रण्ड *raṇḍa, as, ā, am* (in Uṇādi-s. I. 113. said to be fr. rt. *ram*), mutilated, maimed, crippled, (incorrect for *vaṇḍa*, q. v.); faithless (in *śākhā-raṇḍa*, q. v.); (*as*), m. a man who dies without male issue; a barren tree; (*ā*), f. a term of abuse in addressing women, a slut; a widow, (*bāla-raṇḍā*, a young widow); Salvinia Cucullata; N. of a species of metre. — *Raṇḍāśramin* (°*ḍa-āś*°), *ī*, m. one who loses a wife after the forty-eighth year.

Raṇḍaka, as, m. a barren tree.

रण्य *raṇya, raṇva*, &c. See p. 829, col. 3.

रण्व *raṇv* (= rts. *ramb, riṇv, rimb*), cl. 1. P. *raṇvati*, to go; (a form *raṇv* for rt. *raṇ* occurs in Taittirīya-s. I. 2, 5, 1, where, according to the commentator, *raṇvatu* = *ramayatu*.)

Raṇvita, as, ā, am (fr. *raṇv* for rt. *raṇ*), in Ṛig-veda II. 3, 6. according to Sāy. = *śabdita, stuta*, sounded, praised, or *gaććhat*, going.

रत *rata, rati*, &c. See p. 833, cols. 1, 2.

रतान्ध्री *ratāndhrī*, f. a fog, mist.

रताम्बुक *ratāmbuka, e*, n. du. the two cavities immediately above the hips.

रतू *ratū, ūs*, f. (said to be fr. a Sautra rt. *rit*), the river of heaven, the celestial Ganges; a true speech.

