रघु *raghu, us, ghvī, u* (fr. rt. *raṇh* or *raṅgh*), Ved. fleet, rapid, rushing, (Sāy. = *śīghra-gāmin*); eager; light (= *laghu*), fickle; (*us*), m. a racer, fleet courser (Ved.); N. of an ancient king and ancestor of Rāma, (in the Raghu-vaṅśa he is described as the son of Dilīpa and Su-dakshiṇā, and in III. 21. the name Raghu is said to have been given to him as 'going' to the end of the Śāstras and to the destruction of his enemies; he was the father of Aja, the father of Daśa-ratha, and was therefore great-grandfather of Rāma; but different accounts are given of Rāma's genealogy, and in Rāmāyaṇa II. 110, 28. Raghu is said to be son of Kakutstha; in the Hari-vaṅśa two Raghus are mentioned among the ancestors of Rāma); N. of a son of Śākya-muni; of the author of the Kavi-darpaṇa; an abbreviation for Raghu-vaṅśa, q.v.; (*avas*), m. pl. the Raghus or descendants of Raghu; [cf. *rāghava*.] — *Raghu-kāra, as*, m., N. of Kālidāsa the author of the Raghu-vaṅśa. — *Raghu-ja, as, ā, am*, Ved. produced from a fleet courser or racer. — *Raghu-ṭippaṇī*, f., N. of a commentary on the Raghu-vaṅśa. — *Raghu-tanaya, as*, m. son of Raghu, N. of Rāma. — *Raghu-deva, as*, m., N. of the author of the Virudāvalī; (*ī*), f., N. of a commentary on the Tattva-cintāmaṇi by Raghu-deva. — *Raghu-dru, us, us, u*, Ved. going or running quickly, running like a race-horse. — *Raghu-nandana, as*, m. a descendant or son of Raghu, N. of Rāma; N. of an author of several treatises on religion and law. — *Raghu-nātha, as*, m., N. of Rāma; of various persons; of the author of the Rasika-ramaṇa. — *Raghu-pati, is*, m., N. of Rāma; of the father of the lexicographer Jaṭā-dhara. — *Raghu-patma-janhas, ās, ās, as*, Ved. light-winged, (Sāy.) having a light-falling foot (= *laghu-patana-samartha-pāda*). — *Raghu-patvan, ā, arī, a*, Ved. lightly flying, going or moving quickly; [cf. Lat. *acci-piter* = Sansk. *āśu-patvan*.] — *Raghu-pratinidhi, is*, m. image or counterpart of Raghu. — *Raghu-pravara, as*, m., N. of Rāma. — *Raghu-manyu, us, us, u*, Ved. having light or little wrath, mild-tempered, (Sāy. = *laghu-krodha*); full of eagerness or zeal. — *Raghu-yāman, ā, ā, a*, Ved. going quickly, moving lightly. — *Raghu-rāma, as*, m. a proper N. — *Raghu-vaṅśa, as*, m. the race or family of Raghu; N. of Kālidāsa's celebrated poem in honour of the race of Raghu, (it consists of nineteen chapters or books; cf. *mahā-kāvya*.) — *Raghuvaṅśa-tilaka, as*, m. 'ornament of the race of Raghu,' epithet of Rāma. — *Raghuvaṅśa-sañjīvanī*, f., N. of Mallinātha's commentary on the Raghu-vaṅśa. — *Raghu-vara, as*, m., N. of Rāma. — *Raghu-vartani, is, is, i*, Ved. lightly rolling or turning (said of a chariot and of a horse). — *Raghu-vīra, as*, m., N. of Rāma; of an author (= Raghu-deva). — *Raghu-shyad, t, t, t* (i. e. *raghu* + *syad*), Ved. moving quickly, hasty, speedy, rapid, (Sāy. = *śīghra-gamana, śīghraṃ syandamāna*.) — *Raghūttama* (°*ghu-ut*°), *as*, m. 'best of the Raghus,' N. of Rāma. — *Raghūdvaha* (°*ghu-ud*°), *as*, m. 'offspring of Raghu,' N. of Rāma.

Raghīyas, ān, asī, as (compar. of *raghu*), Ved. more rapid or fleet, very swift.

Raghuyat, an, antī, at (Part. fr. an unused Nom. *raghuya*), moving fleetly or rapidly, (Sāy. = *śighraṃ gaccḥat*.)

Raghuyā, ind. (fr. *raghu*), Ved. quickly, swiftly, lightly, (Sāy. = *śighra-gāmin*, as if *raghu-yā*.)

Raghūyat, an, antī, at, Ved. = *raghuyat* above.

रङ्क *ranka, as, ā, am*, niggardly, mean, indigent, poor, miserable, hungry, (*kanka-ranka*, a hungry or half-starved crane; cf. *jala-r*°, *matsya-r*°); slow; (*as*), m. a beggar.

