshas, ās, ās, as,* large-chested, full-breasted, having a large or full breast. — *Pīna-śroṇipayodharā,* f. having swelling hips and breasts. — *Pīnottungastanī* (*°na-ut°*), f. (a woman) having a large and prominent breast. — *Pīnodhnī* (*°na-ūdh°*), f. a cow with full or swelling udders (also *pīnodhas, ās,* f.; cf. *ūdhas, ghaṭodhnī*).

Pīpivas, ān, pīpyushī, at, Ved. swelling, swollen, distended, overflowing, dropping (Sāy. = *pra-vriddha, pīna, vardhayat, ā-pyāyitṛi*).

Pīpyānā, f., Ved. having a full or swelling breast (Sāy. = *putraṃ stanam pāyayantī*).

1. *pīyūsha, as, am,* m. n. (said to be fr. the Sautra rt. 1. *pīy*), the first milk given by a cow after calving, biestings; the milk of a cow during the first seven days after calving; any thick fluid, cream, juice (Sāy. = *rasa-bhūtam payaḥ, abhinavam payaḥ*); the drink of immortality produced at the churning of the ocean of milk, the food of the gods, ambrosia, nectar; milk; [cf. *peyūsha.*] — *Pīyūsha-mahas, ās,* or *pīyūsha-ruci, is,* m. 'bright with nectar,' the moon (whose rays are said to be filled with nectar). — *Pīyūsha-varṇa, as, ā, am,* milk-white, white as milk. — *Pīyūsha-varsha, as, am,* m. n. a shower of nectar or ambrosia. — *Pīyūshavarshāya,* Nom. A. *pīyūshavarshāyate, -yitum,* to become or turn into a shower of nectar.

2. *pīyūsha,* Nom. P. *pīyūshati, pīyūshitum,* to become or turn into nectar.

Pīva, as, ā, am, (according to Sāy.) = *ā-pyāyita,* fat.

Pīvat, an, antī, at, fat; (probably the original form of *pīvan* below.)

Pīvan, ā, arī, a, swelling, full, fat, large; stout, strong, robust; (*ā*), m. wind; (*arī*), f. Asparagus Racemosus, Desmodium Gangeticum (= *śāla-parṇī*); N. of a spiritual daughter of the Barhi-shad Pitṛis; of the wife of Veda-śiras; of a princess of Vi-darbha.

Pīvara, as, ā or *ī, am* (said to be *fr.* rt. 1. *pā*), fat, stout, large, fleshy, corpulent, plump, thick, dense; (*as*), m. a tortoise; N. of one of the Saptarshis under Manu Tāmasa; (*ā*), f. Physalis Flexuosa, Asparagus Racemosus; N. of a daughter of the Gandharva Huhu; (*ī*), f. a young woman; a cow; [cf. Gr. *πιαρό-ς, πιερό-ς, πιαλέο-ς, πίειρα.*] — *Pīvara-tva, am,* n. fatness, thickness, largeness, heaviness, density. — *Pīvara-stanī,* f. a woman with large breasts; a cow with a large udder. — *Pīvarī-kṛi,* cl. 8. P. A. *-karoti, -kurute, -kartum,* to fatten, make fat. — *Pīvarī-kṛita, as, ā, am,* fattened.

Pīvas, ān, asī, as (a kindred form to *pīvan*), fat, stout; (*as*), n., Ved. fat; [cf. Zend *pivanh,* 'fat;' Gr. *πῖαρ.*] — *Pīva-sphāka, as, ā, am* (for *pīvas-sphāka*), Ved. swelling with fat. — *Pīvasvat, ān, atī, at,* Ved. abounding with, swollen. — *Pīvo-anna, as, ā, am,* Ved. having rich or abundant food. — *Pīvo-aśva, as, ā, am,* Ved. having fat horses. — *Pīvopavasana* (*°va-up°*), *as, ā, am,* Ved. covered with fat; (according to Mahī-dhara) near to fat or fleshy parts of the body.

Pīvasa, as, ā, am, Ved. abounding with fat, fat, abundant; swelling, swollen, inflated; (Sāy.) = *pīna,* robust; = *a-cchinna,* untorn.

Pīvishṭha, as, ā, am, extremely fat.

पीनस *pīnasa, as,* m. (probably *api* + *nas* = *nāsā;* by some connected with *pīna*), cough, catarrh; cold affecting the nose, inflammation of the schneiderian membrane [cf. *apī-nasa*]; (*ā*), f. the plant Cucumis Utilissimus (= *karkaṭī*).

Pīnasin, i, inī, i, having a cold.

पीपरि *pīpari, is,* m. a species of Plaksha of low growth.

पीय् 1. *pīy* (a Sautra rt.), to gladden.

पीय् 2. *pīy,* cl. 1. P. *pīyati,* &c., Ved. to blame, abuse, treat disrespectfully or with contempt; to give pleasure.

Pīyaka, as, m., Ved. 'an abuser,' (probably) N. of a class of demons.

Pīyatnu, us, us, u, Ved. scornful.

Pīyu, us, us, u (said to be fr. rt. 1. *pā*), Ved. scornful, injurious (as an Asura); (*us*), m. an owl; a crow; time; fire; the sun (?); gold.

पीयमान *pīyamāna.* See under 1. *pīta.*

पीयूक्षा *pīyūkshā,* f. a species of plant.

पीयूष 1. 2. *pīyūsha.* See under *pīna,* col. 1.

पील् *pīl,* cl. 1. P. *pīlati, pīlitum,* to check, impede, obstruct; to stop, to cease to be or do; to become stupid.