रत्न *ratna, am*, n. (rarely *as*, m.; according to Uṇādi-s. III. 14. fr. rt. *ram*), a gift, present (Ved., in this sense perhaps connected with rt. 1. *rā*); property, goods, riches, possessions (Ved.); a jewel, gem, treasure, precious stone, pearl; anything valuable or desirable, (according to Sāy. on Ṛig-veda I. 41, 6, &c. *ratnam* = *ramaṇīyam*); any precious thing, anything excellent or best of its kind (e. g. *putra-ratna*, an excellent son; *go-ratnāni*, excellent cows; cf. *puṃs-r*°, *strī-r*°); a magnet, loadstone [cf. *maṇi*]; = *ratna-havis* (Ved.); (*as*), m. a proper N. — *Ratna-kandala, as*, m. coral. — *Ratna-kara, as*, m., N. of Kuvera. — *Ratna-karaṇḍaka*, N. of a Buddhist work. — *Ratna-kalaśa, as*, m. a proper N. — *Ratna-kalā*, f., N. of a woman. — *Ratna-kīrtti, is*, m., N. of a Buddha. — *Ratna-kūṭa, as*, m., N. of a mountain; of a Bodhi-sattva; of an island. — *Ratnakūṭa-sūtra, am*, n., N. of a Buddhist Sūtra work. — *Ratna-ketu, us*, m., N. of a Buddha; of a Bodhi-sattva; (said to be a name common to 2000 future Buddhas.) — *Ratna-koṭi*, N. of a Samādhi. — *Ratna-kośa* or *ratna-kosha, as*, m. 'repository of jewels,' N. of various works. — *Ratna-kshetra-kūṭa-sandarśana, as*, m., N. of a Bodhi-sattva, (also written *ratna-ććhattra-kūṭa-sandarśana*.) — *Ratna-khaćita, as, ā, am*, set or studded with gems. — *Ratna-khāni, is*, f. a jewel-mine, mine for precious stones. — *Ratna-garbha, as, ā, am*, holding precious stones, filled with jewels, containing jewels; (*as*), m. the sea; N. of Kuvera; of a Bodhi-sattva; of a commentator on the Vishṇu-Purāṇa; (*ā*), f. the earth. — *Ratna-grīva-tīrtha, am*, n., N. of a place of pilgrimage. — *Ratna-ćandra, as*, m., N. of a god (said to be the guardian deity of a jewel-mine); of a Bodhi-sattva; of a son of Vimbisāra. — *Ratna-ćandrāmati, is*, m. a proper N. — *Ratna-ćūḍa, as*, m., N. of a Bodhi-sattva; of a mythical king. — *Ratna-ćūḍā-paripṛićchā*, f., N. of a work. — *Ratna-ććhattra, am*, n. 'jewel-umbrella,' an umbrella (adorned) with precious stones. — *Ratnaććhattra-kūṭa-sandarśana, as*, m., N. of a Bodhi-sattva. — *Ratnaććhattrābhyudgatāvabhāsa* (°*ra-abh*°, °*ta-av*°), *as*, m., N. of a Buddha. — *Ratna-tejo-'bhyudgata-rāja, as*, m., N. of a Buddha. — *Ratna-traya, am*, n. (with Jainas) 'jewel-triad,' three jewels or excellent things (viz. *samyag-darśana, samyag-jñāna*, and *samyak-ćāritra*). — *Ratnatraya-parīkshā*, f., N. of a treatise on the Vedānta by Apya-dīkshita. — *Ratna-datta, as*, m., N. of various persons. — *Ratna-darpaṇa, as*, m. 'jewel-mirror,' a looking-glass (ornamented) with jewels; N. of a commentary on the Sarasvatī-kaṇṭhābharaṇa. — *Ratna-dīpa, as*, m. 'jewel-lamp,' a lamp in which jewels give out light, a gem serving as a light, (such gems are fabled to be in Pātāla.) — *Ratna-dīpikā*, f., N. of a work. — *Ratna-druma*, (probably) coral; [cf. *ratna-vṛiksha*.] — *Ratnadruma-maya, as, ī, am*, made or composed of coral, resembling coral. — *Ratna-dvīpa*, 'jewel-island, pearl-island,' N. of a particular island. — *Ratna-dhara, as*, m., N. of the father of Jagad-dhara. — *Ratna-dhā, ās, ās, am*, Ved. getting or possessing wealth, possessed of riches or precious things, (*ratnadhā-tama*, superl. possessing great riches.) — *Ratna-dhenu, us*, f. an offering of jewels (properly in the shape of a cow, see *dhenu*). — *Ratna-dheya, am*, n., Ved. the giving away or distribution of wealth, (according to Sāy. also = *dātavyaṃ ratnam*, treasure that ought to be given, and *ramaṇīya-dhanasya dātṛi*, giver of precious wealth.) — *Ratna-dhvaja, as*, m., N. of a Bodhi-sattva. — *Ratna-nadī*, f. 