रङ्कु *ranku, us*, m. a species of deer or antelope; N. of a place. — *Ranku-mālin, ī*, m., N. of a Vidyā-dhara.

रङ्कृ *ranktṛi*. See *raktṛi*, p. 828, col. 1.

रङ्क्षु *rankshu*, N. of a river.

रङ्ख् *rankh* = rt. *rakh*, q. v.

रङ्ग् *rang* (= rt. *ring*), cl. 1. P. *rangati*, &c., to go, move.

रङ्ग *ranga, rangin*, &c. See p. 828.

रङ्गोजि *rangoji, is*, or *rangoji-bhaṭṭa, as*, m., N. of the father of Koṇḍabhaṭṭa and brother of Bhaṭṭoji.

रङ्घ् *rangh* [cf. rt. *raṇh*], cl. 1. A. *ranghate, raranghe, ranghitum*, to go, hasten, run; cl. 10. P. or Caus. *ranghayati, -yitum*, to speak; to shine.

Ranghas, as, n. = *raṇhas*, haste, speed, velocity.

रच् *rać*, cl. 10. P. *raćayati, raćayāmāsa, raćayitum*, to make, form, fabricate, create, produce; to prepare, get ready, contrive, plan, arrange, dispose; to complete, effect; to compose, write (a book or any literary work); to string together; to adorn, decorate; to place in or on (with loc.), fix on; to direct (the thoughts &c.) towards: Caus. *raćayati*, to cause to make or do (with two acc.); to cause to move, put in motion; [cf. Lat. *locare, locus*: Angl. Sax. *logian*, 'to place;' *loh*.]

Raćana, am, n. the act of making, forming, formation, creation, arranging, putting in order, managing, directing, preparing; (*ā, am*), f. n. arrangement, disposition, management, preparation, performance, accomplishment, fabrication; a literary production, work, composition; dressing of the hair; stringing flowers or garlands, the arrangement of troops, array; a creation of the mind, artificial image, (*artha-raćanā*, striving after or accomplishing an object; *gīti-raćanā*, a musical or vocal composition; *nivāsa-raćanā*, a building); according to native lexicographers *raćanā* = *pari-spanda* or *pari-syanda, prati-yatna, granthana, gumpha, vyūha, niveśa, sthiti*; also = *pāśa, bhāra, paksha, uććaya*, 'abundance,' 'quantity,' when compounded with a word meaning 'hair' (e. g. *keśa-raćanā*, abundance of hair); (*ā*), f., N. of the wife of Tvashṭṛi.

Raćayat, an, antī, at, making, forming, composing.

Raćayitṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, one who makes or composes, a composer, author.

Raćayitvā, ind. having made or formed, having arranged, &c.

Raćita, as, ā, am, made, formed, fabricated, produced, prepared, made ready, concerted, contrived, planned, arranged, completed, effected, composed, written; strung together; decorated, adorned; fastened, placed in or on (with loc.); directed towards; furnished or equipped with, provided with (with inst. or at the end of a comp.); (*as*), m. a proper N. — *Raćita-tva, am*, n. the being composed or written. — *Raćita-dhī, is, is, i*, having the mind directed to (with loc.), intent on. — *Raćita-pankti, is, is, i*, forming a line. — *Raćita-śikhara, as, ā, am*, having the summit adorned. — *Raćitārtha* (°*tar*°), *as, ā, am*, one who has obtained his object (= *kṛitārtha*).

रज् *raj*. See rt. *rañj*.

Raja, rajaka, rajani, rajas, &c. See p. 828, cols. 2, 3.

रजि *raji, is*, m., N. of a demon or king subdued by Indra, (according to Sāy., Ṛig-veda VI. 26, 6, *raji* means 'a maiden or a kingdom called Raji;' and X. 105, 2, 'heaven and earth' or 'the sun and moon,' but the meaning is obscure); N. of a son of Āyu.

रजिष्ठ *rajishṭha, as, ā, am* (superl. of *ṛiju*), Ved. = *ṛijishṭha*, most honest or upright.

Rajīyas, ān, asī, as (compar. of *ṛiju*), Ved. more honest.

रजीकृ *rajī-kṛi, rajo-gātra*, &c. See p. 829, col. 1.

