the Amara-kosha, *is*, m.), 'cloud-light,' a flash of lightning, the fire produced from lightning. — *Megha-ḍambara*, *as*, m. thunder; [cf. *meghāḍambara.*] — *Megha-taru*, *us*, m., Ved. 'cloud-tree,' a particular form of cloud. — *Megha-timira*, *am*, n. 'cloud-darkness,' darkness resulting from a clouded sky, cloudy or rainy weather. — *Megha-tva*, *am*, n. the being a cloud, the state of a cloud, cloudiness; *meghatvam upa-gam*, to become a cloud. — *Megha-dipa*, *as*, m. 'cloud-light,' lightning. — *Megha-dundubhi*, *is*, m., N. of an Asura. — *Megha-dundubhi-svara-rāja*, *as*, m., N. of a Buddha. — *Megha-dūta*, *as*, m. 'cloud-messenger,' N. of a celebrated poem by Kālidāsa. — *Meghadūta-pāda-samasyā*, f., N. of a work. — *Meghadūtābhidha* (°*ta-abh*°), *as*, *ā*, *am*, entitled 'cloud-messenger.' — *Megha-dvāra*, *am*, n. 'cloud-gate,' heaven, the sky, ether. — *Megha-nāda*, *as*, m. 'cloud-noise,' sound of rain, thunder; (*as*, *ā*, *am*), sounding or rumbling like thunder, making a noise like thunder; (*as*), m. an epithet of Varuṇa; N. of one of the attendants of Skanda; of a Dānava; of a son of Rāvaṇa, afterwards called Indra-jit, as having conquered Indra (see Rāmāyaṇa, Uttara-kāṇḍa XXXIV); of a frog; Amaranthus Polygonoides; the Palāśa tree, Butea Frondosa. — *Meghanāda-jit*, *t*, m. 'conqueror of Megha-nāda or Indra-jit, son of Rāvaṇa,' an epithet of Lakshmaṇa, the favourite brother of Rāma (the account of his fighting and killing Indra-jit is in Rāmāyaṇa, Yuddha-kāṇḍa LXVII–LXX). — *Meghanāda-tīrtha*, *am*, n., N. of a sacred bathing-place on the Narmadā river. — *Meghanādānulāsin* (°*da-an*°), *ī*, m. 'rejoicing in the rumbling of thunder-clouds,' a peacock. — *Megha-nādin*, *ī*, *inī*, *i*, sounding or making a noise like thunder; crying with joy at the appearance of clouds; (*ī*), m., N. of a Dānava. — *Meghanāman*, *ā*, m. 'cloud-named,' a fragrant grass, Cyperus Rotundus. — *Megha-nirghosha*, *as*, m. the rumbling of clouds, thunder; (*as*, *ā*, *am*), sounding or making a noise like thunder. — *Megha-pankti*, *is*, f. a line or succession of clouds. — *Megha-parvata*, *as*, m., N. of a mountain. — *Megha-pālī*, f. a proper N. — *Megha-pushpa*, *am*, n. 'cloud-blossom,' water; river-water; hail; (*as*), m., N. of one of the four horses of Vishṇu or Kṛishṇa. — *Megha-pṛishṭha*, *as*, m., N. of a son of Gṛitapṛishṭha. — *Megha-pradipa*, *as*, m., N. of a work. — *Megha-pravāha*, *as*, m., N. of one of the attendants of Skanda. — *Megha-prasava*, *as*, m. 