Pīlaka, as, m. the large black ant; [cf. *pipīla* and *pīluka.*]

Pīlu, us, m. a species of tree, Careya Arborea, (according to others) Salvadora Persica; a flower; the blossoms of the Saccharum Sara; the metacarpus, the central part of the hand; a group of palm trees; the stem of the palm; an arrow; an atom; a worm, an insect; an elephant (Arabic فيل; Persian پيل); (*u*), n. the fruit of the Pīlu tree. — *Pīlu-kuṇa, as,* m. the season of the ripening of the Pīlu fruit. — *Pīlu-pattra, as,* m. the plant Sanseviera Zeylanica (= *mūrvā*). — *Pīlu-parṇī,* f. the plant Sanseviera Zeylanica; Momordica Monadelpha; a kind of drug. — *Pīlu-mat, atī,* f., with *dyaus,* the central or middle region of the sky between Udan-vatī and Pra-dyaus. — *Pīlu-vaha, as* or *am,* m. or n. (?), N. of a district. — *Pīlu-sāra, as,* m., N. of a mountain.

Pīluka, as, m., N. of a tree, Careya Arborea or Salvadora Persica or any other exotic or unknown tree [cf. *kāka-p°, kāla-p°*]; an ant.

Pīlunī, f. the plant Sanseviera Zeylanica (= *mūrvā*).

पीला *pīlā,* f., Ved. epithet of a particular scent; N. of a woman.

पीव् *pīv,* cl. 1. P. *pīvati, pīvitum,* to be fat or corpulent, to be thick.

पीव *pīva, pīvan, pīvara, pīvas, pīvasa, pīvishṭha.* See col. 2.

पीवा *pīvā,* f. (said to be fr. rt. 1. *pā*), water.

पुंस् 1. *puṃs* (perhaps a Nom. fr. 2. *puṃs* below), cl. 10. P. *puṃsayati, -yitum,* to crush, grind; to pain, punish.

पुंस् 2. *puṃs, pumān,* m. (voc. *puman,* the strong cases being fr. *pumāṃs,* the middle fr. *pum,* and the weak fr. *puṃs,* but loc. pl. *punsu* not *puṃsu* by Pāṇ. VIII. 2, 65; said to be fr. rt. 3. *pā*), a male, male being, man [cf. *na-p°*]; a human being; a servant, attendant; the soul, spirit (= *purusha; paraḥ pumān,* the Supreme Spirit, soul of the universe, Vishṇu); (in grammar) a word in the masculine gender; [cf. *strī-puṃnapuṃsaka;* Lat. *mas, mar-is* for *mas-is, masculus,* the syllable *pu* being rejected in these words but appearing in *pu-sus, pu-sa, pu-bes* perhaps for *pu-mes.*] — *Puṃ-yuj, k,* or *puṃ-yoga, as,* m. connection with a man; cohabitation with men. — *Puṃ-ratna, am,* n. 'a jewel of a man,' an excellent man. — *Puṃ-rāśi, is,* m. a male sign of the zodiac, an epithet of Aries and the signs following. — *Puṃ-rūpa, am,* n. the form or shape of a man; *puṃ-rūpaṃ kṛi,* to assume the form of a man. — *Puṃ-linga, am,* n. the characteristic sign of a man, virility, manhood, the male organ; (in grammar) the masculine gender; (*as, ā, am*), having the characteristics of a man; masculine. — *Puṃlinga-tā,* f. masculineness, the being of the masculine gender. — *Puṃlinga-saṅgraha, as,* m., N. of a part of the Nāma-liṅgānuśāsana by Amara-siṃha. — *Puṃvat,* ind. like a man, as a man, as with a man; like the masculine gender, in the masculine form or gender. — *Puṃ-vatsa, as,* m. a bull-calf; (*as, ā, am*), having bull-calves, surrounded by bull-calves. — *Puṃvad-vidhāna, am,* n. ceremonies as on the birth of a male. — *Puṃ-vṛisha, as,* m. the musk rat. — *Puṃ-veśa, as, ā, am,* wearing male attire, dressed like a man. — *Puṃś-calī,* f. 'running after men,' a frequenter of men, harlot, an unchaste woman; N. of an Apsaras. — *Puṃścalīya, as,* m. the son of a harlot. — *Puṃś-calū, ūs,* f., Ved. a harlot; (*us*), m. a whoremonger. — *Puṃś-cihna, am,* n. the characteristic of a male, membrum virile. — *Puṃsa-vat, ān, atī, at* (*puṃsa* substituted for *puṃs*), Ved. having a son. — *Puṃ-savana, as, ā, am,* bringing forth a male, causing the birth of a male child; (*am*), n. (with or without *vrata*) the first of the essential ceremonies of Hindū initiation, a religious and domestic festival held on the mother's perceiving the first signs of a living conception; a fetus; milk. — *Puṃsānuja* (*°sā-an°*), *as, ā, am,* (perhaps) having an elder brother. — *Puṃ-suvana, am,* n., Ved. bringing forth a male child. — *Puṃs-kaṭī,* f. a man's hip. — *Puṃs-kāmā,* f. 'desirous of man,' a woman wishing for a lover or husband. — *Puṃs-kokila, as,* m. the male of the Indian cuckoo. — *Puṃskokila-tva, am,* n. the being a male cuckoo, the state or condition of a male cuckoo. — *Puṃs-tva, am,* n. the being a male, the state of a male, masculineness, manhood, virility; semen virile; (in grammar) the masculine gender. — *Puṃs-putra, as,* m. a male child, boy. — *Puṃs-prajanana, am,* n. the male