रज्जु *rajju, us*, f. (at the end of a comp. sometimes *us*, m.; in the older language also *rajjū*, Ved. acc. *rajjvam*, gen. *rajjvās* [Manu XI. 168] and *rajjos*; said in Uṇādi-s. I. 16. to be fr. rt. *śrij*; according to some, perhaps for original *srajyu*, cf. *sraj*), a rope, cord, string, line, (at the end of an adj. comp. the fem. may be *rajjukā*); N. of certain sinews or tendons proceeding from the vertebral column (in anatomy); a lock of braided hair, braid (= *veṇī*); N. of a particular constellation; [cf. Lat. *ligare, stringere*; Old Germ. *stricch, stric, stracchian*; Angl. Sax. *streccan*.] — *Rajju-kaṇṭha, as*, m., N. of a preceptor. — *Rajju-dāla, as*, m., Ved. a species of tree. — *Rajju-dālaka, as*, m. a kind of wild-fowl. — *Rajju-peḍā*, f. a rope basket. — *Rajju-bhāra, as*, m., N. of a preceptor. — *Rajju-mātratva, am*, n. the condition of being only a rope. — *Rajju-vāla, as*, m. = *rajju-dālaka*, a wild-fowl. — *Rajju-śārada, as, ā, am*, newly drawn up by a rope (said of water; Pāṇini VI. 2, 9). — *Rajju-sarja, as*, m., Ved. a rope-maker. — *Rajjūddhṛita* (°*ju-ud*°), *as, ā, am*, drawn up by means of a rope. — *Rajjv-avalambin, ī, inī, i*, hanging by a string.

Rajjavya, am, n., Ved. material for a rope.

रञ्च् *rañch*. See *ni-rañchana*.

रञ्ज् *rañj* or *raj*, cl. 1. 4. P. A. *rajati, -te* (ep. also *rañjati*), *rajyati, -te, rarañja* (3rd pl. *rarajatus* or *rarañjatus*), *rarañje, rankshyati, -te, arānkshīt, arankta, rajyāt, rankshīshṭa, ranktum*, to be dyed or coloured, to redden, grow red, glow; to dye, tinge, colour; to be affected or moved, to have the passions or feelings roused, to be excited; to be pleased or delighted with (with inst.); to attach one's self to, be attached or devoted to, (perhaps in this sense connected with rt. *lag*); fall in love with, be enamoured of (usually with loc.); to go, (in this sense cl. 1. P. according to Naighaṇṭuka II. 14): Caus. *rañjayati, -yate, -yitum*, to dye, colour, paint, make red, redden, illuminate; to rejoice, gratify, exhilarate, charm; to cause to be attached, to conciliate; (according to Naighaṇṭuka III. 14) = rt. *arć*, to worship, (also *rajayati*); to hunt, (in this sense only *rajayati*): Desid. *rirankshati, -te*: Intens. *rārajyate, rārankti*, to be greatly affected or excited; to be intensely attached or devoted; [cf. Gr. *ῥέζ-ω, ῥαγ-εύ-s, ῥηγ-εύ-s, ῥεγ-εύ-s, ῥέγ-os, ῥέγ-μα, ῥήσσω, ῥῆγ-os, λέγ-νον*: probably Angl. Sax. *ge-regnian*, 'to colour.']

Rakta, as, ā, am, coloured, dyed, painted, tinged, stained; reddened, red, crimson, of a red colour; nasalized (said of a vowel, cf. *ranga*); affected by passion, excited, incited, impassioned, passionately fond of, attached, affected with love or interest towards; loving, dear, beloved; lovely, pleasant, agreeable, sweet, charming; fond of play, engaging in pastime, sporting; (*as*), m. red colour; safflower; Barringtonia Acutangula; epithet of Śiva; (*ā*), f. lac (= *lākshā*); Abrus Precatorius; Bengal madder, Rubia Munjista; = *ushṭra-kāṇḍī*; N. of one of the seven tongues of fire; the female personification of a particular musical mode; (*am*), n. blood; copper; saffron; the fruit of the Flacourtia Cataphracta; vermilion; cinnabar; = *padmaka*; [cf. Gr. *ῥόδον*; Hib. *rot*.] — *Rakta-kangu, us*, m. Panicum Italicum. — *Rakta-kaṇṭa, as*, m. a species of Celastrus. — *Rakta-kaṇṭha, as, ī, am*, or *rakta-kaṇṭhin, ī, inī, i*, sweet-voiced, having an impassioned voice or note; (*as*), m. = *kokila*, the Indian cuckoo. — *Raktakaṇṭha-khaga, as*, m. a sweet-voiced bird. — *Rakta-kadamba, as*, m. a red-flowering Kadamba. — *Rakta-kadalī*, f. a species of Musa or plantain. — *Rakta-kanda, as*, m. coral; N. of two bulbous plants (= *raktālu, rāja-palāṇḍu*). — *Rakta-kandala, as*, m. coral. — *Rakta-kamala* or *rakta-kambala, am*, n. a red lotus-flower. — *Rakta-karavīra* or *rakta-karavīraka, as*, m. a red-flowering Oleander,