'cloud-offspring,' water. — *Megha-baddha*, *as*, m. epithet of a particular formula. — *Megha-bala*, *as*, m. a proper N. — *Megha-bhagīratha-ṭhakkura*, *as*, m., N. of an author. — *Megha-bhūti*, *is*, m. a thunderbolt. — *Megha-manjarī*, f., N. of a daughter of king Vijaya-pāla. — *Megha-maṭha*, *as*, m., N. of a monastery or college built by and named after Megha-vāhana. — *Megha-maṇḍala*, *am*, n. the sphere of the clouds, region of the clouds, firmament, atmosphere. — *Megha-maya*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, formed or consisting of clouds, cloudy. — *Megha-māla*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, 'cloud-wreathed, cloud-capt,' crowned with clouds; (*as*), m., N. of a mountain; of a Rākshasa; of a son of Kalki by Ramā; (*ā*), f. a line or succession of clouds, gathering of clouds; N. of a work by Ketali-kīrtti treating of the astrological significance of various kinds of clouds; of one of the Mātṛis attending upon Skanda. — *Megha-mālin*, *ī*, *inī*, *i*, cloud-wreathed; (*ī*), m., N. of one of Skanda's attendants; of an Asura; of a king. — *Megha-yoni*, *is*, m. 'cloud-source,' smoke, fog. — *Megha-rava*, *as*, m. 'cloud-noise,' thunder; (*as*, *ā*, *am*), thundering like a cloud; (*ā*), f., N. of one of the Mātṛis attending upon Skanda. — *Megha-rāga*, *as*, m. the musical scale Megha (being supposed capable of bringing down rain from heaven). — *Megha-rāja*, *as*, m., N. of a Buddha. — *Megha-rāji*, *is*, or *megha-rājī*, f. a line of clouds. — *Megha-rāva*, *as*, m. 'cloud-sounding,' a kind of water-bird. — *Meghārekhā* or *megha-lekhā*, f. a line of clouds. — 1. *megha-vat*, *ān*, *atī*, *at*, enveloped in clouds, overcast with clouds; (*ān*), m., N. of a mountain. — 2. *megha-vat*, ind. like a cloud. — *Megha-vana*, N. of an Agra-hāra named after Megha-vāhana. — *Megha-vapus*, *us*, m. 'cloud-form,' a mass of clouds which appear to assume some shape. — *Megha-varṇa*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, 'cloud-coloured,' having the hue of a cloud; (*as*), m., N. of a man; of a crow in the Hitopadeśa; (*ā*), f. the indigo plant. — *Megha-vartman*, *a*, n. 'cloud-path,' the atmosphere, sky. — *Megha-vahni*, *is*, m. 'cloud-fire,' lightning. — *Megha-vāsas*, *ās*, *ās*, *as*, 'cloud-robed,' clad in clouds; (*ās*), m., N. of a Daitya. — *Megha-vāhana*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, 'having clouds for a vehicle,' riding upon the clouds; (*as*), m. an epithet of Indra; of Śiva; N. of a king; of a king of Kaśmīra; of the twenty-second Kalpa. — *Megha-vāhin*, *ī*, *inī*, *i*, riding upon a cloud; (*inī*), f., N. of one of the Mātṛis attending upon Skanda, (also read *mesha-vāhinī*.) — *Megha-vitāna*, *as*, m., Ved. 'cloud-canopy,' an expanded mass of clouds, a sky overcast with clouds; (*am*), n. a particular metre, four times ∪∪–∪∪–∪∪–. — *Megha-visphūrjita*, *am*, n. the rumbling of clouds, thundering; thunder; (*ā*), f., scil. *vṛitti*, a particular metre, four times ∪––––––, ∪∪∪∪∪–, –∪ ––∪∪–, (in this sense also *am*, n.) — *Megha-vṛinda*, *am*, n. a mass of clouds. — *Megha-vega*, *as*, m. a proper N. — *Megha-veśman*, *a*, n. 