'jewel-river,' N. of a river. — *Ratna-nābha, as*, m. 'having a jewel on the navel,' N. of Vishṇu. — *Ratna-nićaya, as*, m. a heap or collection of jewels, &c. — *Ratna-nidhi, is*, m. 'receptacle of pearls, mine of jewels,' epithet of the śea; of Meru; N. of Vishṇu; a wagtail (in this sense probably for *rata-nidhi*). — *Ratna-parīkshā*, f. 'jewel-testing,' N. of a work. — *Ratna-parvata, as*, m. 'jewel-mountain,' a mountain containing jewels; N. of Meru. — *Ratna-pāṇi, is*, m., N. of a Bodhi-sattva; of a grammarian. — *Ratna-pāla, as*, m., N. of a king. — *Ratna-pura, am*, n., N. of a town. — *Ratna-prakāśa, as*, m., N. of a dictioonary. — *Ratna-pradīpa, as*, m. = *ratna-dīpa*. — *Ratna-prabha, as*, m., N. of a particular class of deities; of a king; (*ā*), f. epithet of the earth; N. of a hell (with Jainas); of various women; of a Nāgī; of the seventh Lambaka of the Kathā-sarit-sāgara. — *Ratna-bāhu, us*, m. 'jewel-armed,' N. of Vishṇu. — *Ratna-bhāj, k, k, k*, distributing gifts or wealth (Ved.); acquiring or possessing jewels, possessing treasures. — *Ratna-bhūta, as, ā, am*, being a gem or jewel. — *Ratna-mañjarī*, f., N. of a Vidyā-dharī; of a woman in the Hitopadeśa. — *Ratna-mati, is*, m. a proper N. — *Ratna-maya, as, ī, am*, made or consisting of jewels, abundantly studded with precious stones. — *Ratna-mālā*, f. a jewel necklace, pearl necklace, &c.; N. of various works; of a lexicon; of a Dharma-śāstra; of a work by Śrī-pati (= *jyotisha-r*°); = *nyāya-ratnamālā*. — *Ratnamālā-vat, ān, atī, at*, having a necklace of jewels or pearls; (*atī*), f., N. of one of Rādhā's female attendants. — *Ratnamālikā*, f. (diminutive fr. *ratna-mālā*), a little jewel necklace. — *Ratna-mālin, ī, inī, i*, adorned with a necklace of jewels. — *Ratna-mukuṭa, as*, m., N. of a Bodhi-sattva. — *Ratna-mukhya, am*, n. 'chief of jewels,' a diamond. — *Ratna-mudrā*, f., N. of a Samādhi. — *Ratna-mudrā-hasta, as*, m., N. of a Bodhi-sattva. — *Ratna-megha-sūtra, am*, n., N. of a Buddhist Sūtra work. — *Ratna-yashṭi, is*, m., N. of a Buddha. — *Ratna-yugma-tīrtha, am*, n., N. of a Tīrtha. — *Ratna-rakshita, as*, m., N. of one of the two translators of the Karaṇḍa-vyūha into Tibetan. — *Ratna-rāj, ṭ*, m. 'jewel-king,' a ruby. — *Ratna-rāji, is*, f. a string of pearls. — *Ratna-rāśi, is*, m. a heap of precious stones, collection of jewels; the sea, ocean. — *Ratna-rekhā*, f., N. of a princess. — *Ratna-lingeśvara* (°*ga-īś*°), *as*, m. (with Buddhists) Svayam-bhū in his visible form. — *Ratna-vat, ān, ati, at*, accompanied with gifts (Ved.); possessing wealth or treasure, abounding in precious stones, decorated with jewels; (*ān*), m., N. of a mountain; (*atī*), f. the earth; N. of various women. — *Ratna-vardhana, as*, m., N. of a person (who erected a statue of Śiva called after him *ratnavardhaneśa*). — *Ratna-varman, ā*, m., N. of a merchant. — *Ratna-varsha, as*, m., N. of a king of the Yakshas. — *Ratna-varshuka, am*, n., N. of the mythical car Pushpaka (supposed to rain or pour forth jewels; see *pushpaka*). — *Ratna-viśuddha, as*, m., N. of a world. — *Ratna-vṛiksha*, (probably) coral. — *Ratna-śalākā*, f. a sprout or sprig of jewels. — *Ratna-śāstra, am*, n., N. of a work by Agastya. — *Ratna-śikhara, as*, m., N. of a Bodhi-sattva. — *Ratna-śikhin, ī*, m., N. of a Buddha. — *Ratna-śekhara, as*, m., N. of the author of the Guṇa-sthāna-prakaraṇa. — *Ratna-shashṭhī*, f. the sixth day of a particular fortnight. — *Ratna-saṅgraha, as*, m., N. of a work on