'cloud-abode,' the sky, atmosphere. — *Megha-śyāma*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, dark as a cloud. — *Megha-sakha*, *as*, m. 'cloud-friend,' N. of a mountain. — *Megha-sanghāta*, *as*, m. an assemblage or multitude of clouds. — *Megha-sandeśa*, *as*, m. = *megha-dūta*, q. v. — *Megha-sandhi*, *is*, m., N. of a king of Magadha. — *Megha-sambhava*, *as*, m. 'cloud-produced,' N. of a Nāga. — *Megha-sāra*, *as*, m. 'cloud-essence,' a kind of camphor (= *cīna-karpūra*). — *Megha-suhṛid*, *t*, m. 'cloud-friend,' a peacock (described as delighting in the rainy season). — *Megha-stanita*, *am*, n. 'cloud-rumbling,' thunder. — *Meghastanitodbhava* (°*ta-ud*°), *as*, m. Asteracantha Longifolia. — *Megha-svana*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, 'cloud-sounding,' loud as a (thunder) cloud; (*ā*), f., N. of one of the Mātṛis attending upon Skanda. — *Megha-svara* or *meghasvara-rāja*, *as*, m., N. of a Buddha. — *Megha-svāti*, *is*, m., N. of a king. — *Megha-hrāda*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, shouting or roaring like a thunder-cloud. — *Meghākhya* (°*gha-ākh*°), *as*, m., N. of a Persian king, (also read *meghāksha*; = Prākṛit *mehākkho*); (*am*), n. Cyperus Rotundus; talc. — *Meghāgama* (°*gha-āg*°), *as*, m. 'approach of clouds,' the rainy season. — *Meghāććhanna* or *meghāććhādita* (°*gha-āć*°), *as*, *ā*, *am*, overspread with clouds, covered with clouds, clouded. — *Meghāṭopa* (°*gha-āṭ*°), *as*, m. 'cloud-swelling,' a dense cloud. — *Meghāḍambara* (°*gha-āḍ*°), *as*, m. 'cloud-drum,' thunder; [cf. *megha-ḍambara.*] — *Meghānandā* (°*gha-ān*°), f. 'rejoicing in clouds,' a kind of crane. — *Meghānandin* (°*gha-ān*°), *ī*, m. 'rejoicing in clouds,' a peacock; [cf. *megha-suhṛid.*] — *Meghānta* (°*gha-an*°), *as*, m. 'coming at the end of the rainy season,' the autumn. — *Meghāri* (°*gha-ari*), *is*, m. 'cloud-enemy,' the wind. — *Meghāvatata* (°*gha-av*°), *as*, *ā*, *am*, overspread with clouds, overcast. — *Meghāvali* (°*gha-āv*°), f., N. of a princess. — *Meghāsthi* (°*gha-as*°), *i*, n. 'cloud-bone,' hail. — *Meghāspada* (°*gha-ās*°), *am*, n. 'cloud-region,' the atmosphere, sky, ether, heaven. — *Megheśvara-tirtha* (°*gha-īś*°), *am*, n., N. of a Tīrtha on the Revā or Narmadā river. — *Meghodaka* (°*gha-ud*°), *am*, n. 'cloud-water,' rain. — *Meghodaya* (°*gha-ud*°), *as*, m. 'cloud-rising,' rising clouds. — *Meghaunmukhya* (°*gha-au*°), *am*, n. the act of looking up eagerly or longing for clouds (said of a peacock).