law. — *Ratna-saṅghāta, as*, m. a number or collection of jewels. — *Ratnasaṅghāta-maya, as, ī, am*, made or consisting of a number of jewels. — *Ratna-samudgala*, N. of a Samādhi. — *Ratna-sambhava, as*, m., N. of a Dhyānī-buddha; of a Buddha; of a Bodhi-sattva; of the place where the Buddha Śaśi-ketu is to appear. — *Ratna-sāgara, as*, m., N. of a work. — *Ratna-sānu, us*, m., N. of the mountain Meru. — *Ratna-sū, ūs, ūs, u*, producing jewels; (*ūs*), f. the earth. — *Ratna-sūti, is*, f. the earth. — *Ratna-sena, as*, m., N. of a king. — *Ratna-svāmin*, N. of a temple founded by Ratna. — *Ratna-havis, is*, n., Ved., N. of a particular oblation in the Rāja-sūya having reference to whatever may be reckoned among a king's most valuable treasures. — *Ratnākara* (°*na-ā*°), *as*, m. a jewel-mine; the sea, ocean; N. of a Buddha; of a Bodhi-sattva; of a poet; of the author of the Vrata-kalpa-druma; of various other persons; of a horse descended from Uććaiḥ-śravas; of various works; of a Dharma-śāstra; of a work on music; of a work on rhetoric; of a town, (in this sense probably *am*, n.) — *Ratnākara-nighaṇṭa, as*, m., N. of a dictionary. — *Ratnāṅka* (°*na-an*°), *as*, m., N. of Vishṇu's car. — *Ratnāṅgurīyaka* (°*na-an*°), *am*, n. a finger-ring (set) with precious stones, (also written *ratnāṅguliyaka*.) — *Ratnāḍhya* (°*na-āḍh*°), *as, ā, am*, abounding in jewels. — *Ratnā-devī*, f., N. of a princess. — *Ratnādri* (°*na-ad*°), *is*, m., N. of a mythical mountain. — *Ratnādhipati* (°*na-adh*°), *is*, m. a superintendent of treasures or valuables; N. of a king. — *Ratnā-pura, am*, n., N. of a town. — *Ratnābharaṇa* (°*na-ābh*°), *am*, n. an ornament made of jewels. — *Ratnārćis* (°*na-ar*°), *is*, m., N. of a Buddha. — *Ratnāloka* (°*na-āl*°), *as*, m. the lustre or brilliance of a gem. — *Ratnā-vati*, f., N. of a town. — *Ratnāvabhāsa* (°*na-av*°), *as*, m., N. of a Kalpa. — *Ratnāvalī* (°*na-āv*°), f. a string of pearls, row of jewels, pearl necklace; N. of a particular rhetorical figure; of various women; of a celebrated comedy by Harsha-deva; of a Tantra work; of various other works. — *Ratnāvalī-nibandha, as*, m., N. of a work. — *Ratnāsana* (°*na-ās*°), *am*, n. a throne ornamented with jewels. — *Ratnendra* (°*na-in*°), *as*, m. 'jewel-chief,' a very precious jewel. — *Ratneśvara* (°*na-īś*°), *as*, m., N. of various persons; (*am*), n., N. of a Liṅga. — *Ratnottamā* (°*na-ut*°), f., N. of a Tantra deity. — *Ratnodbhava* (°*na-ud*°), *as*, m., N. of a Buddhist saint. — *Ratnolkā* (°*na-ul*°), f., N. of a Tantra deity.

Ratnaka, as, m. a proper N.

Ratnin, ī, inī, i, Ved. having gifts, receiving presents or offerings, possessing treasures, having precious things, (Sāy. = *ramaṇīya-dhana-vat* or *ramaṇīya-phala-vat*, having valuable riches or rewards); epithet of certain persons in whose dwelling the Ratna-havis (q. v.) is offered by a king.

रत्नि *ratni, is*, m. f. (a corrupted form of *aratni*), the elbow; a measure of length (= the distance from the elbow to the end of the closed fist, a cubit); (*is*), m. the closed fist. — *Ratni-prishṭhaka, am*, n. the elbow.

रत्यङ्ग *raty-aṅga*. See under *rati*, p. 833.

रथ *ratha, as*, m. (according to some fr. rt. 4. *ṛi*, according to Uṇādi-s. II. 2. fr. rt. *ram*, according to Nirukta IX. 11. fr. rt. *raṅh*), a two-wheeled vehicle, carriage, car, chariot, war-chariot; a vehicle or equipage in general, (applied also to the vehicles of the gods; in Ved. applied sometimes to the driver as well as the vehicle, but according to Sāy. on Ṛig-veda V. 63, 7. *ratha* = *raṇhaṇa-sva-*