Meghaya, Nom. P. *meghayati*, *-yitum*, to make cloudy, cause cloudy weather.

Meghayat, *an*, *antī*, *at*, Ved. making cloudy; (*antī*), f., N. of one of the seven Kṛittikās.

Meghāya, Nom. A. *meghāyate*, *-yitum*, Ved. to form clouds, become cloudy.

Meghya, *as*, *ā*, *am*, Ved. being in the clouds; according to Pāṇ. *meghya* at the end of a comp. = *megham arhati* or *megha iva.*

Maigha, *as*, *ī*, *am*, belonging to the clouds, cloudy; descended from clouds (Ved.).

मेङ्गनाथ *menga-nātha*, *as*, m., N. of a race (?). — *Menganātha-bhaṭṭa*, *as*, m. a proper N.

मेच *meća*, *as*, m., N. of a poet; [cf. *megha.*]

मेचक *mećaka*, *as*, *ā*, *am* (said to be fr. rt. *mać*), dark-blue, dark-coloured, black; (*as*), m. dark-blue colour, black; blackness; an eye of a peacock's tail; a teat, nipple; smoke; a cloud; Moringa Pterygosperma; a kind of gem; (*am*), n. darkness; sulphuret of antimony. — *Mećakāpagā* (°*ka-ap*°), f. 'dark-blue river,' an epithet of the Yamunā. — *Mećakābhidhā* (°*ka-abh*°), f. a species of creeper (= *pātāla-garuḍi*).

मेचकचातनी *mećakaćātanī*, f. a various reading for *maćakaćātanī*, q. v.

मेचुरुदि *mećurudi* (?), N. of a place.

मेट् *meṭ* (= rt. *mreṭ*), cl. 1. P. *meṭati*, *meṭitum*, to be mad.

मेटुला *meṭulā*, f. the myrobalan tree (= *āmalaki*).

मेठ *meṭha*, *as*, m. an elephant keeper [cf. *meṇḍa*]; an elephant driver (= *yantṛi*); a ram [cf. *meḍhra*].

मेठि *meṭhi*, *meṭhī*. See *methi* below.

मेड् *meḍ*, cl. 1. P. *meḍati*, &c., = rt. *meṭ* above.

मेडि *meḍi* or *meḷi*, *is*, m., Ved. crackling, emitting sparks, rustling (said of wind, fire, &c.); any jingling or murmuring sound; (a reading *meḍavas* is given for the pl. *meḍayas.*)

मेढी *meḍhī*, f. See *methi* below.

मेढ्र *meḍhra*, *am*, n. (fr. rt. 1. *mih* + *tra*; according to native lexicographers also *as*, m.), membrum virile, the penis; (*as*), m. a ram; [cf. *mīḍhvas*, *meṇḍha*, *mesha.*] — *Meḍhra-ćarman*, *a*, n. or *meḍhra-tvać*, *k*, f. the fore-skin, prepuce. — *Meḍhra-ja*, *as*, m. an epithet of Śiva. — *Meḍhra-roga*, *as*, m. venereal disease. — *Meḍhra-śṛingī*, f. Odina Pennata (= *mesha-śṛingī*, said to be a milky plant, the fruit of which is crooked and therefore like a ram's horn).

Meḍhraka, *as*, m. the penis; a ram.

Meṇḍha, *as*, m. (formed fr. *meḍhra* above), a ram.

Meṇḍhaka, *as*, m. a ram; a proper N.

Meṇḍhra, *as*, m. = *meṇḍha* above; membrum virile.

मेण्ठ *meṇṭha*, *as*, m. an elephant keeper or feeder (= *meṭha*); N. of a poet (= *bhartṛi-meṇṭha*).

Meṇḍa, *as*, m. an elephant keeper.

मेतार्य *metārya*, *as*, m. (with Jainas) N. of one of the eleven Gaṇādhipas.

मेतृ *metṛi*, *tā*, m. (fr. rt. 1. *mi*), Ved. one who erects a column; (but according to Sāy. on Ṛig-veda IV. 6, 2, *metā* is f. and = *sthūṇā*, a column, pillar.)

मेथ् *meth* (connected with rt. *mith*, q. v.), cl. 1. P. A. *methati*, *-te*, *methitum*, to meet; (A.) to meet one another, associate; to reproach, revile; to strike, hurt, kill; to know, understand.

Methi, *is*, m. (perhaps connected with rt. 1. *mi*), a pillar, post; a pillar in the middle of a threshing-floor to which oxen are bound, any central body, (also written *medhi*, *medhī*, *meḍhī*, *meṭhi*, *meṭhī*, f.; *meḍhī-bhūta* or *medhī-bhūta*, forming a solid pillar or centre); a post to which cattle are tied; a prop for supporting the shafts of a carriage; (*ī*), f. =